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Protection of the second

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Wednesday January 20 1988

World News Business Summary

Israelis Sterling invoke Drug in \$2bn Roche emergency defence powers

israell Police Minister Haim
Bar-Lev invoked emergency
powers authorising police to
impose curfewa in Arab east
Jerusalem in an attempt to combat an anti-Israeli uprising.

Meanwhile, Defence Minister
Yitzhak Rabin banned outside
food shipments to Palestinians
in the occupied West Bank and
Gaza Strip and said the first
priority of security forces was
to use "might, power and beatlings" to crush Arab unrest.
Attempt to end strike, Page 3

Reagan to resume

Reagan to resume

Tresident Ronald Reagan was
to resume airdrops of military
supplies to Nicaraguan Contra
rebels and would seek more
funds for the insurgents in a
request to Congress later this
month, the White House said.

Tha amnouncemant came as

TOLIAR closed in New York at

to hold face-to-face ceasefire talks with the Sandinista Gov-ernment of Nicaragua. Page 24

Nicaraguan arrests

Governor impeached

Rebeis free prisoners

About 150,000 South Koreans

stagad demonstrations in

Chonju and Chunchon against the alleged North Korean bomb-

ing of a South Korean airliner.
Amnesty plan, Page 3

Argentine detainees

Soviet immigrants

achment proceed

The announcement came as Contra leaders in Miami agreed

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM1.6795, Y128.60, FFr5.6640, SFr1.3685, It closed in London at DM1.6760 (DM1.6805); FFr5.6520 (FFr5.6725); SFr1.3655 (SFr1.3705); Y128.55 (Y130.05), Page 35

first resolving differences over the Strategic Defence Initiative, chief US arms negotiator Max privatisation of Milan investment bank Mediobanca. Page 2

Belgian air sirikes

Belgian air tieffic controllers

Belgian air tieffic controllers

Belgian air tieffic controllers

Source to \$397m, up 130 per

two-hour strikes to protest

against low manning levels.

TAPAN'S

JAPAN'S money supply grew by 11.5 per cent in December, bringing the rate for 1987 as a whole to 10.4 per cent, com-pared with 8.7 per cent in 1986. ings were

due to open against Governor page 8. Evan Mechani of Arizona, former car salesman, accused of EUBOPEAN Community perjury, fraud and concealing a rebuffed most of Romania's \$350,000 campaign contributions.

Feace moves rejected
Kampruchea's Khmer Rouge 5400m of soft loans to help guerrillas denounced Vietnam or four thermal power stations. Said they would fight until Page 4
Hanoi's forces left the country.

Rebels from

UK Chancellor of the Exche-quer Nigel Lawson will have opportunity to lower the basic Tamil rebels raided a jail in rate of tax from 27p to 25p in the March 16 Budget, with the 55 Moslem and Tamil prisoners.

S. Koreans protest

About 150 000 South Research

VIDEOTEON of Quebec, Can-ada's second largest cable tele-vision operator, is discussing taking a 49 per cent stake worth more than £100m (\$178m) in UK media magnate Robert Maxwell's British Cable Services. Page 25

Argentina's Ministry of Defence SVENSKA Cellulosa, Sweden's said 272 members of the army second largest forestry and including 50 officers had been paper products group, is to buy detained following the revolt Peaudouce, leading French disled by Col Aldo Rico. Trouble posable nappy producer, for brews, Page 24

EL HELAL Investment Com-

AIDS vaccine problem

Efforts to create a vaccine against AIDS had run into difficulties and the disease would remain a global threat for many years, French specialist Professor Luc Montagnier said.

EL HEIAL Investment Company. Islamic investment house, has collapsed and, according to a Cairo magazine, its head has disappeared with remain a global threat for many years, French specialist Professor Luc Montagnier said.

OLYMPUS Optical, leading largered in the leading largered in the leading of the leading largered in the leading of the leading largered in the leading larger largered in the leading largered in the leading largered in the largered la OLYMPUS Optical, leading Japanese maker of cameras, microscopes and optical medi-cal equipment, suffered a 32.7

Shevardnadze warns N-arms pause threatens peace

BY DAVID MARSH IN BONN

disarmament could endanger peace.

Speaking at the end of a tance of the US, Britain and two-day visit to Bonn, he also France to countenance "folcriticised the unwillingness of low-on" talks on reducing Britain and France to bring their nuclear forces into further rounds of disarmament.

Mr Shevardnadze, in a clear move to expose present divisions in Nato over the next steps in arms control following last month's accord on scrapping medium-range nuclear missiles, praised the West German Government for wanting to construction.

MR Eduard Shevardasdze, the time the pace of arms reductions.

Soviet Foreign Minister, yesterday said the "panse" proposed by Nato in European nuclear to the reluctance of other Nato disarmament, could endanger peace.

Clearly referring to the reluctions of the US. Britain and limitary said that agreeeign Ministry said that agreement to the trip did not elgulfy any change in Moscow's attitude to Israel.

Mr Shevardnadze paid tribute to the "great political impor-tance" of his talks with leading politicians and industrialists in

Underlining the sharp improvement in relations

between Moscow and Bonn dur-ing the past 12 months, he public opinion, spoke strongly hailed West Germany's role in in favour of a world-wide ban

what he called the present in development and production "upheavai" in international of chemical weapons. He criticised the US and France for preparing production of new types of chemical weapons.

The two sides agreed to hold annual consultations between foreignb ministers. However, Mr. Sheuperhoader death West.

D 8523 A

annual consultations between foreignb ministers. However, Mr Shevardnadze dashed West German hopes that Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, would come to Bonn in the first half of the year.

Discussions over a meeting with Chancellor Helmut Kohl of West Germany would be put off until later in 1988, he said.

Mr Shevardnadze, clearly focusing on the strong disarma-

Standard Chartered bid defence 'did not break law'

AN OFFICIAL Investigation has found that Standard Chartered, the London-based international

informed of the investigation's outcome and was proposing to take no further action.

Standard Chartered itself requested the investigation in February last year after what it described last night as "persistent adverse press commentary" about its successful defence against the Lloyds bid. The commentary culminated in an article in the Financial

day.

Much of the press comment centered on the roles played in Standard Chartered's bid defence by a number of defence by a number to wealthy investors who came to be known as its "white squires." They included SIr Yue-Kong Pao, the Hong Kong shipping magnate, Mr Robert Holmes a Court, the Anstralian businessman, and Tan Sri Khoo Teck Puat, the Malaysian finan-

The Lloyds bid failed on July 12 1986, after the white squires

Journalists snbsequently raised the question of whether or not Standard Chartered might have provided financial inducements to friendly buyers of its shares. The group strenuously denied any such suggestions

Standard Chartered has a libel action pending against the Financial Times based on its

"Although we remain concerned about the uncertainties in the worldwide economy as we mova into 1988, we are planning for growth."

Pre-tax earnings rose 29 per cent to \$3.28bn in the quarter from \$2.54bn a year earlier. But a tax rate of 36.4 per cent, some six percentage points

"Although we remain concerned to \$3.2 per cent to \$5.8 per cent to \$3.2 per cent to \$54.22bn from \$51.25bn.

On that day, Standard Chartered approached the Bank of England, and asked it to appoint investigators under section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Peter Gerrard, a solicitor, and Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Peter Gerrard, a solicitor, and Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Peter Gerrard, a solicitor, and Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Peter Gerrard, a solicitor, and Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Peter Gerrard, a solicitor, and Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 17 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 18 of the section 19 of the section 19 of the 1979 Banking Act. The Bank appointed Mr Brian Smouha, an accounting a section 19 of the secti

Continued on Page 24

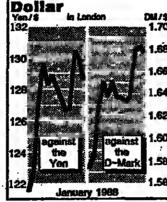
IBM earnings Sustained Japanese leap fails to trade surplus with **US** subdues markets

BY CARLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO AND SIMON HOLBERTON IN LONDON

THE BIG US trade imbalance in favour of Japan is showing no sign of shrinking, according to figures issued in Tokyo yester-

The Nicaraguan government arrested five prominent conservative politicians for holding an allegedly illegal meeting with US-backed Contras, as President Daniel Ortega was about to formally decree an end to a six-year-old state of emergency.

Salvador poli target



dollar in the weeks and months ahead, despite the positive trade figures released by the

declines in share prices in London and price falls in New York by midsession.

The trade figures released by the fears over further dollar weakness of the US last week.

The trade imbalance with the US continues to be a timere of the US sort friction between the US continues to be a timere of the US sort friction between the US continues to be a timere of the US sort friction between the US and Japan, with the Japanese claiming that the problem canness in the pear, not be solved until the US advanced by only 8.2 per cent.

Even though in yen terms there was a fall in the surplus, aralysts in Tokyo believe the trend shown in the latest figures reduces its huge fiscal deficit. The US says Japan should be solved until the US at DM1.6806 on Monday and at Y128.55 compared with Japan is doing just that, but the Japan is doing just that the Japan is doing just that the Japan is doing just that the Japanese claiming that the Japanese cl

was 25 per cent in 1987, Indee Japan's overall exports in 1987 rose 9.6 per cent over 1986, while imports rose by 18.2 per

As a result, Japan's overall trade surplus last year was \$79.8bn, down from \$82.7bn in 1986, a 3.5 per cent decline and the first drop in five years. In yen terms, the 1987 figure was Y11,597bn against Y13,739bn in 1986.

The release of the Japanese trade figures has caused finan-cial markets to reassess their initial optimism over last Fri-day's US trade statistics.

The threat of central bank intervention to defend the dollar has kept foreign exchange markets in check, although the

dollar began to weaken in late European trading. Equity markets were also in the doldrums. Dealers said fears over further dollar weak-

S African sanctions will hinder reform, says study

A COMPREHENSIVE assess- economy and the vulnerability review developments in South ment of sanctions against South of neighbouring states.

Africa published today concludes that they will impede tion to the divisions within the reform and debate in the country, are unlikely to unseat the its of the policy and the anoma-Government, and could well lies of the measures already in

lead to a partitioned country in an increasingly violent region. The 170-page report by aca-demic Ms Merle Lipton and pub-lished by the Economist Intelli-gence Unit In London, a research subsidiary of the Economist magazine, is likely to provoke renewed debate about the merits of a controversial

Ms Lipton, a South African working for the Investor Responsibility Research Centre,

place. Above all, it raises doubts about whether sanctions

will have a constructive political impact The study seems certain to reinforce the anti-sanctions stance of Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, and presents a serious challenge to advocates of tougher economic measures

against the republic.

The report comes ahead of a meeting of foreign ministers from eight Commonwealth countries in Lusaka, Zambia, at

The ministers, from Australla, Canada, Guyana, India, Nigeria, Tanzania, Zambla and Zimbabwe, will consider further measures against Pretoria. Ms Lipton says that while

comprehensive sanctions might contribute to a gradual erosion of white control, they would also "erode those economic bonds that have drawn together bonds that have drawn together the diverse people of South Africa...making more possible partition, against a background of growing violence."
The report says the growth of a large black urban workforce and middle class makes South African society more closely integreted than the Government.

integrated than the Governmen Uncertain impact, Page 4

an independent research body from eight Commonwealth in Wasbington, highlights the countries in Lusaka, Zambia, at resilience of the South African the beginning of next month to Société Générale plan blocked

An American couple from Pennsylvania were granted permission to take np residence in the Soviet Union as political emigres.

Le Matin bows out

France's bankrupt Le Matin newspaper appeared for the last time on the newsstands.

Le Matin bows out trial holding group, at FFr110 (\$19) a share, last time on the newsstands.

Le Couple from Pennsylvania were granted permission price cent drop in earnings to per cent drop in earnings to day in his attempt to take lideas for possibly bringing Beleffective control of Societé Génerale into his price de Belgiqua, Belgiqua, Belgiqua, Belgiqua, Belgiqua, Brussels court blocked the tarprivatisation price of Matra, electronics and armaments group, at FFr110 (\$19) a share.

This came on a day which owned 18.6 per cent of its saw indications that a camp of equity and intended to make a "white knights" may be rallying partial offer for the rest, had

MR CARLO DE BENEDETTI, behind the beleaguered Belgian the Italian businessman, institution while the Italian received a major boost yester-businessman also spelt ont

been to announce plans for Issuing BFr50bn (\$1:88bn) of new shares into friendly hands, a move which would signifi-cantly dilute his stake.

Continued on Page 24

Mr de Benedetti had disclosed that he spoke for 18.6 per cent of the holding company's equity and intended to make a partial offer for the rest.
Carus, Mr De Benedetti's Paris-based financial holding company which masterminded the

INCHES TOWARDS A PEACE SETTLEMENT

Prince Sihanouk's coalition Government may be the alternative to Vietnamese occupation, Page 28 Europe: Action urged to create common EC: Banking plan receives sceptical Management: Eskom plugs the supply

Editorial comment: A voice for Hong Kong, Affair of Arms in Argentina ..

UK Stock Exebange: How October's storms were weathered . Lex: Calor; Standard Chartered; Equity

impress Wall St

INTERNATIONAL Business with a 9.2 per cent rise in the Machines yesterday reported a sharp jump in fourth quarter lts first signs of recovery after profits, the best evidence yet that tha world's largest computer maker is recovering from ond running that 1BM has the poor performance which dogged it through the mld-1980s.

Wall Street reacted coolly to the results, even though profits were in the middle of forecasts. IBM shares closed down \$6 at \$111\% after analysts noted a strong sales of its new personal.

some of them to downgrade their investment ratings of the stock to a "hold" from a "buy."

Mr John Akers, chairman, said the results showed the company's efforts to make company's efforts to make the next decade.

Net profits for the full year were \$5.26bn, or \$8.72 a share, up 9.8 per cent from \$4.79bn, or \$7.81, a year earlier. The latest profits included \$615m, or \$1.02 in currency gains. Revenues rose 5.8 per cent to cerned about the uncertainties \$4.22bn from \$51.25bn.

But a tax rate of 36.4 per cent, some six percentage points lower than forecast, contributed to a 50 per cent rise in net profits to \$2.09bn, or \$3.47 a share, from \$1.39bn, or \$2.28.

The net position was also boosted by a gain of \$320m, or 53 cents a share, from translation of foreign substitutions. It is a specific to \$46.48bn in the year.

tion of foreign subsidiaries' earnings into dollars.

slill 4 after analysts noted a number of negative factors.

IBM had, for example, used an unxpectedly low tax rare, benefited from foreign currency translations and suffered slower growth of hardware sales.

IBM was mobiled good proof.

IBM was making good progthe blggest gain, rising 29 per
ress overall, analysts said, but cent to \$2,28bn. The company
the question marks raised In is making a big push in softthe fourth quarter prompted ware, hoping revenues will
some of them to downgrade match those from hardware in

In the past two years, the group has cut its workforce. Moreover, hardware sales through early retirement, by rose only 5.2 per cent to about 16,000 employees to \$12.9bn in the latest quarter 390,000. It also reassigned from a year earlier, compared about 21,000 employees

the London-based international bank, did not break the law while defending itself in 1986 against a hostile £1.3bn (£2.3bn) takeover bid from Lloyds Bank, the Bank of England said yesterday. There were no grounds for action against Standard Chartered under the Banking Act, the Bank of England added. It said the Department of Trade and Industry had also been informed of the investigation's outcome and was proposing to

an article in the Financial Times on February 4 1987, Standard Chartered said yester-

In effect came to Standard Chartered's rescue by buying more than 30 per cent of its stock.

among the white squires directed at gaining control of Standard Chartered, and they therefore dld not form a so-called "concert party."
The investigators also concluded there was "no provision

the speciment of the second This appoundment appears as a matter of record only. 24th December 1987

Aynsley

Management Buy-out of **Aynsley Group Limited**

for

£17,500,000

Equity and Mezzanine Finance Arranged by

County NatWest Ventures Limited

Equity provided by

County NatWest Ventures Limited Midland Montagu Ventures Limited Kleinwort Benson Development Capital Limited Investors in Industry ple

Mezzanine provided by County NatWest Ventures Limited Kleinwort Benson Limited Investors in Industry plc

Senior Debt and Working Capital Facility Arranged and Underwritten by **County NatWest Limited**

> Provided by NatWest Investment Bank Limited Kleinwort Benson Limited National Westminster Bank PLC

& The NatWest Investment Bank Group

THE RESIDENCE AS A COMPANY OF A STREET OF THE PARTY OF TH

CONTENTS-Companies

Companies Companies World Trade -8-10 Britain Companies .

Financial Futures. Intl. Capital Markets Money Markets Unit Tracts Weather



KAMPUCHEA

UK public expenditure: A diet for Levia-

Moscow agrees to visit by Israeli officials

BY CHARLES HODGSON IN MOSCOW AND ANDREW WHITLEY IN JERUSALEM

THE SOVIET UNION said vesterday it had agreed in princi-ple to allow a group of Israeli officials to visit Moscow, the first such trip since the Kremlin severed diplomatic relations with Israel during the 1967 Middle East war.

Mr Gennady Gerasimov, the Soviet Foreign Ministry spokes-man, said no date had been set for the visit, which is officially intended to allow the Israelis to atudy the work of the Israeli interests section of the Dutch Embassy in Moscow.

The announcement represents a further sign of cautious rapprochement between Israel and the Soviet Union, and It coinclided with last night's arrival in Israel of Mr Yosef Begun, a prominent Soviet Jewish activist who has fought for 16 years for the right to emigrate. Mr Gerasimov was, however, quick to stress that agreement to the trip did not signify any change in Moscow'a attitude towards Israel. The announcement represents

The restoration of diplomatic relations is only possible in the framework of a comprehensive Middle East settlement," he said.

Mr Gerasimov said the visit was discussed at previously unannounced talks yeaterday between Soviet and Israeli officials in Helsinki. He added that

the Soviet delegate had reiterated Moscow's condemnation of Israel's unlawful acts against the Palestinian people on the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

The Soviet Union supported calls for a Middle East peace conference with the participation of regional parties and the five permanent members of the United Nations Security Council M. Carroiners said

cil, Mr Gerasimov said.

A Soviet consular delegation has been in Israel since last July, officially to inspect Soviet property, mostly religious sites, and to provide consular services to former Soviet citizens. vices to former Soviet citizens. Earlier thia month, Israel extended the Soviet mission's visas, following a request from Moscow, in the hope that the Kremlin would permit a reciprocal visit. This had been ruled out by the Soviet Union at the time its delegation arrived in Land and Mr. Gerssimov said Israel and Mr Gerasimov said yesterday that the Israeli visit was "without any linkage to the group of Soviet consular workers in Tel Aviv."

Last October, Mr Shimon Peres, the Israeli Foreign Minis-ter, rejected a proposal from his Soviet counterpart, Mr Eduard Shevardnadze for the mutual establishment of inter-

Farm ministers fail to agree land plan

night completed their first thorough discussion of the Commission's plan for a "set aside" with the Brussels executive, scheme, under which farmers that the idea of idling land in would be paid for taking arable this way is "complementary to land out of production.

But there was no sign of a clpline,

But there was no sign of a clpline,

Mr Ignaz Kiechle, the West

All member states now accept, some albeit reluctantly, that the Commission's "set

But important differences remain on the details, notably how the plan would be the "set aside" scheme, but But important differences arranegements should be made critical.

EUROPE'S Farm ministers last Commission's budget stabiliser proposals, and Britain and the steps towards more market dis-

But there was no sign of a decisive breakthrough on this or any other proposed measure of Common Agricultural Policy reform.

States now Mr Ignaz Kiechle, the west German Farm Minister and Fresident of the Council for the first six months of the year, was reported to be trying to the colleagues in favour of the Bonn approach.

that the Commission's set aside" idea is a necessary element of the wider package of measures aimed at controlling farm spending.

But Mr John MacGregor, Britain's Farm Minister, said it was "quite clear that there are number of member states who do not share this idea."

financed, what to do with the added: "We continue to think "idle" land, and what special that stabilisers are absolutely

or small farmers.

Ministers last night turned
The most significant split is their attention to French and between West Germany, which German ideas for the cereals would like the set aside scheme and oil seeds sectors. The round to be a substitute for the auto- of discussions is likely to finish matic price cuts implied by the this afternoon

French group accused of arms sales fraud

FRENCH CUSTOMS lodged an SNPE was part of a cartel of official complaint yesterday Western explosives makers against a state-owned arms which made illegal exports to company accused of selling more than 1,000 tonnes of According to these documents. company accused of selling frammore than I,000 tonnes of According to these docu-explosives to iran in defiance of an embargo, Reuter reports from Paris.

According to these docu-ments, SNPE sold 800 tonnes of propellant powder, which is used to manufacture artillery

In a atatement, the customs administration and the National Powder and Explosives Company (SNPE) had committed fraud by giving bogus destinations for its

and other munitions, and 250 tonnes of explosives to Iran through a Swedish middleman

The statement did not name
Iran, but documents published
by Swedish customs allege that

which is fighting seven-year-old
France has a seifembargo on Iran

Soviet plan to employ redundant workers

SOVIET FACTORIES which are soviet facturities which are forced to make workers redundant as a result of Mr Mikhaii Gorbachev's economic reforms will have to find them alternative employment under a plan outlined yesterday.

The Communist party news-

paper, Pravda, announced that a nationwide network of job placement centres, financed by placement centres, financed by enterprises, is to be set up. Besides belping redundant workers find employment, it workers find employment, it will also arrange vocational training and job retraining.
Under the latest phase of Mr Gorbachev's reform programme, 60 per cent of the country's industries are to switch to "self-financing" this year, earning enough to meet their own costs without relying on atate subsidies. Officials have said that those failing to do so will in the last resort be allowed to go bankrupt. allowed to go bankrupt.

Many are expected to have to

make substantial cuts in their bloated workforces to stay in business. Factory managers have traditionally tended to hoard workers and raw materi-

In a related effort to slim In a related effort to slim down the country's weighty central bureaucracy, ministries and other state administrative bodies have been told to cut ataff by up to half this year. The administration is being streamlined and the functions of several ministries and state bodies merged.

Under the new decree, enter-prises would have to give workers at least two months notice of redundancy and help them find similar work in the same area. Those iosing their jobs would receive their previous salary for up to three months and during any retraining. The Government has rejected

unemployment as politically unacceptable, despite pressure from economists who have argued that a limited unemployment level would bring greater economic efficiency.

Prayda insisted that every worker would still be guaran teed a job and that efforts would be made to limit wage losses and the period between tobs.

The authorities appear keen to promote labour mobility, particularly to the developing regions in the north, Siberia, Central Asia and the non-black soil farmlands of the Russian

They also want to encourage more of those made redundant in industry to join co-operatives or set up their own small businesses, a sector which so far appears to have attracted only

Crucial questions remain to be answered in the decree, most notably whether workers will be forced to take jobs they do not want and in areas where they do not wish to live. In addition to wide regional variaaddition to wide regional varia-tions, certain sectors of the economy, such as services and food processing which are nei-ther very well-paid nor very attractive, also face huge labour shortages.

There is also the key question

of bousing. At present, most workers are allocated flats by their factories, and the pros-pect of moving from the top of a housing list at their existing workplace to near the bottom somewhere else is unlikely to

prove appealing.

The local authorities will decide how many job centres each area needs and where they These were used to make anti-aircraft munitions for Iran, which is fighting Iraq in the seven-year-old Gulf War. France has a seif-imposed arms embargo on Iran

market crash.

They also point out that the financial standards set out in

HIGH LEVEL GROUP URGES DECISIVE ACTION ON ECU AND DEFENCE

Europe pressed to create common currency

THE Action Committee for Europe, the club of leading political and economic figures in the 12 countries of the European Community, has called for a qualitative leap forward in the construction of Europe, in both economic and monetary union and defence.

In the first place, the Commit-In the first place, the Committee urges the transformation of the European currency unit into a true common currency and the creation of a common authority to manage it. In the second, it calls for the development of a European piliar within Nato by strengthening and enlarging the seven-nation Western European Union defence grouping.

In both cases, the Committee recognises that its recommendations would require treaties to be renegotiated.

be renegotiated.

Yesterday's declaration was based partly on the stock market crash of last October, partly on the US-Soviet missile treaty signed in December. "On the global scale," it says, "these events have shown that as long as our countries will not form a portionate to its role in the avoidance of the recurrence in finitation," it says, "require a monetary authority capable of taking the necessary decisions."

The Committee points out that in trade matters the Community has an influence proportionate to its role in the true union, their influence on the course of events will remain weak and our destiny will depend upon the action of oth-



Committeemen Heath, FitzGerald, Fabius: "As long as our countries are not a true union, their influence will be weak."

A strengthening of the European Monetary System, the Committee argues, will be a necessary concomitant of the ECa plans for the complete lib-The Committee is a revival of the Action Committee for the United States of Europe created by Jean Monnet, one of the founding fathers of the EC. It was resuscitated in 1985 at the instigation of Max Kohnstamm, for many years one of Mr Monnet Monnet Monnet Max Monnet Monn was resuscitated in 1985 at the instigation of Max Kolmstamm, for many years one of Mr Monnet's closest associates. Among its current members are Mr Edward Heat, Mr Lanrent risks becoming a potential factor of monetary instability. Exchange rate stability and

"Exchange rate stability and the avoidance of the recurrence of inflation," it says, "require a monetary authority capable of taking the necessary decisions."

The Committee points out that in trade matters the Committee and inflatence are inflatenced. world, because it speaks with one voice within the Gatt. "In monetary matters, this will not happen as long as the Ecu has not become a true currency and



our countries do not dispose of a common authority to manage Recognising the difficulty of aetting up such a common authority, the Committee is to set up a special working group to make detailed proposals. This will take account both of the memorandum on strengthening the EMS made by Mr Edouard Balladur, the French Finance Minister, and of sug-gestions expected soon from the Committee for Monetary Union, chaired by former President Valery Giscard d'Estaing and former Chancellor Helmut

> Mr Balladur has spoken recently of the need for the Community to consider creating a European central bank and a currency. Though his memoran-dum has not been published, a recent newspaper interview suggests his proposals fall into

First, all EC members would participate in the EMS exchange rate mechanism (ERM) and with the same 2.25 per cent fluctuation margin around their central rate; and the USI. The working group takes for granted that France will not take policy objectives would be jointly decided by the member states. Second, in order to secure a common European posture vis-a-vis the dollar and the yen, the Community should work towards a common currency and central bank.

The working group takes for granted that France will not rejoin Nato's integrated command, but calls for various forms of closer military co-opture vis-a-vis the dollar and the work towards a commen currency and central bank.

of France and West Germany should "constitute a common sign of wishing to take Britain into the ERE; and only last week Chancellor Helmut Kohl of West Germany rejected the central bank idea.

On the defence front, the Action Committee calls on WEU

member states (France, West Germany, Britain and Benchix) to call an intergovernmental conference "to draft the necessary changes in the WEU treaty to specify the rights and obligations of the European member states who desire to ereste together the European pillar which will operate within the Atlantic Aliance."

Atlantic Alliance."

A detailed report by a working group argues that the rights and obligations should include "the equitable sharing of budgetary efforts in matters of defence and security. The WEU's role should also be enlarged so as to draw up "common positions on strategy, on arms control and arms reduction, as well as on external European security problems". These common positions These common positions "should become the basis for discussions within the Alliance" [i.e. between the Europeans

rency and central bank.

The chance of progress on the proposals of either Mr Balladur or the Action Committee does not seem particularly promising. Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, shows should "constitute a common should constitute a common should be a common

Athens and Ankara at odds before talks

BY ANDRIANA IERODIACONOU IN ATHEMS

VERBAL skirmishing has flared Ankara: Mr Mesut Yilmaz, Tur-between Athens and Ankara in key's new Foreign Minister, the run-up to an expected meeting between the Greek and Turkish Prime Ministers, Mr Greece undisputed matters like co-operation in tourism, comunications and trade.

Turgut Ozal at the end of this month at Davos in Switzerland.

Greece last weekend denied press speculation that it would force the right to extend its ter. forgo the right to extend its territorial waters from six to 12 miles, in exchange for Mr Ozal's agreement to a Greek proposal to refer a Continental Shelf dispute in the Aegean to the International Court of Justice at the Hague.

Turkey has said in the past that a Greek extension to 12 officials say that the purpose of miles would be cause for war, the voyage is to conduct and at the weekend it said it research into pollution and has would "vigorously defend its

would "vikorously defend its

watershed in relations between the two countries, said Mr Yil-

interests" in such an event. The talks. So long as the ships activ-two countries came closed to ities are confined to poliution armed confrontation last spring studies in international waters, following a dispute over undersea oil exploration rights.

Jim Bodneger adds from voyage.

Imports rise hits Greek balance of payments

BY ANDRIANA TERODIACONOU to the latest Bank of Greece
balance of payments figures.

The authorities still predict,
however, that they will achieve
without significant deviation
the deficit target of \$1.25bn for
1987, the last year of a twoyear economic stabilisation programme based on a tight
incomes policy.

November import costs regis-

GREECE'S current account defi- tered a 46.4 per cent increase cit deteriorated suddenly last relative to the same month in November, due to a sharp rise 1986, attributed by the Bank to in imports coupled with a fall an increase in international in invisible earnings, according crude oil prices, as well as high to the latest Bank of Greece mon-oil imports.

Pressure on Polish price policy

THE prices and incomes policy planned for this year by Poland's government led by Mr Zbigniew Messner is

coming under pressure from officially approved unions out to maintain real income levels in 1988.
Also the Government has been told by deputies to make spending cuts worth ZL 100 bn in this year's bud-

get which comes up for final approval in parliament tomorrow.

Lesterday Mr. Jerry Urban, the official spokes man, admitted that "intensive debates" were continu-ing inside the Government on these issues and that its proposals would be revealed soon. Already a, group of academic advisers in parliament has pointed out that despite this year's expected 44 per cent infla-tion rate the gap between supply and demand would continue to grow and not

continue to grow and not diminish. The same group has warned that the budget deficit this year would approach record levels reached in 1981, while subsidies were increasing and the external debt was also due to rise from \$36.7bn at the end of this year to \$37.7bn 12 months hence. \$37.7bn 12 months hence.
Last week as the official trade unions called for a monthly wage increase of Zi 6,750 to cover the cost of the price rises, Mr Januar Pawlowski, the Social Affairs Minister, more than doubled the Government's initial offer and mentioned ZI 5,000 as compensation.

Netherlands seeks to restrain overspending

THE Dutch Government yesterday unveiled plans to tighten to stop overspending that this year threatens to shatter the hudget deficit goal.

If H Onno Ruding, Finance Minister, wrote to parliament outlining the contrarists say.

When the 1988 budget was

outlining the centre-right government's plans to curb subsidy goal was 6.4 per cent of GDP schemes and sharpen budget although Mr Ruding already preparations. The biggest warned then that the gap could schemes and sharpen budget goal was 6.4 per cent of GDP schemes and sharpen budget preparations. The biggest source of runsway spending are so-called "open-ended" subsidy warned then that the gap could grow.

"Open-ended" subsidy schemes account for 34 per cent inset the criteria regardless of of all public spending, with welfare, unemployment and adventured have a scheme account for 34 per cent of all public spending, with welfare, unemployment and adventured have a scheme account for 34 per cent of all public spending. how much money is budgeted. welfare, unemployment and "Overspending "that which educational benefits the most exceeds previous estimates — uncontrollable.

When the 1988 budget was

Mediobanca plan likely to win go-ahead today

ITALIAN parliamentary approval for the partial privatisation of the Milan investment bank Mediobanca is expected to be given today. The go-ahead should remove the uncertainty which has overshadowed the operation since the autumn.

The political parties forming operation since the autumn.

The political parties forming

The political parties forming Mr Giovanni Goria's coalition government reached agreement on Monday regarding the reduction of the state's shareholding the bank. Mr Giuliano of industrial and institutional Mr Giovanni Goria's coalition government reached agreement on Monday regarding the reduction of the state's shareholding in the bank. Mr Giuliano Amato, Treasury Minister, and Mr Luigi Granelli, Minister for State Investments, informed a parliamentary commission of the terms of the agreement.

As a result of the partial privatisation, Italy's three national interest banks, Banca Commerciale Italiana, Credito

Bundesbank reserves hit

THE Bundesbank has cut the value of its foreign currency reserves by about DM7bn (\$4.4bn) because of the sharp fall in the dollar's value at the end of December, Reuter reports from Frankfort.

The Bundesbank did not give precise details, but its weekly return for the last week of December, published yesterday, currency.

East Germany proceeds against activists

West Germany condemned the detentions and the Opposi-tion SPD, which has close con-tacts with the East German party, called for the immediate

from the German Communist leader, Rosa Luxemburg, during a rally commemorating ber

PENANCIAL TIMES Priblished by the Financial Times (Europe) Lis. Frankfust Beauch, represented by E. Happ, Frankfust Beauch, represented by E. Happ, Frankfust Beauch, and, as mumbers of the Beard of Directors, F. Rariow, R.A.Y. McClena, G.T.S. Damer, M.C. Gorman, D.E.P. Palmer, Landen, Primer, Frankfurter Societasts-Druschurei-Gibel, Frankfurter Societasts-Druschurei-Gibel, Frankfurter Main, Raspanish editor, G.D. Ower, Financial Times, Rescion House, Camum Street, Landen ECGP 48V. O The Financial Many Let, 1898.

BY LESLIE COLITT IN EAST BERLIN EAST GERMANY yesterday ordered the formal arrest of at least 25 civil rights supporters who have been in detention since they tried to join an official Communist rally in East Earlin on Sunday. Most of the 100 or more people taken into custody at the same time have been released. The detentions led to growing tensions between the state and the Church was told that three-quarters of the young tensions between the state and the Church was told that three-quarters of the young tensions between the state and the East German Protestant Church which has shielded civil rights activists.

rights activists.

ese of those in custody. Telease of those in custody.

The authorities have launched an Investigation against the six arrested persons for alleged "illegal rioting".

They and others attempted to unfur! banners with a quotation from the German Communist.

a rally commemorating ber murder in 1919.

The East German Communist Party told the Church it was "indignant" over the "misuse" by civil rights supporters of its day of commemoration. Mr

FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 198648, published duly except Sections of helidays, US miscription rates \$365,00 per annum. Second-comp postuper and at New York NY and at additional postupe offices, POSTMASTER, used address change as FINANCIAL TIMES, 44 East 50th Street, New York, NY 10072.

EC's banking plans draw sceptical response can set up a branch or subsidiary in another member state.

As auch, it is held as a key part of the EC a overall drive to cretically restrictive rules. They point to provisions allowing national regulatory authorities to set their own tougher BANKERS ACROSS the European Community are now scru-tinising with a distinctly scepti-cal and jaundiced eye the latest proposals from Brussels for opening their industry to free competition.

ate a genuinely free market by 1992. Yet the reaction from the banking industry itself has been less optimistic.

Among the main worries wake of iast October's stock voiced by the Brussels-based Banking Federation of the Eugeneeus Companyity and the Eugeneeus Companyity and the Standards on provisions for risks on security trading, slipped in at the last minute under British pressure in the wake of iast October's stock market crash.

They also point out that the Eugeneeus Companyity and the The European Commission has presented the scheme, contained in its so-called second banking directive, as a radical and imaginative step towards ending the barriers that now mean any bank has to get clear-ance from different national

European Community and the EC diplomats now digesting this weighty document are that it still leaves too much scope

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the Commission scheme only duplicate separate and wider-rangingwork being carried out under the wing of the Bank for be fro International Settlements and liked. which will eventually produce

cisms raised so are are on octain other managements like bonds and financial options of the scheme finally agreed by the 12 member states by its target of the end of June next other commercial and retail borrowing as well as basic ownich has provoked fundamental miscroments like bonds and financial options but it also proposes that banks' both for clients and on banks' both for clients and clients

rangingwork being carried out under the wing of the Bank for International Settlements and which will eventually produce a code on liquidity, capital bases and other important standards for banks in the US and Japan as well as in Europe.

be free to compete as they already in the pipeline to set common rules for establishing banks' capital base, to control the size of individual big loans what the Commission believes as a proportion of banks' capital base, and to harmonise deposit protection schemes. dards for banks in the US and Japan as well as in Europe.

Japan as well as in Europe.

Elowever, the virtues of a free banking industry — wider choice for customers and industry — wider choice for customers and industry and maybe even iower charges as a result — are as incontestable as motherhood.

And they are also developing fast without Brussels' intervention. Thus most of the criticisms raised so far are on detail rather than principle. Even so.

The Commission will be lucky to get its scheme finally agreed by the end of June.

Among the main worries is that these proposals still leave too much scope for

national authorities to set potentially

restrictive rules, William Dawkins reports

get of the end of June next year.

The heart of the plan is the establishment of a single EC about the list, and argues that automatically enable any bank, European or otherwise, to open branches in other member states once they are established and regulated somewhere in the Community. Their "bome" EC Government would be responsible for regulating their activities, beyond which they would selected and retail borrow-ing and retail borrow-ing and retail borrow-ing and retail borrow-ing and lending. The federation is and objections from West German banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionally own large chunks of their bigman banks which traditionall

another point criticised by the banking federation, which wants banking authorities to be required to follow the EC stan-dards.

Meanwhile, British sensitivi-ties have been inflamed by the scheme's suggestion that there should be a strict limit on the extent to which non-EC banks should be allowed to benefit

from a free market. It says banks from outside the Commu-

nity should not be allowed an EC licence unless their home

countries provide reciprocal access for EC banks. That would be up to the Commission to decide, a process expected to take up to six months.

Critics maintain this is incommended. Critics maintain this is incompatible with a genuinely open market and could even run counter to the EC's own free trade laws. There is also the prospect of, for example, a Japanese bank being prevented from coming to London because another member state's bank meets restrictions in the Tokyo market. The rule might also turn out to be futile in that any foreign bank likely to be foreign bank likely to be affected would sensibly set up in the EC before the directive

takes effect.
The Commission argues that it would be unwise to throw Community banking open to non-European competition just as the EC is embarking on the latest talks on global trade in services in the General Agree-ment on Tariffs and Trade. Cynics, however, point out that it only goes to show that this is one area where the 1992 campaign invites uncomfortable questions over just how much of a free market Brussels really

Japanese money supply up 10.4%

JAPAN'S money supply (M2 plus certificates of deposit) grew by 11.5 per cent in December, year on year, down slightly from the 12.4 per cent rate in November. This brought the money supply growth rate for 1987 as a whole to 10.4 per cent, compared with 8.7 per

cent in 1986. Bank of Japan officials said the December slowdown, the first since June, was due to a drop in the rate of increase in bank lending and to a rise in the collection of corporate taxes.

The central bank has been round. "Cordovez wants to give the Afghan nation to the Bassians in the name of a political settlement," it said. "The Islamic alliance amountees that it is not amountees that it is not

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taxes.
The central bank has been very nervous in recent months that the high money supply growth rate – more than double the rate of Japan's nominal economic growth - would spark a new bout of inflation. However, Japan has been under strong

Japan has been under strong pressure from the US to maintain low interest rates.

Officials from the central bank have seemed somewhat less worried about inflation in recent weeks, probably because of the anti-inflationary effects of the rising value of the yen. Nevertheless, the economy is continuing to grow strongly, so economists expect the concern economists expect the concern about inflation to return if and

when exchange rates stabilise.

The Government's Economic
Planning Agency said there was
a slowdown in overseas orders, out said domestic private sector orders in the fourth quarter would be 3.1 per cent higher than in the third quarter.

Aquino supporters lead in local poll.

CANDIDATES who supported President Corazon Aquino in Monday's local elections in the Monday's local elections in the Philippines appeared to be leading yesterday as results trickled in from about half the country's provinces, Eichard Gourlay reports from Manila.

Candidates who Mrs Aquino endorsed were leading in 25 of the 33 provinces reporting partial results.

SA interest rates up

Five leading South African banks said they would raise their prime lending rates by 0.5 percentage points to 13 per cent percentage points to 13 per cent increasing in the south western figure a few months before. City of Kwangju, in which 193 Last July, Mr Chun endorsed people were officially reported Mr Roh's sudden declaration for democracy.

Afghan rebels spurn UN talks

AFGHAN REBEL leaders said yesterday they would refuse to meet Mr Diego Cordoves, UN mediator, on the eve of talks which the Afghan Government has said could lead to a final settlement to the nine-year.

settlement to the nine-yearold guerrills war, Reuter
reports from Islamabad.
A statement issued for Mr
Younus Khalis, the rebel
alliance chairman, also
called for the Geneva peace
talks sponsored by Mr Cordover to be ahandoned. Mr
Cordover was due in Islamabad today to open the new
round. "Cordovez wants to give the Afghan nation to the Emssians in the name of a political settlement," it

ready to see Cordovez, we are not ready to talk with him."

him."
The statement said Mr
Kaslis was speaking for all
seven parties in the alliance, which is battling the
Soviet-backed government
from Pakistani bases with
Western support.

Israel uses emergency powers

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN RAMALLAH, OCCUPIED WEST BANK

THE ISRAELI Government last ulation...once the shops are moved on the shutters would night invoked sweeping new open, there will be no shortpowers to quell the unrest in ages.

But for all its additional east Jerusalem, the Arab half

The Defence Minister explicition of the property of th

of the city. of the city.

Itly ruled out any possibility of
Police Minister Haim Bar-Lev Israel giving permission to forgave the security forces the eign governments or relief authority to impose curfews agencies to send supplies to the and to cancel the licences of 200,000 Palestinians who shops that stay closed in com-remain under strict pliance with the commercial seven camps in Gaza.

Jerusalem - until now a rela-tively safe haven for Palestin-lan nationalists - would enable the authorities to carry ont overnight arrests under the cover of curiew.

Earlier yesterday, Mr Yitzhak Rabin, the Israeli Defence Min-ister, said he was determined that no outside supplies of food or clothing would be permitted into the occupied territories until the strikes were over. Speaking in Ramallah, during a tour of the West Bank, Mr Rabin derided foreign reports of food shortages in the Paleatinian refugee camps. He said: "There are ample supplies of whatever is needed by the pop-

The Defence Minister explicremain under strict curiew in

"We will not allow any sup-Security sources said the port from the outside (in terms imposition of such laws on east of) commodities: not from countries, or organisations," he said. Mr Rabin said the first prior-

ity of security forces was to use ity of security forces was to use "might, power and beatings" to crush Arab unrest. Israeli soldiers armed with hammers and crowbars yesterday toured the centres of leading West Bank towns compelling shopkeepers to open up in a determined effort to break the strike which has abut down most West Bank and East Jerusalem shops.

sight, and as soon as the patrols

efforts yesterday, the army failed to make an appreciable dent in the shutdown which is steadily becoming the protest organisers' most potent weapon in their unrelenting confrontation with the Israeli authorities. In Nablus, the largest West Bank town, with a population of over 80,000, the normally

bustling centre was deserted. As troops in full combat gear patrolled the streets in jeeps and on foot, it was evident that more heed was being paid by local townspeople to the anonymous telephone callers warning them to close their shops and stay indoors than to the warnings of Mr Rabin.
The owner of a Ramaliah

clothes shop, the Salon Vert, effort to break the strike which has shut down most West Bank and East Jerusalem shops.

Under the threat of having their premises broken up, most shopkeepers reluctantly agreed to do as the soldiers ordered. But there were no shoppers in sight, and as soon as the patrols

spoke bitterly about his dilemma, just minutes after soldiers had ordered him to open his doors – for the second time that day. "I have just had a call telling me to shut down again," their premises broken up, most shopkeepers reluctantly agreed to do as the soldiers ordered. But there were no shoppers in sight, and as soon as the patrols

PLO radio gains Gaza, West Bank audience

BY ANDREW WHITLEY

EVERY MORNING, at 9 am precisely, a radio station comes on the air in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

This is the Radio of al-Quds (the Arabic name for Jerusalem). The Palestinian Arab station for the liberation of the and and the man", says the announcer in Arabic, before presenting the highlights of the coming day.
Last week the highlight was a

group interview with the four deportees, expelled by Israel to Lebanon. Another day it could be instructions to the 1.5m Palestinians of the occupied territories on the next step to adopt in what the radio calls their

uprising against Israeli rule.
Borrowing the techniques which foreign stations such as Radio Monte Carlo have suc-Radio Monte Carlo have successfully used to build up a wide following in the Arab world, Radio al-Quds skilfully mixes in popular music ranging mixes in popular music ranging the street violence, Palestinians say that Arabic broadcasts of Israel's state-run and television stations

Clearly, it is a winning for mula. For in just one month of operation the clandestine radio, broadcasting in the name of the Palestine Liberation Organisation from somewhere to the north of Israel, has gained a large and regular audience in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Travel in an Arab collective taxi these days anywhere in the West Bank, and the chances are that its radio will be tuned into the new station.

It was an adroit move by Mr Yassir Arafat, the PLO chief, to atrengthen a radio transmitter Iaraeli intelligence said was originally intended for his followers in Lebanon's refugee camps, so it can give good reception as far as Gaza's bor-der with Egypt.

to Madonna, with gobbits of radlo and television stations up-to-the-minute news from the area to keep its audience. radio and television stations were beginning to lose their usually high credibility.

Party plan for Taiwan reforms

Ø

By Sob King in Talpel

A HIGH-LEVEL task force of Taiwan's ruling Nationalist Party has set guidelines for the rejuvenation of parliament and two other national bodies. The party thus appears committed to carrying forward the programme of reforms started by the late President Chlang Ching-kuo, who died last week.

Mr Ma Ying-jeou, deputy
secretary-general of the party,
said yesterday that while the
task force had agreed to the
outline of the reform, it would be up to other government agencies to fill in the details of the plan.

The guidelines call for more MPs to represent Taiwan, phas-ing out older members repreing out older members repre-senting long-abandoned constit-uencies in mailand China and ending the practice of allowing vacant National Assembly seats to be filled by appointees from the same province in China as the deceased member.

These representatives have served as a symbol of Taiwan's claim to sovereignty over all of China, but their continued dominance has aroused consider-

Iraq assails Gulf dialogue

BY ANDREW GOWERS

iRAQ yesterday signalled its deep unease with recent Syrian-brokered efforts to open a dialogue between the other Arab Gulf states and iran. The government-controlled press said such moves aimed at "whitewashing Iran" and isolat-ing Iraq, and that they violated an agreement at last November's Arab summit in Amman to form a common front against

it wes an unusually sharplyworded attack on conciliation efforts by the conservative Gulf states which generally support Iraq in the Gulf war.

Syria has apparently been trying to set up a deal whereby lran postpones its long-awaited offensive on the southern battlefront and Iraq halts attacks on franian shipping.

Iran confirmed at the week-Iran confirmed at the weekend that it was prepared to
open a dialogue with the GCC.
But the tanker war has shown
no sign of abating, and the latest fighting reported by Iran on
the northern warfront this
week is likely to render mediation efforts even more difficult.

S Korea plans amnesty for political prisoners

The Government has already

He did not give details on the timing or size of the proposed release of imprisoned members racy."

of opposition groups.
Government officials said the amnesty was expected probably next month before Mr Roh, winner of last month's presidential election, takes over from incumbent Mr Chun Doo Hwan Enhance 25.

Promised measures included erecting a monnment to the memory of those killed and helping the bereaved families to secure their livelihood. The chun's Government had previously vilified the Kwangju incident, calling the victims on February 25.

Justice ministry officials rebels or rioters.
have said they are screening more than 1,000 people awaiting trial or in jail for political troops into Seot Churchian military.

The premier repeated a Gov-

south korea is planning an amnesty for political detainees to honour a campaign pledge by Mr Roh Tae Woo, president-elect, Prime Minister Kim of hiding facts about the rebellion against martial law, protein reports form Seoul. of hiding facts about the rebel-lion against martial law, pro-claimed under the leadership of Mr Chun Doo Hwan, then a begun work on a grand annesty
benefitting as many people as
possible in the cause of national
reconciliation and democratic
progress," Mr Kim told parisament.

In did not give details on the Kwanglu citizens in recognition of their struggle for democ-

Mr Chun's Government had previously vilified the Kwangju incident, calling the victims

Mr Roh, as an army division commander in 1979, moved his troops into Seoul to help Mr Chun, his military academy classmate, during a military ernment pledge to pay compensation to the relatives of vic-time of a 1980 armed civilian widely regarded as a draconian

Seoul foreign investment jumps 130%

SOUTH KOREAN companies new equity investment in over-seas business projects in 1987 soared to \$397m, up 130 per cent from 1986, the Finance Ministry said yesterday, AP reports from Seoul.

Capital investment abroad including investment in earlier years, totalled \$966m for 534

projects at the end of 1987.
Besides Korea's growing current account surplus, the officials said the sharp rise resulted from several big projects as well as a rise of investment, notably in the US, designed to circumvent trade protectionism.

Of the 1987 investment, \$177m went to the US, an increase of 123.7 per cent from the previous year.

South East Asia was second with \$131m and the Middle East was third with \$71m. No figures for a year earlier were given for the two regions.

 About 150,000 South Koreans demonstrated yester-day against the alleged North Korean bombing of a Sonth day against the alleged North television and housing authori-Korean bombing of a Sonth tles. The fifth category will encompass social service organ-national news agency Yonhap, Reuter reports from Secoal.

Lagos names companies earmarked for sell-off

BY OUR FOREIGN STAFF

THE NIGERIAN Government tlons. yesterday named the 96 compa-nies which will be part of its promised privatisation pro-

General Ibrahlm Babangida, the country's military leader, announced that the companies would be divided into five categories, ranging from full priva-tisation to continuing government control.

The first includes all commercial and merchant banks; the second includes enterprises such as Nigeria Airways in which the government will reduce its equity and withdraw subsidies, forcing the businness

to operate on commercial lines.
The third group covers public
corporations which will remain
government-owned but whose operations will be commerci-alised. This group includes the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation and the National Insurance Corporations.

Partial commercialisation applies to the fourth category of enterprises, including the federal railways and the radio,

Privatisation is an important part of the government's eco-nomic reform programme, but progress has been slow. it has faced political problems with northerners and easterners who feared that Lagos-based commercial interests would end up controlling the privatised com-

panies.
There are also considerable practical difficulties. Most of the state-owned companies do not have up to date annual accounts, and many are heavily

The government accepts, however, that radical change is long overdue.

Nigeria's military govern-ment yesterday launched an liquiry into a failed \$100m project to put telecomn tions balloons into space. Renter reports from Lagos. Mr Olu False, government chief secretary, gave inquiry

panel members two months to report on why the project, abandoned five years ago, had failed.

The contract was awarded in 1976 to a subsidiary of Wes-tinghouse Electrical of the US 1976 to a subsidiary of Westinghouse Electrical of the US at a cost of 89.8m naira (then more than \$100m).

Zimbabweans arrested in security move FOURTEEN members of Bula-

wayo's business and farming community are under arrest in a Zimbabwean security clamp-down, legal and family sources

down, legal and family sources said yesterday, Beuter reports from Balawayo.

Lawyers acting for them were told they were being held on security charges, possibly involving firearms and explosives, and were promised access to their clients on tomorrow and Friday

to their clients on tomorrow and Friday,
British officials in Harare said one detainee had a British passport and the High Commission had asked the Zimbabwe Foreign Affairs Ministry for details of the case.

Many white Zimbabweans are entitled to British passports by hirth but the law does not

birth but the law does no recognise dual citizenship. The arrests came a weel after a car bomb killed two peo ple at a Bulawayo house used by the banned African National Congress of South Africa, but there was no indication whether they were linked to

the case. Under Zimbabwe's emergency



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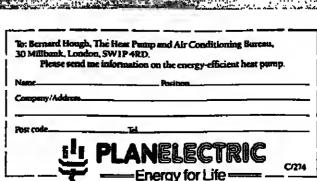
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Bush faces the evangelists

BY STEWART FLEMING IN SIOUX CITY, IOWA

VICE PRESIDENT George Bush's prospects of winning the Republican Party's lowa caucuses on February 8 and so laying a solid foundation here for the party's presidential nomination are being increasingly dis-counted here following the publication earlier this week of the

latest lowa poli.
The poll showed that Mr Bush The poll showed that Mr Bush is now trailing Senator Robert Dole by a wider margin among voters who say they intend to 26 per cent over Mr Bush who appears to have been damsged with the previous poll at the end of last year. It also showed that Reverend Pat Robertson, the former television extends. the former television evangelist, appears to be gaining support, spurring speculation that he could come in a strong third behind Mr Bush and Mr Dole.

contra arms scandal. It is now almost two weeks since a new bout of speculation about the advice Mr Bush was offering to White House officials in the Iran-contra affair.

Mr Dole has moved into a commanding lead among Republican prospective caucus goers in caucuses which are universally recognised as the first major test of voter preferences in the contests for the Republican and Democratic parties'

As striking as the 9 percentage point decline in support for Mr Bush since the last poll is the increase in support for Mr Robertson who arrived in Sloux City on Monday night on the first leg of a 600 mile two-day bus tour of lowa during which the expects to address rallies in 27 different towns.

In an effort to demonstrate his strength his campaign or ganisers have been calling on his supporters to attend these rallies of a trial run testing the ability of his lowa organisation to turn out the vote.

Their success has been mixed. 27 different towns.

Mr Robertson has moved up to third place in the poll displa-cing Representative Jack Kemp, another conservative who is vying with Mr Robertson for support amongst fundamental-lst Christians as well as right-

wing Republicans.

Mr Robertson's brand of populist religious nationalism is being greeted with enthuslasm by many in the audiences he addresses.

Their success has been mixed, however. At some stops 100-150 have turned out to greet him, numbers which in the context of a campaign which is only expected to engage at most 150,000 Republicans in the state, are significant and cer-tainly the equal of the crowds being drawn by Senator Dole and Mr Bush. But at other small towns on his route crowds of only 20 to 30 have showed up.

Barbara Durr, recently in Washington, reports on innovative charity expenditure

Third World debt finds new buyers

growing new set of cash customers. US conservation, education and charity groups are increasingly using the second-ary market to fund their projects in Latin America.

While the transactions are so far quite small, they offer a virtuous way to reduce debt that few can argue with. And now they have encouragement from the US Government through a recent tax ruling and new legis-

Last month, the World Wild-life Fund (WWF) announced that it had reached an agreement with the Ecuadorean Government to buy \$1m of Ecuador's debt paper on the secondary market. The WWF's initial investment of about \$300,000, largely donated by US foundations and individuals, is just a start. The Ecuadorean Government has approved "debt for nature" swaps for up

to \$10m. Under the plan, Ecuador will convert the Slm in debt to mon-etary stabilisation bonds in sucres. The bonds will be delivered to Fundacion Natura, a local affiliate of the WWF. which will receive payments of principal and interest. WWF says that it has been promised an interest rate of a few points above inflation.

The bonds will finance the protection and management of six nature reserves and parks including the world renowned Galapagos National Park.

This is a step up from the first Latin American debt for nature swap. Last year, Conservation International, another Washington-based environmental group, bought \$650,000 of Bolivia's debt for just \$100,000. The Bolivian Government agreed to redeem the debt at face value in local currency to

create a nature reserve in the vast jungle of the Beni.
Costa Rica is also preparing the way for such deals. It just devised the legal and financial rules for nature swaps and appropriate of the control of the contro approved a total conversion of \$5.4m. The WWF and the Nature Conservancy, a US conservation organisation, are negotiating a possible \$240,000 purchase of land to attach to an existing national park. Ironically the land contains an old airstrip for the anti-Sandinista

The University of California at Los Angeles (UCLA) has also been investigating the purchase of \$25m to \$45m of steeply discounted Peruvian and Bolivian debt to fund university pro-grammes in those countries. UCLA representatives have dis-cussed archaeological, museum training, language, church restoration and nutritional pro-grammes with the Peruvian and Bolivian governments, who showed some interest in the

UCLA, which is scouting for potential donors of debt, partic-potential donors of debt, partic-potential donors of debt, partic-potential donors of debt, partic-potential donors of debt, partic-las Nancy Sheldon, Its manag-post following a November had already worked with Bra-post full following by the US Inter-position of the company had already worked with Bra-post full following by the US Inter-position of the company had already worked with Bra-position of the company had already worked with Bra-

nal Revenue Service. It allows ador in deals ranging from \$4m banks to take tax deductions to \$15m.

will permit banks in their tional organisations a cheaper financial accounting to show less loss than they would with a straight writedown. This may help keep shareholders happier.

Mr Tim Bentsen of Peat Marwick's Los Angeles office writering the accounting Bank.

Others, who favour the swaps explained the accounting. Bank X chooses to donate its debt from a given country, whose obligations fell on the secondary market at 50 cents on the dollar.

The country, however, is redeeming the debt at 75 cents. The bank can then take a charitable contribution of up to 75 cents to the dollar, deemed the fair market value of the debt. Previously, the bank would have had to sell the paper to donate the proceeds and could claim only the 50 cent loss for tax deduction purposes.

trade financing firm in New York. New York Bay Company has helped a number of charity and religious groups to use the secondary market to expand their Latin American budgets. Ms Nancy Sheldon, its manag-

for debts that they donate to charitable organisations or educational institutions.

Although US banks can the benefits. Some US critics of debt write-downs, the ruling swaps say that the transactions favours donations because it will permit banks in the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions favours donations because it will permit banks in the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions favours donations because it will permit banks in the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions for the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say that the transactions is the debt for nature or charity swaps say th way to pay for their pro-gramme. The critics say that the groups must augment their

Others, who favour the swaps nonetheless caution that there are sensitive sovereignty issues involved, especially when buy-ing land for example, and that take inflatiouary impact of debt conversion should be softened through bonds or other instru-

Ms Barbara Bramble, an activist with the National Wildlife Federation in Washington believes that multilateral and commercial banks must get involved in order for conserva-tion deals really to weigh in, To this end, she, and other in Poised to take advantage of activist groups, andged the US this new twist, too, is an inno-Congress to add a provision to vative, small counter trade and the December Budget resolution trade financing firm in New for 1988 that calls on Mr James

Baker, US Treasury Secretary, and the US Representatives to the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) to analyse how countries could pay their debt "through investents in conservation of tropical forests, wetlands and other

Arizona governor to face hearings

IMPEACHMENT proceed-ings are scheduled to open today against Governor Evan Mecham of Arizona, the former car salesman turned politician who is accused of perjury, fraud and concealing a \$350,000 campaign contribution.

Governor Mecham, die-bard conservative Republican, has barely been in office 12 months.

But in that time his scabrous manner and his unabashed cronyism have alienated most sections of public opinion in the cactus

Governor Mecham has Governor Mecham has vowed to prove his inno-cence at the impeachment hearings which are set to open today in the Arizona legislature.

They stem from grand jury indictments returned last week on charges which relate to the Governor's alleged concealment of a

alleged concealment of a \$350,000 loan from an Arizona land developer during his 1986 election campaign.

Kampelman confident on arms deal

US and Soviet Union to reduce long-range nuclear reduce long-range nuclear arsenals sppears possible without first resolving differences over President Reagan's Strategic Defence Intitiative, Mr Max Kampelman, the chief US arma negotiator, said yesterday, Our Foreign Staff writes.
In an interview on NBC-TV's Today show, he said he believed the Soviets are "closer to us, though still not there" ou the issue, which is the main sticking which is the main sticking point in reaching an agreement on atrategic nuclear

Mr Kampelman recently returned to Washington from the year's first round of arms talks with the Soviets in Geneva, which are aimed at a 50 per cent cut in each country's stock of long-range bombers, land-based missiles and nuclear

Gen Noriega lifts ban on Panama opposition papers

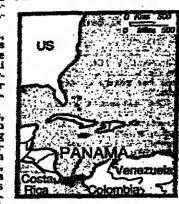
Perhaps in compensation, Perhaps in compensation, Panama has in the past 10 days deported reporters from the Washington Post and Miami Herald and now requires foreign jonrnalists to register every three days with the Interior Ministry.

The three daily newspapers, two weeklies and three radio stations will start functioning again at a time when Washing-

stations will start functioning again at a time when Washington is increasing its pressure on Gen Noriega to leave power, both overtly and through leaks about the Panamanian leader's alleged corruption and involvement in arms and drugs traf-ficking, and espionage.

Newspaper proprietors say they intend to publish what has appeared in the foreign, particularly US, press about Panama during their shutdown, such as the Organisation of American States, expect implicating Gen States' report implicating Gen Noriega in the murder of dissident leader Hugo Spadafora, whose decapitated body was found near the Costa Rican bor-

der over two years ago.



new elections due in May next

Mr Blandon was denounced Mr Blandon was denounced as a traitor by his party, the military allied Revolutionary Democratic Party (PRD) and sacked from his formal post of Consul General in New York, where he now is. Opposition figures here believe he is pre-pared to reveal some of the regime's most damaging secrets. "For the first time, an indi-the test of time.

PANAMA'S opposition newspapers, closed down last July at the height of an opposition drive to force strongman General Manuel Antonio Noriega from power, were handed back to their owners on Monday evening.

Gen Noriega, head of Panama's 15,000-strong National Guard, appears to be taking a calculated risk in restoring to his opponents the media through which they openly sought his downfall, promoting strikes, lockouts and demonstrations against him last summer.

Description of the PRD and as an adviser to the PRD and as an adviser to the PRD and as an adviser to the National Guard, has openly called for Noriega's departure, emphasised Mr Ricardo Ariss Calderon, leader of the Christian Democrats, the largest opposition group, and a member of the board of La Prensa, the leading dally, could lead to a new build up in pressure against him, and for a provisional government.

Allegations by Col Roberto Diaz Herrera, Gen Noriega's detailed for staff - who accused him of rigging the 1884 elections, subsequently forcing

Altegations by Col Roberto Diaz Herrera, Gen Nortega's outgoing chief of staff - who accused him of rigging the 1984 elections, subsequently forcing out his own hand-picked president, and even of arranging Gen Torrijos' death in an arr-eraft crash in 1981 - were the catalyst for last summer's widespresd protests.

Ms Mayin Corres, a leading figure in the rough-house of Panamanian journalism, and an opposition MP originally elected for the National Guard-barked coalition in 1984, said the re-opening of the media including a radio station she owns. means Noriega is in real danmeans Noriega is in real danger, now more than ever."

Ms Correa was speaking in the offices of the El Siglo newspaper, alongside a pile of undistributed papers, the last, sequestered edition of July 26, due to have hit the streets on the eve of what turned out to be an only partly effective bosses' strike organised by the local Chamber of Commerce. local Chamber of Commerce.
The banner headlines - "The
Strike is On!" and "Noriegs's
Pall Imminent!" - have not stood

CREDITORS SET TO BACK LOAN-BOND EXCHANGE

Mexican debt go-ahead likely

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL, EUROMARKETS EDITOR

MEXICO is expected to win approval from its international bank creditors for its innovative loans-for-bonds exchange offer to go ahead despite mis-givings among some of them,

bankers said yesterday.
For the offer to proceed,
waivers of loss clauses must be received from banks holding at least 60 per cent of each loan to the country. Morgan Guaranty, Mexico's agent, had set a waiver deadline this week but

in on that day and the results has kept its side of the bank will be published a week later.

The plan has stirred emotions among some banks, which feel the country's reserves to

the country. Morgan Guaranty, down to \$5.55m

Mexico's agent, had set a waiver deadline this week but has extended it to February 5 because full documentation was not sent to Mexico's 400-odd creditors until yesterday.

The auction is scheduled for February 19. Bids may be put

WORLD TRADE NEWS

Japan to fund Indian power plants

JAPAN'S Exim bank is offering to provide India with \$300m-\$400m of soft loans to help fund the construction of three or four thermal power stations. The Indian Finance Ministry is finalising negotiations for the loans. They will be for 15 years or more at 5 per cent interest. The money will fund the local costs in India of the power stations, plus some agricultural

projects.
This is the latest example of Japan recycling more than \$20bn of official and private sector funds for major projects In developing countries without tying the money to the pur-

chase of Japanese equipment.
Other countries which have benefited include Indonesia, South Korea and the Phillipurchases abroad. This leaves Japan's new position as by far

A separate loan of Y29.5bn from the same source was finalised for India last month. This loan will finance commodity imports and help ease balance of payments problems caused by a severe drought.

Both loans will help India manage longer-term balance of

payments problems caused by heavy repayments of an Inter-national Monetary Fund loan. Japan's decision to allow the Exim money to be used for local It is therefore funding projects

the developing country to finance local costs, such as civil engineering works.

India has public expenditure as well as balance of payments problems and its lack of funds has delayed many projects in recent years. The Exim loans will help ease these problems.

Japan is seeking to minimise delay and administration and does not want to have to moni-tor the use of the funds itself.

Japan's new position as by far the biggest bilateral aid donor to India. The Japanese embassy in New Delhi estimated last month that the commodity loan would bring its total assistance pledged to India for 1987-88 to Y103bn. This amounted to a third of India's bilateral assis-

This puts Japan well ahead of the UK, which provides £100m-£140m a year in grants and has traditionally been the largest bilateral donor.

Toshiba were included in the US Congressional budget resolution passed just before Christmas, but the US is anxious to

obtain fresh commitments to Cocom to ward off pressure for further sanctions in trade legis-lation now before Congress.

EC rejects Romania's plea on

trade terms By William Dawkins in Brussels

ROMANIA'S growing eco-nomic isolation deepened yesterday after the European Community rebuffed most of its demands for fresh trade concessions.

Mr Hie Vaduva, the Roma-nian Foreign Trade Minis-ter, left Brussels with only

a fraction of the marketopening measures he had
sought during the annual
round of trade talks
between his government
and the Commission.

Mr Willy de Clercy, the
Commissioner for external
trade, told him that as long
as Bomanian trade with the
rest of Comecon, notably
the Soviet Union, continued
to flourish at the Community's expense, the Comsescu
government could expect
few trade concessions. The
EC has had an annually
renewable accord on industrial trade with Bomannia
since January 1981.

EC imports from Romania
fell 21 per cent in the first
half of last year, while its
exports dropped by 52 per
cent, leading to a near doubling in Bomania's trade
surplus from \$700m to
\$1.1m for the first six
months of 1987.

Romania has been pressing for a fixed deadline for
ending the EC import quotas on more than 2,000
Comecon goods, modelled
on the separate bilateral
accord Hungary has been
seeking with the Community with more success. EC
negotiators have refused to
the themselves to a cut-off
date or to take a single
product out of the quota
system, though they are
prepared to consider
extending the present
industrial trade accord to
agricultural products.

The only concession they
allowed was a 25 per cent
increase in Hungary's quota
for sales to Italy.

BT wins £1.3m deal

British Telecom has won a consultancy coutract to improve telecommunications in Sierra Leone, writes David Thomas.

The £1.3m deal includes management responsibility for 20 equipment contracts and provision of digital exchanges for the capital Frectows.

The uncertain impact of sanctions against Pretoria

A WIDE ranging assessment of sauctions against South Africa, published yesterday by the Economist Intelligence Unit, comes to a pessimistic conclusion about their likely impact.

There have been three distinct phases in the escalation on international pressure against South Africa, according to Ma Merie Lipton in her 170-page report.

The first was sparked by the Sharpeville shootings of 1960; the second by the Soweto uprising of 1976; and the third by the political upheavals since 1984.

Logic suggests that another upsurge of protest and violence inside South Africa would provoke a further series of sanc-tions. In practice...the dynamics of sanctions are so complex and unpredictable that one cannot rule out either a burch into comrule out either a lurch into com-prehensive mandatory sanc-tions, or a loss of interest in this particular strategy for end-ing apartheid, with a conse-quent winding down of the campaign."

Ms Lipton goes on to look at the background to the limited sanctions now in place, the costs and benefits of sanctions for Western governments who

for Western governments who impose them, South Africa's role in the world economy, and she considers the political and economic effects of sanctions on South Africa itself.

There are, she writes, at least five possible scenarios:

Existing measures remain in place, but provided there is no major upheaval in South Africa nothing further will be done done

Gradual escalation of sanc-

Gradual escalation of sanctions, including bans by the European Community and Japen on coal and agricultural imports, and by Isreal in response to pressure from the United States. A more complex and differ-

entiated approach, with the lifting of some sanctions, for example, on sport or on employers who meet certain cri-• A major intensification of sanctions, some or all made mandatory by the UN Security Council, prompted by a disaster within South Africa or the

The erosion or lifting of some of the current sanctions either because of rising ecoether because of rising eco-nomic costs, or the overshadow-ing of concern about South Africa by, for example, devel-opments in the Middle East or the state of the world economy. "The most likely prognosis for the future," writes Ms Lip-ton, "is the continued escalation

Michael Holman on a report which queries the value of the main antiapartheid weapon

of sanctions; but she goes on to raise doubts about their practicality and their suitability as a force for constructive change in South Africa.

Ms Lipton points out that existing sanctions have had unintended effects. The effective end to Krugerrand experts unintended effects. The effective end to Krugerrand exports in 1985-86 did not lead to a loss of South African gold sales. Instead, the country "benefited, along with all gold producers, from the increasing demand for gold, as the issuing and promotion of new coins in Canada, the USA, Japan and elsewhere has, in most casea, led to an unex-

another upsurge of protest and

Logic suggests that

violence inside

South Africa would

provoke a further

series of sanctions

pectedly large public response, notes the report.

Although gold, which accounts for between a third and u half of South Africa's exports, is a "tempting target" for sanctioneers, Ms Lipton believes that any embargo would merely drive up the price. Attempts by Central Banks to force the price down by unloading their gold reserves could "threaten the tenuous stability of the international monetary system."

South Africa's black-ruled that the sanctions medicine was working the impact of sanctions on "the highly diverse black community" will not be uniform, the report says, noting that while one leading black business group has moved towards support of sanctions, the more radical trade unions "remain highly ambivalent."

Far from weakening the Government, the threat of sanctions — and even more than their imposition — has contributed to its strengthening vis-avis other sections of society.

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The report eads on a pessing standards, possibly creating disillusionment and a reaction against their advocates, could in the black poewers struggle."

"Continued incremental sanctions of society are radical trade unions "remain hier imposition — has contributed to its strengthening vis-avis other se tional monetary system.

South Africa's black-ruled

South Africa's black-ruled neighbours, vulnerable to retalisation by Pretoria, have growing reservations about sanctions, she says. Their attempts to build np alternative transport routes to those via South Africa, by rehabilitating regional railways, "provides the South African Defence Force with very exposed targets,"

The report notes the self-interest that is one factor in the pro-sanctions lobby. Protectionist groups within the US (coal, textiles, agriculture) were textiles, agriculture) were active in shaping Washington's 1986 sanctions package.

The report questions the impact of disinvestment, noting that of some 100 US companies which "withdrew" by 1987, the majority did not cut their links but restructured their interests in a way which reduces their direct involvement but retains their business rela-

The last section of the report is a searching examination of the results of sanctions now in force, and the possible consequences of tougher measures. The central question of their impact on South Africa has been largely unexplored. been largely unexplored."
The historical record shows that the effect of sanctions are unpredictable and indiscriminate: "even if they produce their intended, adverse economic effects, the desired political effects do not automatically follow."

cally follow."

There is a a danger that the South African Government perceives itself "as being caught in a Catch 22 situation, where even genuine reforms did not secure the easing of sanctions, but could even lead to their intensification, on the grounds that the sanctions medicine was working

distillusionment and a reaction against their advocates, could "have unintended consequences in the black poewerr struggle."

"Continued incremental sanctions seems unlikely to unseat the Government, and more likely to impede than to accelerate reform...in the long run (they) might contribute to the erosion of white control. But the outcome might not be black rule over an undivided country.

"If sanctions have their latended effects, economic decline could erode those economic bonds that have drawn together the diverse people of South Africa, and strengthen fissiparous tendencies, thus making more possible, partition against a background of growing violence throughout the region."

East and West Germans agree electricity link Lesile Colit in Berlin

EAST and West Germany have

A 380 kilovolt electric power line, costing about DM350m, is to be built from Helmstedt at

the West German border to West Berlin. The first 50km stretch is expected to be ready by mid-1990 East Germany, which has had problems meeting peak winter demand, will then be able to receive electricity from Preus-senelectra's power stations. The entire line to West Berlin is to be completed by late 1991, when about 1bn KW hours of electricity will be delivered to

Bewag expects to invest an additional DM60m to DM80m in West Berlin for the project.
Mr Elmar Pieroth, West Ber lin's chief economics official, said East Germany would receive the electricity cheaply since the price would fall as more power was delivered.

East Germany and West Berlin.

Cocom to seek tighter controls

MEMBERS of Cocom – the body controlling the export of sensi-tive technology to Communist countries – will meet at senior

EAST and West Germany have a greed to link their electric power systems – the first permanent connection between the electricity grids of Eastern and Western Europe.

West Germany will provide peak-time electricity to East Germany, which is short of power, and to West Berlin, which until now was self-sufficient in electricity generation. The agreement follows the visit to Bonn last September by Mr Erich Honecker, East Germany's leader.

The Western companies involved are Preussenelektra, a power utility owned by the level in Versailles next week to consider ways of tightening enforcement of controls.

Most of the 16 members of the Co-ordinating Committee on Multilateral Export Controls – Japan plus Nato countries except lceland – will be represented at top civil servant level, while the US delegation will be headed by Mr John Whitehead, Deputy Secretary of State. They will also seek to improve co-operation with countries outside Cocom and to harmonise controls within Cocom.

The US has sought to beef up the organisation since the row Most of the 16 members of

Involved are Preussenelektra, a power utility owned by the Veba energy company, and West Berlin's Bewag electricity company. East Germany's Intrac foreign trade corporation is the East German partner. A final accord is to be signed in a few months.

The US has sought to beef up the organisation since the row last year when u Toshiba sub-sidiary and Kongsberg of Norway sold precision equipment to the Soviet Union enabling it to produce quiet, and hard to detect, submarine propellers to produce quiet, and hard to detect, submarine propellers. The affair highlighted differ-



John Whitehead: seeking to beef up Cocom iug levels of enforcement among Cocom countries and added to worries that some

impose light penalities on businessmen who infringe the rules.

awareness of its objectives and lessen resistance to export controls. But some European governments fear this would only added to worries that some impose light penalities on businessmen who infringe the rules.

Limited sanctions against right and the anti-US left.

The unusually high profile meeting of the otherwise shadowy organisation is part of this process. It is not clear how far it will reach agreement in other areas such as reducing trade barriers between Cocom countries themselves. This would go hand-in-hand with a tightening up of external controls. up of external controls. The US has argued that a higher international profile for Cocom would increase public awareness of its objectives and

Court backs Nigeria creditors

BY PETER MONTAGNON, WORLD TRADE EDITOR

CONFIDENTIAL Recoveries, confidential Recoveries, the group of disaffected creditors of Nigeria, yesterday won further legal support for its effort to prevent details of last week's rescheduling vote from being divulged to the authorities in Lagos.

At a court hearing, Law Debenture Trust and Mr Bill Park, the City lawyer who chaired the rescheduling meeting, both gave formal undertakings not to reveal the names of creditors who voted against the \$3.2bn rescheduling proposal. An injunction against Chase

Manhattan, which counted the votes, was extended until next Monday to allow the defendants more time to pre-pare evidence responding to charges that there had been irregularities in the voting procedures. However, the court also

night had no comment.
Confidential Recoveries has said it wants to see the vote made clear that the publicity restrictions should not prevent the trustees from revealing the actual voting figures so that creditors could see the size of the majority which voted in favour of the proposal. So far Law Debenture has only said that the neces-

sary two-thirds majoirty was obtained. obtained.
Mr John Krzywkowski, a lawyer for Confidential Recoveries, said he wrote yesterday
to Law Debenture Trust formally requesting disclosure of
figures. Law Debenture last

overturned because it argues that some creditors voted in favour of the proposal purely out of concern that the names of those that voted against would be known to the Central Bank in Lagos.

preposterous suggestion, you may say. Quite ludicrous. But before you dismiss it as pure fiction, consider the following facts.

The rate of information growth is doubling every five years. Currently, 6000 new scientific articles are published every week.

An explosion of facts and figures shattering the dreams of anyone hoping to become a Jack-of-all-trades. Indeed, being the master of just one is now a race where the finishing line keeps moving.

Skills and knowledge that may have taken years to acquire can be out of date almost overnight.

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Think of the ship designers in the north-east who have had to turn their hand to designing oil rigs.

The plant breeders who have had their world turned upside down by the advent of genetic engineering.

The textile designers who have had their crayons replaced by computer keys. Formal qualifications on their C.V.'s, though important, would have given little indication of their capacity to accept and adapt to change.

WILL TODAY'S GRADUATE BE WEARING A DIFFERENT HAT IN THREE YEARS' TIME?



Of course, if we expect people to have a more flexible, adaptable outlook on work, we must also expect the same of their employers.

So companies must be prepared to do more than just give time off for occasional conferences. They must also allow time off to attend business schools and retraining courses. And maybe more.

Some companies do already. But should we follow the example of countries like Sweden where mid-career breaks of several years are not uncommon? In fact, is it time we reappraised our attitude towards career patterns entirely?

Traditionally, the long serving employee has been held up as the shining example. And, of course, many years of experience in a company can be invaluable.

But in today's fast changing world perhaps we should look more favourably on frequent job changes and regard them as the need to face fresh challenges.

That, in itself, is a challenge that business may soon have to face.

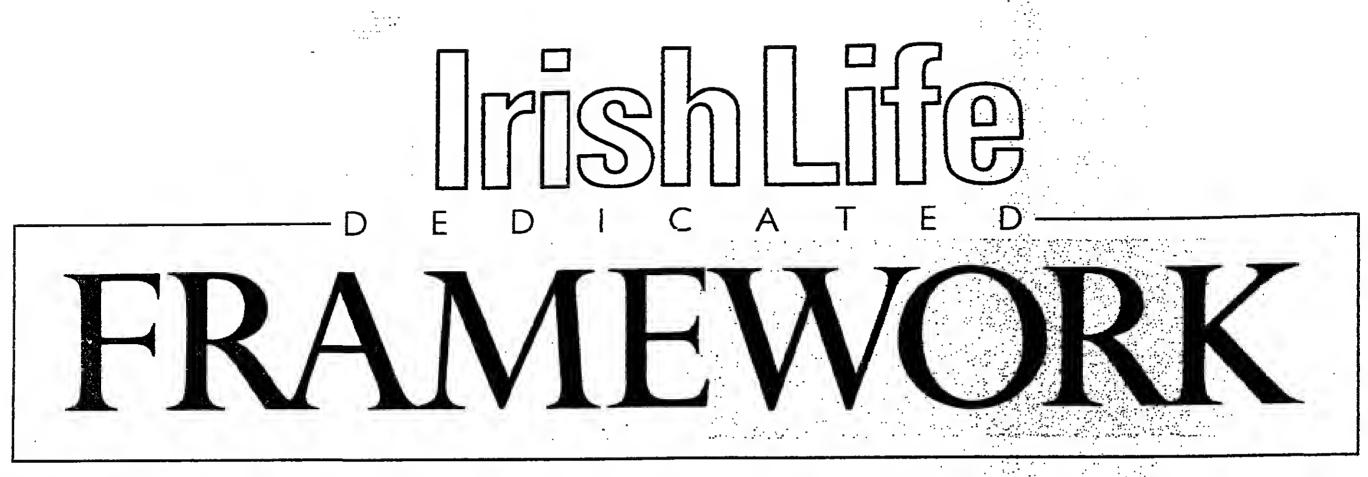
Indeed, in our view, training, or lack of it, is very often at the root of many companies' staffing difficulties.

Yet, sadly some firms still see training as a side issue when compared with, say, providing plant and finance.

According to the latest (1985) MSC figures, the average company spends a mere 0.15% of its turnover on training.

As for ourselves, this year training will cost us some 10% of our income. It's a sizeable sum. But it's one we would not spend unless we knew it would repay us fully in the years to come.

Accountants, Advisers, Consultants



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20 CHISWELL STREET, LONDON EC1Y 4TY.

Airwaves

auction for

three new

channels

THE Government announced

resterday it intends to auction

three new national commercial radio channels to the highest

bidder, subject to a qualifying test on programme proposals. The announcement came as

Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Secretary, outlined his plans for an expansion of commercial radio which also envisages sev-

radio which also envisages several hundred new local and community radio stations.

The three new nazional chennels would each be expected to provide a diverse programme service appealing to a variety of tastes and not be limited to a variety format.

single format. Mr Hurd explained in a written answer to the House of Commons yes-

Mr Hurd said the national eight year licences would be assigned by competitive tender among those applicants whose programme plans had satisfied a newly created Radio Author-ity designed to regulate com-

ity, designed to regulate com-mercial radio "with a light touch." After the qualifying stage, the national licences will

go to the highest bidder.

The Home Office yesterday could think of no other country where national radio licences are sold to the highest bidder-

albeit in a modified form.

A broadcasting bill to implement the the radical de-regulation of UK radio will be introduced to Parliament this

autumn and is expected to become law before next sum-

Public borrowing surplus opens door for tax cuts

THE SCOPE for sizeable tax cuts in the March 15 budget was confirmed yesterday by evidence that government reve-nues are running far above the

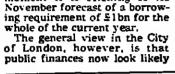
nues are running far above the Treasury's forecasts.

Official figures for the public sector borrowing requirement (PSBR) in December, suggest that Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, will have ample room to lower the basic rate of tax from 27p. to 25p, with cash left over to

cut top rates.
The Central Statistical Office said yesterday that in the first nine months of the current 1987-88 financial year, which began last April, the PSBR showed a surplus of \$400m. That compared with a deficit of \$4.2bn a year earlier. In Whitehall, the Treasury

any precise forecast of the scope for tax cuts. For the November forecast of a borrowing requirement of £1bn for the whole of the current year.

sought to downplay the signifi-cance of the figures, suggesting that it is still too early to make





Nigel Lawson: Cash in hand

to be in surplus for the first time since the early 1970s. That in turn would leave the way open for Mr Lawson to announce tax cuts of perhaps £3!-bn whils budgeting for another PSBR surplus in 1988-89.

A PSBR target of zero might leave room for reductions of up to \$5bn, but Whitehall officials believe that both the current Page 10

buoyancy of the economy and the growing controversy over spending on the health service Point to a more cautious stance.
Yesterday Mr Gordon Brown,
Labour's Treasury spokesman, said that the strength of public finances made the Government's opposition to extra money for the health service appear incomprehensible and

Whitehall officials privately concede that ministers have been embarrassed by the coinci-dence of public controversy over health spending and buoy-ant revenues. But Treasury ministers have indicated that

tion of a surge in tax revenues and relatively subdued growth in public spending. Inland revenue receipts in the

stand may threaten

merger

MR ROBERT Maclennan, the SDP leader, yesterday threatened to undermine last—minute Liberal efforts to win support for the final merger package by suggesting that policies abandoned in order to reach agreement could be back on the

ment could be back on the agenda for the new party. Mr Maciennan, who came under heavy pressure not to jeopardise a merger deal by ref-using to change his views on fundamental policy issues, defended his acceptance of the

ministers have indicated that today's public spending White Paper (policy document) will not include any additional spending allocations.

The detail of yesterday's figures shows that the current strength of government finances rests on the combination of a surge in tax revenues and relatively subdued growth in public spending.

defended his acceptance of the compromise policy statement drawn up over the weekend.

He denied claims by merger opponents that the new party's policy statement contained a "hidden agenda" which had emsrged in the original policy document agreed with Mr David Steel, the Liberal leader.

Mr Steel, unlike Mr Maclennan, is not embarking on a

nan, ia not embarking on a ahort, national campaign to first nine months were 11 per cent higher against a forecast of a 7 per cent rise.

Moral basia for tax cuts, Page 10

Market support for the merger but is remaining in London before addressing 3,000 delegates on Saturday.

Background, Paga 11

SDP policy | Minister fends off call for more health funds

THE GOVERNMENT yesterday refused to promise any addi-tional money for the National Health Service in face of renewed pressure from senior Tory backbenchers and opposi-tion leaders during an impas-sioned House of Commons

sioned House of Commons debate.

Mr John Moore, the Social Services Secretary, in his first major speech since returning from two months' illness, mounted a holding operation after recent criticism. He robustly defended the Government's record and urged the ment's record and urged the need for greater efficiency and closer co-operation with the private sector.

private sector.

He gave no hint of any extra
money and said: "Unless we see
the most efficient use of valuable resources, it is absolutely
no good putting more resources
into health care."

Tory MPs publicly rallied round Mr Moore, who was hoarse for much of his speech, but afterwards some said that he had done nothing to remove the growing unease oo the backbenches that the recent chorus of complaints from the medical profession over the NHS is now damsging the Gov-ernment politically and that new initiatives are needed.

Mr Moore firmly denied that there were any differences with

Jobs protest

P&O ferries

By Jimmy Burns, Labour Staff

ballot in support of a strike.

At a meeting in the French

port of Boulogne on Monday, NUS officials were asked by their French colleagues repre-senting P&O employees on the

continent to back a campaign to

halt ferries, probably over the Easter holiday perolod. P&O has said that it needs to

reduce costs in order to com-pete with the proposed Channel

threatens



Union presses Japan to

LEADERS of the Transport and embassy in London to urge it to

General Workers' Union yesterday pressed the Japanese Government to urge Japanese companies planning to launch
operations in the UK to do so
without reaching attributes.

ately prompted a fresh bout of matters for Japanese compa-inter-union accusations. mies, rather than the Japanese

inter-union accusations, matters for Japanese compa-inter-union accusations, mice, rather than the Japanese Mr George Wright, TGWU Government, but he undertook to pass on the TGWU's points and is to visit Wales to examine the position in greater detail.

drop strike-free deals

the Treasury and closely fol-lowed their and Mrs Thatcher's line in stressing the need for greater efficiency. He referred in detail to variations in perfor-mance between different health anthorities which provided scope for savings. The empha-sis, be said, should be shifted from money and inputs to look more at outputs.

more at outputs.
He also urged bealth authorities to take full advantage of income generation schemes, to use the spare capacity of other authorities. authorities, and to co-operate fully with the private sector.

BY PHILIP BASSETT, LABOUR EDITOR

operations in the UK to do so without reaching strike-free agreements with British unions.

The move by the Wales region of the TGWU is an attempt to prevent damaging inter-union competition over Japanese investment – and especially the controversial strike-free, single-union deals being signed with Japanese and other foreign-owned companies by the

eign-owned companies by the EETPU electricians' union.

The TGWU initiative immedi-

Concern was expressed in the debate by a wide variety of Tory MPs. Dame Jill Knight, the cormally loyalist chairman of the backbench health and social services committee, said there was a need both for an immediate cash injection and to look at long-term funding.

In a highly effective opening attack Mr Robin Cook, Labour's aocial services spokesman accused the Government of bankrupting parts of the health

Parliament, Page 11

Mr Wright told Mr Isai Aoki, first secretary in the embassy's politics section, that the first Japanese companies to come to Wales had taken advantage of

the procedures operated by the Wales TUC under which unions

competed in a co-ordinated, organised way for sole bargaining arrangements.

Mr Aoki made it clear that

relations with employees were

Johannesburg Consolidated Investments Group

Gold mining companies' reports for the quarter ended 31 December 1987 with comparative figures for the previous quarter

Randfontein Estates

Issued capital R12 227 105

	A	r ended	enced
OPERATING RESULTS	31.12.87	30.09.87	31.12.87
(Unaudited)	31.12.07	30.00.07	31.1201
Gold			
One mulled - horrs	. 2050000	1 731 000	3781 000
Yeld - grams perton		2.6	2.91
Kilogramsproduced		4847	10997
Revenue - perton muled		FI85.13	F188.59
Working cost - per ten miled		FI65,47	R62,29
Profit - per ten milled		F19.66	FI26,30
Uranium			
Tonstrealed		413000	1 143 000
Yield - Magrams per ton		67 278	Q,16 184 567
Modrano processe	. 117 503	67 27 6	104 001
FINANCIAL RESULTS (ROOD)			
(Unaucrec')			
Revenue from gold	. 187599	147 359	334 958
Working costs		113334	236 513
Prolition cold.		34 035	99 455
Profit from uranium		1 186	2 393
Netsundry revenue		2001	3672
From bettere last and State's share		37 222	105 720
Tax and State 55% are	1767	338	2 105
Profit efter tax and State's share	. 66 731	36 884	103815
Capital expenditure	36 966	42 546	79512
Dividends declared			15341
Note:			
1. Gold price received. Rand perkg	. 30 222	30 097	30 168
GOLD PRODUCTION			
Mill throughput increased by 319 000 tons	m relation to th	e previous	bos retraue
included 693,000 tons (629,000 tons) fro	MI SURFACE SOL	rces. Ore	mutted from
underground sources increased by 255 00	O tons relative t	to the previo	us quarter.
when production was affected by the	Lugust 1987 S	trice. The	grade from
underground sources remained relatively	constant. Produ	ICTION AL ITN	Docznkop

Doornkop Shares Shaft commessionin Development via the CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (R000) 31.12.87 41 139 1 407

CONSUMER LOAN The consumer loan has been converted to SA currency at the rate ruling at 31.12.87 which was $R1 = 50.5105 \, (R1 = 50.4760 \, at 30.09.87)$. The long-term loan belance as well as the current portion of this loan are expressed net of the future tax effect of losses resulting from exchange differences.

Dividend No. 105 of 300 cents was declared on 18 December 1967, payable to members registered at the close of business on Friday 8 January 1968. Dividend warrants payable on 2 February 1968 will be posted to members on 1 February 1968.

On behalf of the Board K.W. MAXWELL Directors

78 242 1 270

QPERATING RESULTS	31.12.87	30.09.67	31.12.87
Gold One miled -tons Yield -grams per ton Klograms produced Fievenue-per ton miled Working cost -per ton miled Loss - per ton miled Unerturn	872 000 3,2 2 678 F89,20 F116,92 F17,72	950 000 3,4 3 230 8100,87 R108,02 R7,05	1 822 000 3.4 6 105 R100.13 R112 28 R12.15
Tonstreated Yield-iulogramsperion Kitogramsproduced	132000 9,34 44,286	156000 0,35 56150	288 000 0.35 100 435
FINANCIAL RESULTS (ROOD)			
Revisive from gold	85 505 101 960 15 455 4 705	95 923 102 825 6 702 3 748	182 428 204 585 22 157 8 452
Profet from uransum. Net syndry revenue	4344 362	4 564 (848)	8 938 (486)
Loss before fan and State's share Tax snd State share Loss after fan and State's aftere Coptal expenditure Dwdends dadared	10749 10749 6312	2 956 2 956 10 827	13 705 13 705 17 138
Notes: 1. Geld price received: Rand perkg	27844	29 616	29 530
5 Ménéume ucus dour trud ass saboutes dors bus		Mar on Road to	- Contract

GOLD PRODUCTION

Shareholders were acrossed on 30 October 1967 of a fire in the electrical substation at the North Shatt metallurgical plant which enterrupted production for nine days. A second fire on 11 December 1967 in the same substation resulted in the loss of a further four days' production at the plant. As a result of the above, the total tornapse treated at the inner decreased to 868 000 tons (924 000 tons) of underground one. Mat throughput was supplemented by only 4 000 tons (26 000 tons) from surface sources owning to lack of mili capacity as a consequence of the fire.

On behalf of the Board

H. J. Joel H. J. Joel Gold Mining Company Limited Repartmen Number 85/01995/06 (saled capital: RT09 283, 67 (Divided mb 70 928 367 shares of one cent each)

LONG-TERM LOANS (ROOO)

PROGRESS REPORT (Unaudied)
Momes received on A options for purchase of
Schares (Note 1).
Expenditure on capital account

SHAFTS No 3 Shalt has reached the final deoth of 1 038 metres (1 008 metres) below or and stripping of this shaft prior to equipping has commenced. Shaft emains at 948 metres while 90 level station is being develop

DEVELOPMENT
A total of 1 898 metres was developed during the quarter (823 metres) and the progressive advance is 4 317 metres (2 419 metres). Development on 60 Level has advanced a total of 2 471 metres (1 492 metres) of which 445 are on the VSS Beathin Reel.

On 70 Level, excavation of the intermediate pump station continues on achedule while the man access readway has experienced some datay due to water intersections. Station development on the 90 and 95 Levels together with the No. 3 Shaft-bottom development for the sprillage arrangements has edvanced to a total of 632 metres (150 metres).

SAMPLING RESULTS 193 Metres of neel development were sampled during the quarter at an average reef with of 35 centimetres and a gold grade of 28,7 grains per ton or 1 033 centimetre grains per ton. A total of 431 metres of reef development has been aprecided at an average reef width of 22 centimetres and a gold grade of 33,9 gr or 746 cmg/l.

UNDERGROUND CONSTRUCTION On 60 Level construction of the reef to and the final excavation of the permanent underground workshops are nearing completion.

TREATMENT PLANT Construction of the first module of the metallurgical plant is complete and trial milling of waste lock has commenced. SURFACE INFRASTRUCTURE

Construction of the administration block, the assay office, the main stores and industrial changehouse is in progress. 129 nouses (107 houses) have been completed in Virginia. The next phase of 40 houses will commence in July 1968.

On behalf of the Board K. W. MAXWELL Directors W. P. CONN

95 LEVEL TWIN HAULAGE

Preparation development around the No. 2 and No. 3 sub-vertical shaft systems is ongoing. Due to problems with water being intersected in the main vitake hautege, development towards the South Deep project area has been delayed. WATER CONTROL PROJECT

Elsburg

Elsburg Gold Mining Company Limited leaund capital: R30 203 000

On behalf of the Board W.P. DOSN Directors

Barnato Brothers Limited

99 Bishopagata, London EC2M SXE, England 19 January 1988

P&O EUROPEAN Ferries is fac ing the threat of industrial action by UK and French action by UK and French unions over plans to cut more than 400 cross-Channel jobs. Shop stewards of the National Union of Seamen are holding meetings this week with about 2,000 P&O employees based in Dover to decide whether to negotiate the cuts or ballot in support of a strike.

	Quarte	randed	ended
OPERATING RESULTS	31.12.87		31.12.87
Gold Chemiliad—tons Yield—grams perton Koograms produced Figuenue—perton milied	3,2 2 675 R99,20	\$50,000 3,4 3,230 P100,87 R108,02	1822000 3.4 6 105 8 100.13 8 112.29
Worlung cost - per ton railed		R7,05	R12,15
Tonstreamd Yield - kilogramsperlon Kilogramsproduced	0,34	156000 0,35 56150	288 000 0.35 100 436
FINANCIAL RESULTS (ROOD)			
Revenue transgald	15 455	95 923 102 825 6 702 3 748	182 428 204 585 22 157 8 452
From uransum.	4344	4594	8 938
Net syndry revenue Loss before lax and State's share Tax and State a share	10749	2 955	13 705

Prevenue from gold and forward transactions **GOLD PRODUCTION**

to plan.	Quarter	Six months ended	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (R000)	31.12.87	30.09.87	31.12.87
Net expenditure: mining assets	\$ 635	9 056	15 893
otherassets	(336)	1772	1 448
Capital commitments at end of period	7 278	4543	7 278
LONG-TERM LOANS (ROQO)			
Balance at and ol period	17 300	18125	17 500
Interest paid during the period	_	_	
Repayments due within one year	2 500	2500	2500
FORWARD CONTRACTS			
The company previously entered into forward of	Andrews and	-	

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queries on investment and finance resolved crisply and surely. Statistics - offshore fund

performances.

Expessed - schemes to avoid and

The new Radio Authority, which will take over control of commercial radio from the Independent Broadrasting Authority is expected to be set up to autumn of 1983 and the first of the new national channcis could be on the air in 1990. The bill will also create the Broadcasting Standards Council to provided a focus for public complaints about the purtrayal of sex and violence on televi-

A new national VHF frequency will be made available and the other two frequencies will be reassigned from the BBC through the ending of simul-The Government statement

was welcomed by those who have been waiting for years to launch local community radio stations and by the many pirate stations who now hope to go "legitimate."

- News on money

Estimated level of radon gas deaths doubled

a for

NATURAL RADIOACTIVE gas which accumulates in buildings is causing 1,500 people a year to die in Britain from lung cancer, according to an estimate by the National Radiological Pro-

and Cornwall.

The protection board has set a domestic radon dose limit of 20 millisieverts per year, similar to the maximum radiation The board has doubled its estimate made a year ago of the number of deaths caused by the

number of deaths caused by the gas, known as radon.

The new figure takes account of increased radon risk estimates by the International Commission on Radiological Protection and the US Committee on the Biological Effects of lonizing Radiation. Radon levels in Britein are highest in Dawson. in Britain are highest in Devonand Cornwall.

houses in Devon and Cornwall.

Cornwall County Council is monitoring schools, offices and libraries. Mr Peter Richards, who runs the council's radon programme, says 244 buildings have been surveyed so far, and 113 have such high levels of radiation that they contravene the Health and Safety at Work Act. Most of these buildings are schools. Cornwall County Council is starting a programme to Scientists have only recently realised that radon gas causes more cancer in industrial countries than any other source of radation, natural or manufac-

In the US the Environmental cil is starting a programme to reduce radon levels in schools

In the US the Environmental Protection Agency puts the radon death toll at between 5,000 and 20,000 a year.

The problem is proportionately most serious in Sweden, where the radon lung cancer rate is 1,100 a year, according to the country'e Institute of Radiation Protection. The protection board esti-mates that there are about a thousand teachers, shop and

office staff in sooth-west England who must be regarded as a new class of radiation worker requiring the same radiological attention as radia-tion workers in the nuclear industry. Comment County The danger from radon can be reduced by preventing the gas getting into buildings. Radon results from the radioactive decay of natural uranium in rocks. It seeps up through the soil and is sucked into buildindustry. Cornwall County Council is about to start an ings, where the gas can build up to levels thousands of times and office workers will wear radiation dosemeters like higher than in the air outside. It decays into tiny radioactive protection board's leading radon export said that although

particles which stick to the surface of the lungs and can cause lung cancer many years later.

Research by the radiological protection board and the Building Research Establishment in Britain shows that radon levels pupils were vulnerable because of their youth, teachers spent more time inside schools and were more likely to smoke. "It. we take care of the teachers under the occupational safety regulations we will have taken can be reduced dramatically by sealing floors and increasing under-floor ventilation. The doubled estimate of the radon death toll in Britain may care of the pupils too." Technology, Page 12.

put political pressure on the Government to expand its \$300,000 anti-radon programme launched a Jear ago. This is concentrating on Devon and Comment.

dose proposed for workers in the nuclear industry. The board estimates that 20,000 homes have radon levels above that limit and is measuring radon in houses in Devon and Cornwall.

by pumping the gas from under

Mr Michael O'Riordan, the

Philip Coggan on former whizzkid Oliver Jessel's latest acquisition

Pouring oil on a troubled career

IT WAS a news item straight from the early 1970s. On Mon-day, a company 50 per cent owned by Mr Oliver Jessel announced that it had acquired management control of Falcon Resources, the oil and gas com-

pany.

Back in the days when Jessel
Securities was a \$500m industrial and financial empire, similar announcements seemed to group disintegrated in the 1974 crash and Mr Jessel is not seeking a return to the limelight. appear every week. But the

"I don't want to talk about it," he said yesterday. "It's not my comeback." Mr Jessel'e private company, Venturelarge, will be converting its £480,000 loan into Falcon equity, but the plan is to bring in some experienced oil men to run the business.

Mr Jessel'a partner in Ventu-relarge is a young financier called Mr Jonathan Rosen, who runs Standard Financial, a

insisting yesterday that all felt companies failed. "Lack of questions about the Falcon sense of timing, of entreprestake be addressed to Mr Rosen.

At the height of his fame in the early seventies, Mr Jessel Once Mr Jessel had so incan-



small corporate finance company. The pair have also collaborated in underwriting part of whitzkids who promised to the tree branch, it was only orated in underwriting part of whitzkids who promised to natural that nemesis should the recent rights issue for Barshican Holdings.

He derided the inefficiency of Barshican Holdings.

At the end of 1973, he prebican Holdings.

In his heyday, Mr Jessel was responsible for employing several young men who went on to be prominent City figures such as Mr Mark St Giles of GT Managements.

In the same 1972 interview.

gement and Mr Philip Ling of In the same 1972 interview, aden MacLellan. He was he outlined the reasons why he In the same 1972 interview,

At the end of 1973, he presided over a complex company with £540m of assets. These included wholly-owned subsidiaries in areas as diverse as owning ships and sugar estates, and substantial equity stakes in companies such as the steel group Johnson and Firth Brown and banking group G R Dawes.

Within a year, the financial tapestry was unravelling fast.

The problems began at the company's insurance subsidiary, London Indemnity. The 1973-74 stock market crash helped spread the difficulties to the rest of the group since Jessel had become described to the company of the stock that he was a stock to the company of the the co had borrowed heavily to finance the purchase of equity holdings. The end came in December 1975 when Jessel

December 1975 when Jessel Securities went into liquidation.

"The avaianche hit every-body," recalls Mr Jessel, who feels that the 1974 crash was totally different in character to Black Monday and its recent aftermath. "In comparison, October was just a modest readjustment." he save.

October was just a modest readjustment," he says.
"At the time of the 1974
crash," he said, "it was hard to
see why anyone would buy a:
British export again. Dividends
were limited by the Government; interest rates went
through the roof; inflation was
rising and no one knew how to rising and no one knew how to etop it; and foreign exchange controls meant overseas invest ment was a nightmare."

ment was a nightmare."

Despite his occasional ontburst, Mr Jessel was generally seen as one of the more likeable of the early 1970e wheeler dealers. Mr Philip Ling, one of his "old boys," certainly recalls him with affection.

"He was very charming, witty and amusing," says Mr Ling, who has built up his own engineering mini-conglomerate. "He didn't deserve the crash. I wonder how many current City

der how many current City businesses would go the same way if the 1974 downturn was

Accountants urged to report fraudulent clients more often

aged by their professional bodies to report their suspicions of DT's companies' investigation fraud and other illegal acts in client companies more often est takes precedence over confident than they do at present.

However, some senior accountants warn that this advice tants warn that this advice does not go far enough. The technical partner of ons top accountancy firm said yesterday that a change in the law was needed similar to that be affected and the likelihood which already requires auditors of banks and building societies to report fears of fraud.

The change of heart comes in the form of draft guidad corners the Auditor Fractions Corners and the law been inclinded in the auditor's area of responsibility

The change of heart comes in the form of draft guidance from the Anditing Practices Committee, members of which are the aix main accountancy bodies. The guidance, which is not likely to come into force until the end of this year, has received the support of the Trade and Industry Department and is designed to represent "best practice" immediately.

In a second important deveropment, illegal acts other than fraud have been inclinded in the auditor's area of responsibility for the first time. However, only matters which had a direct bearing on a company's financial statements should prompt auditors to act, said Mr Patient.

For instance, illegal dumping of chemicals should concern auditors if there were a danger of the company incurring costs in future as a result, he said.

"best practice" immediately.

In epite of political pressure, in future as a result, he said.

auditors have consistently complained that the common law sneaky about it," said a senior duty of confidentiality makes it partner of one large firm.

AUDITORS HAVE been encour- difficult for them to report sus

than they do at present.

This represents the first significant admission by the accountancy profession, after three years of heavy political pressure, that auditors should accept wider responsibility in helping bring frandsters to book.

Extracts precedence over control admission, after the Auditing Practices Committee has now moved to overcome this deadlock by issuing a broad definition of what "public interest" means. Mr Marthew accept wider responsibility in helping bring frandsters to book. we have rather been hoping not to face up to".

Quality essential, say industrialists

chairman, told a Confederation quality, and a quarter of British Industry conference senior manager responsib when evaluating companies, chief executive or managing quality of products and ser-director.

of the executives surveyed said it was essential for compenies to have a clearly defined strate egy on quality. Another 27 per before.

Mr John Butcher, the Industry Minister, told the conference that today's customers were more discerning than ever before.

BRITISH industrialists believe cent said the creation of such a BRITISH industrialists believe cent said the creation of such a that quality of goods and services is an assential impedient. However, industrialists admitted that many have not appointed a they had not appointed a senior manager to deal with the issue, according to a Mori poll published yesterday.

Mr Robert Worcester, Mori's had a director responsible for chairman told a Confederation coulity and a quarter had a that when 99 senior UK indus- 17 per cent of the companies trialists were saked what fac- auryeyed, quality was the tors they took into account responsibility of the chairman,

vices led the list.

He said quality was mentioned more often than issues euch as record of growth and profits and quality of manage
The poll was commissioned by Crosby Associates, a UK organisation associated with Mr Philip Crosby, an American proponent of the "zero defects"

THE COMMODORE A 2000 NEVER IN THE HISTORY OF BUSINESS SYSTEMS HAS SO LITTLE DONE SO MUCE



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output fell

November

THE OUTPUT of British manu-

facturing industry fell in November but the Government

remains confident that the trend is still upward.

Provisional figures released yesterday by the Central Statistical Office showed that mannfacturing output fell by 0.5 per cent in November compared

0.5% in

By Simon Holberton

Guinness labels shares purchase letter 'mystery'

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

LETTER indicating that Guinness had been involved in the secret purchase of 10m Dis-tillers shares was "something of a mystery to Guinness." the

a mystery to dunness. The company's counsel said in the High Court yesterday.

The letter had been written on April 18, 1986, to Mr Thomas Ward, then a Guinness director, by a Swiss company, Pinetee.

Pipetec. It confirmed a £75.6m purchase of Distillers shares "upon instructions from yourself and referred to undertakings by Guinness to repurchase the

Guinness to repurchase the shares and pay costs and other expenses to Pipetec.

Mr David Oliver. QC. for Guinness, said Guinness's only involvement was that it had lent the purchase price for the shares to Cazenove, which had been acting for Pipetec.

Cazenove had been "understandably nervous" that the cash would not be provided in

cash would not be provided in time by Bank Leu, a Swiss bank which was funding the pur-chase for Pipetec, its suhsid-

Cazenove had approached Morgan Grenfell, then Guinness's financial adviser, for a loan. Morgan Grenfell had been unable to helo, so Guinness had

unable to help, so Guinness had made the loan.

Mr Oliver said thet, in the event, Bank Leu had provided the money, so that lent hy Guinness hed been surplus to requirements and had been repaid to Guinness the next

Mr Oliver ecknowledged that, if the Pipetec letter reflected an arrangement entered into hy Mr

the former chairman and chief executive of Goinness. has been refused an order suspending the High Court action in which the com-pany is suing him and Mr Thomas Ward, a former Guinness director, over a S5.2m payment to Mr Ward.

However, Sir Nicolas

Browne Wilkinson, the
Vice Chancellor, said yesterday that the trial of the civil action should not take

place before Mr Saonders' prosecution on criminal charges arising out of the Guinness affair. The judge said any future

had not been involved in the transaction, made by Mr Olivier Roux, then Guinness's finance director, in a letter to the City Takeover Panel on April 17, Mr Roux's letter had been, "if

not positively untrue, certainly misleading," Mr Oliver said. Details about the shars purchase heve come to light in Guinness's challenge to the Takeover Panel's decision that Guinness was involved in a concert party with either Pipetec or Bank Leu in the purchase of the shares for 705p a share -75p above the cash alternative offered by Guinness in its takeover bid for Distillers.

Guinness complains that the panel reached its decision with-out taking evidence from key witnesses - notably Mr Ward and representatives of Pipetec Mr Oliver agreed with Lord The hearing continues today.

pre-trial hearings in Gulnoese's action should be held in private. Hegranted Mr Saonders' application that his connterclaim against Gninness for damages for wrongfol dismissal should

be sospeoded.

In a brief public statement after a private court bearing, the jodge said Mr Sannders was concerned that publicity in the civil action might prejudice his fair trial on the criminal charges.

charges.
There was "a large degree of overlap" between the civil and criminal cases, the jodge said.

Justice Watkins that Mr Roux's letter hed put the panel off the scent. He said that, had it been scent. He said that, had it been known that Guinness was funding the purchase - even overnight - for Cazenove, the panel might at that stage have instituted a very much more rigorous investigation.

Mr Oliver read a letter written by Guinness to the panel in

August in which the company said that the purported agreement in the Pipetec letter had never been agreed to by the Guinness board, which had been unaware of the matter until Bank Leu sent it a copy of

the Pipetec letter last January. If, as appeared, Mr Ward had signed a duplicate of that letter confirming, on Guinness's behalf, acceptance of its terms he had done so without Guin-ness's authority and the company was not bound by his sig-

thought the November figures may not have accurately measured output as last week's continued to have a profound employment data showed record rates of overtime being worked.

Continued to have a profound effect on building society receipts in December, helping to improve the year's figures after worked. Separately released figures by the Employment Department on unit labour costs and pro-

on unit labour costs and pro-ductivity when taken with the output data did raise some con-cerns in the market over pros-pects for inflation, given that output and productivity are forecast to slow, but wage pressures to increase. Manufacturing unit wage and ous six months. salary costs were up 2.4 per cent in November compared

growth in consumers' expendi-ture may be moderating. Independent economists said yesterday's figures were disap-

pointing - their expectation was for a small rise in output -

but news of the November fall appeared to have little effect

on financial markets. Some

During the year, societies received a net \$7.5bn from with a year ago. Unit labour costs have been creeping up during the year and were 1.6 per cent higher in the three months to the end of November retail savers, up from £6bn the previous year, but well below 1984's record of £8.6bn. Mortgage advances fell by 3 per cent last year, reflecting compared with the same period a year ago, while in the three months to the end of October Easier capital rules welcomed

they were 0.5 per cent higher. The figures also show a slight moderation in the rate of moderation in the rate of growth of manufacturing output per head, or productivity. In the year to November productivity rose 5.5 per cent against October's 7 per cent lations which will help to ease against October's 7 per cent lations which will help to ease the develop into the second half of the broken of November productivity rose 5.5 per cent lations which will help to ease ville-Ross, chief executive of Nationwide Anglia, the country's third largest action when the contract landing the lations which will help to ease the develop into the resources as they develop into the lations which will lations the country's third largest action when the contract landing the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will largest action to the lations which will largest action to the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will late the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be the capital resources as they develop into the lations which will be th end of November productivity grew at 6.6 per cent compared with 7.9 per cent in the three months to the end of October. The CSO figures showed that total industrial production was up 3.7 per cent in November

> gas industries was 2 per cent lower in November compared with a year ago.
> in the manufacturing sector in the manufacturing sector output of paper, printing and publishing was 11½ per cent higher than a year ago, while, motor vehicles and parts were up 11 per cent, "other" industries, such as plastics, packaging and furniture, np 11 per cent, and metals, 10 per cent higher.

compared with a year ago.
Output of the coal and oil and

Fewer rules on Britain's airwaves which passes the "variety test" will then be asked to deposit expansion in commercial radio in the UK announced yesterday by Mr Dooglas Hurd, the Home sealed envelopes containing Secretary, represent the biggest shake-up in the industry's his-

tory.

The Government plans to introduce a bill this antumn to create several hundred local and community stations and three national commercial sta-

"All these services will be free of the existing constricting statutory requirements which have applied to independent local radio. They will instead be subject to light regulation designed to protect the consumer rather than direct the broadcaster," Mr Hurd said in a Commons written answer. cent in November compared
with October's rise of 1.4 per
cent. However, Whitehall officials said monthly output figures were erratic and that they
saw no evidence of a slowing in

saw no evidence of a slowing in manufacturing output.

In the three months to November it was 6 per cent higher than a year ago and officials said manufacturing output was growing at an underlying trend rate of 6½ per cent. At the end of November, manufacturing output the three national commercial channels of competitive tender, attender this will not apply to turing output was growing at although this will not apply to its fastest rate since 1973. the local stations.

the local stations.

The City has been waiting for some sign of the economy slow-ling following the October 19 collapse in share prices. The fall in December retail sales, reported earlier this week, appeared to suggest the rate of programmes and something new to the consumer, rather than a solid diet of pop music 24 hours a day.

Any company or consortium

THE STOCK MARKET crash

Private investors who remained wary of the stock

market put just over \$1bn more into societies than they took out. This was only \$60m less than the November total and-meant net receipts for the last

three months of the year

equalled receipts for the previ-

resources as they develop into new areas of business. It also makes it less likely that societies will feel immedi-

selves into public companies to

The change, amounced by the Building Societies Commis-sion on Monday, allows them to include subordinated loan stock

when calculating their capital.

Until now, they have only been able to count reserves as capital, since as mutual institutions they have no access to equity finance.

This means their capital

and hence their level of busi-ness - has been limited by their

ability to generate funds inter-

have greater access to capital.

a poor start.

their bids with a newly-created Radio Authority which will take over the regulation of commercial radio from the independent Broadcasting Authority.
Only European Community nationals will be able to control

the new stations and newspa-per groups will be limited to a small stake – probably around 20 per cent – in radio stations and vice versa. The Government also plans to limit the concentration of power in commercial radio. No group will be able to control more than one national station or more than six local stations.

or more than six local stations.

"The key test which stations will have to pass, to obtain a licence to broadcast, is that of widening the range of consumer choice. They will have to live up to their promises to their audiences if they want to keep those licences," Mr Hurd said.

The existing Independent local radio stations "will be given the freedom to develop new styles of broadcasting which they have sought." which they have sought.

A wide range of community stations is envisaged - every-thing from specialist music

priots.

ew authority would the number of new and their scale ward its own regime for regula-The new authority would decide on the number of new

Building societies attract £1bn

- the last date for which accurate figures are available -

societies' market share had sunk towards 50 per cent. According to Mr John Bayliss,

general manager of Abbey National, the country's second

National, the country's second largest society, the decline in 1987 had to be seen in the context of a huge growth of societies' mortgage lending in 1986. When viewed in this light, last year's advances of £35bn were well ahead of the £26bn loaned in 1985.

try's third largest societ

ing the sentiments of other

pressure on societies' capital. The first is expansion into new

areas of husiness, such as unse-cured lending and insurance underwriting. This is likely to follow the review of building societies' powers currently under way at the commission and due for completion in the

the success of banks and other Societies Association, said: lenders in taking business away There are now clear signs that from societies. By the summer societies are recovering much

Advances in December were finance. It is also due, however, to a lower appetite in the maryear and commitments to lend up 24 per cent. Mr Mark Boleat, director general of the Building issues in the previous year.

large societies.

Two events are likely to put The regulations published this pressure on societies capital. week are significantly more

under way at the commission and due for completion in the next month.

The second reason for extra capital is likely to be the tougher capital regime that societies will find themselves in by 1992. At the moment, their the second reason for extra societies will find themselves in by 1992. At the moment, their the second reason for extra societies will find themselves in by 1992. At the moment, their the second reason for extra societies will find themselves in by 1992. At the moment, their the second reason for extra societies will find themselves in the form of subordinated debt, compared with 20 per cent previously proposed.

Subordinated debt, compared with 20 per cent previously proposed.

Previously, a discount of 50 per cent previously, a discount of 50 per cent previously.

mortgage lending requires only raise debt at fixed interest around 2 per cent capital back-rates, rather than only variable ing - although most societies rates, as proposed before.

Factors' body reports

Greek Cypriots.

is to radio stations for



Raymond Snoddy on a bill which would shake up commercial radio

Douglas Hurd: proposes to sell radio franchises

although that would partly depend on local demand. The Community Radio Association, in welcoming yeaterday's announcement, said it believed there would be at least 100 bids for licences from non-commercial community consortia. At the IBA Mr Peter Baldwin, director of radio, expressed dis-appointment at the Government

societies are recovering much of the market share that they

At a time when building soci-

eties have been allowed to increase their reliance on non-

retail funds from 20 per cent to 40 per cent of liabilities, funds raised in this way were just over £3bn in 1987, compared with £6bn in 1986.

This reflects in part the suc-cess of societies in attracting retail funds, leaving them less reliant on other types of finance. It is also due, however,

ments for mortgage lending of other financial institutions pro-

relaxed than draft proposals from the commission last year.

Changes made to the proposals following consultations with building societies include:

• Up to a third of total capital can be in the form of subordi-

lost in the first part of 1987."

tion "with a light touch" but had opposed the auctioning of licences Yesterday Mr Baldwin said

the Government had told him the IBA would have its hands too full with relevision and ast-ellite regulation to concentrate on radio.

on radio.
I discount that. The Ministry of Defence has its hands full with the navy and the air force but it doesn't have to give away the army." said Mr Baidwin, a former union army officer. former senior army officer.

The Government has also made clear that the IBA will be made clear that the thin was able to tender on the open market for the supply of specialist radio services such as radio spectrum management and provision of transmitters.

vision of transmitters.
Large ILR stations such as
Capital, which holds the London music and entertninment
franchise, welcomed yesterday's announcement and Mr Nigel Walmsley, the Capital managing director, said the company would, in some form, bid for a national channel.

Mr Norman Bilton, managing director of Radio Wyvera in Worcester, was more cautious. After three years of solid lesses the station expects to make

\$100,000 profit this year. "I hope the new competition doesn't destroy the majority of ILE stations. Life for the small and medium stations is going to be tough," Mr Bilton said.

Football stakes to be limited

BY PHILIP COGGAN

FOOTBALL LEAGUE chairmen after BPCC, Mr Max-vesterday agreed to prohibit individuals from holding signif-to buy Watford football club vesterday agreed to prohibit individuals from holding signif-icant interests in more than one

Soccer club.

However, the league stopped short of making the rule retrospective. This means that Mr Robert Maxwell, the publisher, well buying Warford unless he sold off his Derby and Oxford interests. existing interests in Derhy, interests, where he is chairman, and The am

from pop star Elton John. That

The amended regolation 80 Oxford, where his son Kevin is states that a person and his or chsirman.

of 10 per cent of the shares of a Meanwhile, Mr Hans Bangerter, the general secretary of Uefa, soccer's European governing hody, said yesterday that the ban on English football clubs playing in Europe would not be lifted, at least until May. The ban was imposed after

the Beigian Heysel stadium tragedy, in which 39 fans were killed after a riot hy Liverpool supporters. English authorities had hoped the han would be

The league called an extraor- associates can have interests in had hoped the ban would be dinary general meeting of its only one club, plus a maximum lifted at a Uefa meeting today.

EQUITY and Law, the life com- cent higher than in 1986. pany recently acquired by Compagnie du Midi, the French insurance and industrial holding company, is having problems maintaining its competition of the company's new affecting the company's new control of the company control of the contro tive position in the UK life assurance and pensions market. The company yesterday reported a near 5 per cent fall in its new life and pensions business premiums in last year compared with the previous

year.
This result is particularly disappointing given that overall new business growth hy life companies in 1987 continued to be extremely buoyant.

Figures issued last week by ths Association of British that company under the polar-insurers showed that new pre-minms last year were 24 per financial services legislation.

Decline at Equity and Law

business.
The company operates solely through registered insurance hrokers and other independent financial advisers. It is one of the life companies committed to

Mr Kerr said the company was hit in the early part of the year by certain intermediaries switching to other life compa-nles with the intention of becoming representatives of

the year was affected by the uncertainties over the takeover battle for the company. Mr Kerr said the company had taken strong measures to reclaim lost ground in the life and pensions market.

The company was in a much stronger financial situation following the takeover. The sales network had been reorganised with the inspectorate force the Campaign for Independent Financial Advisers. planned to increase by 50 per cent. The product range was

being revamped, Equity and Law, in common with other life companies, will be actively promoting its pen-sion contracts this year as the new pensions environment comes into being.

Holiday bookings rise as price war hots up

BY DAVID CHURCHILL, LEISURE INDUSTRIES CORRESPONDENT

age tour holiday operators has led to a buoyant level of booking for this summer's sunshine holidays, the operators and travel agents said yesterday. The price cuts, caused hy sluggish demand in the months

being sold this month.
Some tour operators warned
of a possible holiday shortage.
The buoyancy of sales this The trade was sceptical about ILG's figures, pointing out that the corresponding week last year was hit by bad weather. eason last autumn.
Consumers were reluctant to

operators to announce special price reductions for holldays booked io January. Travel agents added further discounts. The International Leisure Group, the main holiday com-

THE PRICE WAR among pack- pany of which is Intasun, said yesterday it had received 250,000 firm hookings or options to buy holidays last

Mr Roger Heape, Intasun managing director, said: "This was about 50 per cent np on the before Christmas, have led to same week last year and some 5 record nombers of holidays being sold this month. same week in January 1986.

Thomson Holidays, the mar-ket leader, said bookings in book early because of the wide January were well np on both spread availability of late bar the same time last year and the gains last summer as well as pre-Christmas level of trade, some uncertainty about eco- However, Mr Charles Newbold, gains last summer as wen some uncertainty about economic conditions following the fall in financial markets.

This led the leading tour still marginally behind last

Call to cut army costs

keeping British forces in West ing. The audit office said man-Germany is more than £1hn and there is scope for better financial and management control and for further cost cuts, the National Audit Office said the National Audit Office said for further administrative for f

keeping those forces in West len headquarters of British Germany rather than 2t home is shout \$255m.

The MoD should try to iden-

The Defence Ministry and the foreign Office were urged to reconsider increased peace-time support from the West German pany them on postings to West support from the West German Government for British forces West in Germany. Also, "value for money targets set for British forces in Germany should be forces Germany. HMSO. \$5.20. Itself succeed at a ted wrongly that a \$260,000 grant was heing made by the Nuffield Foundation to Liverpool Unline forces in Germany should be forces Germany. HMSO. \$5.20.

THE FOREIGN exchange cost of more wide-ranging and demand-

Takeshita to visit Britain before summit

BY Peter Montagnon, World

MR NOBORU TAKESHITA, Japan's Prime Minister, has accepted an invitation to visit the UK in the run up to the Toronto economic summit in It will be his first meeting

It will be his first meeting with Mrs Margaret Thatcher since taking office late last year, although the two leaders have met before when Mr Takeshita was Finance Minister.

Acceptance of the invitation was conveyed to Downing Street yesterday by Mr Hajime Tamura, Japan's Trade Minister, who is on a visit to Britain and spent half an hour discussing Anglo-Japanese trade relaing Anglo-Japanese trade rela-tions with the Prime Minister. Mrs Thatcher told him Japan still had e long way to go in improving its balance of trade with the UK. Japan's exports to

Britain last year were worth £5.6bn against UK sales to Japan of £1.4bn. However, Mrs Thatcher also welcomed measures taken by Japan to open up its economy, citing particularly agreement on the involvement of Cable and Wireless in tendering for Japnese international telecom-munications services and the decision to grant four British securities firms seats on the Tokyo Stock Exchange,
Mr Tamura told her Japan was intent on reforming its liquor tax system which UK

Leverhulme Trust

manufacturers argue discriminates against Scotch whisky.

An article in Monday's FT about research into why some cities succeed at ted wrongly that a \$260,000 grant was

Proposals welcomed to curb misuse of alcohol

the Government to help tackle the growing problem of alcohol misuse were welcomed yester-day by a broad spectrum of nterests.
Action on Alcohol Abuse, a

charity, said the recommenda-tions were acceptable while the Brewers Society said some were in line with steps it was already

taking.

The main proposals, outlined by Mr John Wakeham, chairman of the Ministerial Group on man of the Ministerial Group on Alcohol Misuse, include:

Tightening the offence of selling alcohol to nader-age drinkers and increasing penalties for those found guilty of doing so from £100 to £400.

Making it illegal for wholesalers to sell alcohol to people under 18, a new offence.

Reoniring the alcoholic Requiring the alcoholic strength of pre-packaged and dispensed drinks to be clearly

shown, a new regulation.

MEASURES recommended by Requesting the BBC and IBA the Government to help tackle to review the way alcohol is the growing problem of alcohol presented to viewers. Requesting the IBA and the Advertising Standards Authority, in co-operation with the drinks industry, to take a fresh look at advertising codes of

> industry to increase promotion of low and non-alcoholic beers and wines.
>
> The measures, some of which will be inserted into the Government's Licensing Bill, are weaker than recommendations put forward last year by the

> Masham Committee Masham Committee.
>
> The Advertising Association, which represents the advertising industry, said yesterday it was pleased the Wakeham Committee had looked at its evidence on advertising and alco-holic consumption in which it claimed advertising did not

reported by members of the Association of British Factors resociation of british rations-increased by 24 per cent last year, according to figures pub-lished yesterday.

The association said its nine

members, which represent more than 90 per cent of the factoring market, saw business rise a record \$1.4bn to £7.08bn. Domestic factoring increased by 21 per cent while interna-tional business rose by 9 per

Factoring companies provide services for clients which include making money available against a proportion of a cli-ent's sales invoices, maintaining sales ledgers, assessing the credit worthiness of clients'

24% rise in business THE VOLUME of husiness the association, said: "Accoun-reported by members of the tants, bankers and other advisers are recognising and recom-mending the henefits of factoring more than ever before, and this is reflected in

our ever increasing business volume. The number of clients served by members of the association increased from 4,826 in 1986 to 5,406 in 1987. The trend towards clients with a turnover of more than \$1m continued while the pro-

portion of clients with a turn-over of less than £500,000 fell from 52 per cent to 51 per cent. The gross value of had debts absorbed by the factors on behalf of clients rose 18 per cent to £3.12bn in 1987. But the number of UK debtor accounts subject to legal action at the man and fall by almost 7 customers, dispatching statements, collecting debts and assuming 100 per cent of the debt risk.

Mr Tom Hutson, chairman of the debt compared to 1986.

Lawson stresses moral basis for tax cuts

BY PHILIP STEPHENS, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

MR NIGEL LAWSON, the Chan-erument". Belief in egalitarian— The "New Britain" created by cellor, yesterday sought to ism had meanwhile been the Conservatives was also underscore the moral and philo-replaced by conviction on based on a shift in the tide of underscore the moral and philo-sophical foundation for his tax-cutting ambitions, arguing that such policies reflected a decisive change in the "tide of ideas" in Britain.

In a appeach designed to emphasise the importance of ideas in political life, Mr Law-son said the principles and poli-cies of the present sovernment

cies of the present government represented a radical departure from the post-war consensus. That change signalled an acceptance that progress and prosperity were best secured through choice and the market rather than through "big gov-

replaced by conviction on incentive and opportunity, he told the Centre for Policy

As a result, nine years of the Thatcher Government had "changed the face of Britain". The shift had been endorsed overwhelmingly in two elec-tions and had been reinforced by the spread of ownership - in housing and shares.

The spread of personal ownership is in harmony with the deepest instincts of the British people. Few changes have done more to create one nation", he said.

based on a shift in the tide of ideas towards acceptance of the "basic human instinct of self-in-Mr Lawson said. terest", he added. The economic benefits of capitalism had long been accepted, but many people had recoiled from what they

thought morally dubious. The point that had been missed, however, was that a society hased on freedom is inherently stronger, and heal-thier, than a society based on state coercion". While capital-ism embraced the basic instincts of self-improvement and self-interest, neither need lead to self-inness.

"It may be no coincidence that since 1979 giving to char-lty has doubled in real terms",

Nor was it in any way immoral for the state to take less from the citizen by way of taxes. On the moral plane, those who worked in govern-ment were no more immune from self-interest than others.

On a practical plane, a lower hurden of taxation was an essential element in developing the "enterprise culture". The Government challenge now was to take this change into areas where they were still too frequently absent.

The rising cost of true love By Feoria McEwen

YOUNG COUPLES in Britain embarking on marriage for the first time are spending more on their weddings than ever, according to a report published yesterday. The average cost of tying the knot is \$4,279, a rise of

13 per cent compared with a year ago. One of the most expensive items is the bride's fairy-tale wedding gown. On average, brides-to-be splash out \$365 to look their best. The engagement ring is

another major ontlay at about \$285. Beyond the wedding there is the increasingly costly process of setting up home. The 84 per cent of newlyweds who buy their own house or flat part with \$35,000 for the privilege, a size of 26 per duri in a case.

newlyweds by Wedding Home magazine. The typical bride-to-be is 23 and her flance 25. Their

engagement lasts 20

months.

Rising divorce tates appear to have done little to dampen first-timer enthusiasm. Couples atlit opt to mark their marriage with a big occasion.

Formality and tradition are back in vogue. Most grooms choose to wear a

grooms choose to wear a morning suit rather than a morning suit rather than a lounge suit · 43 per cent opt for the full regalia compared with 30 per cent who prefer lounge suits, a drop of 8 percentage points.

More men have taken to wearing wedding rings—although how permanent the habit is goes unreported—with the figure now reaching 85 per cent.

ing 85 per cent.
His wedding band costs
about \$75 and hers \$78. The passage of love rans to different timetables

to different timetables around the country.

Londoners tend to get married later and lavish most on their big day, followed by Northern Ireland.

Couples in the east have the cheapest weddings.

The Scots tend to marry younger, the Weish are keener on registry offices.

Yorkshire men are more partial to wedding rings than other men and Lancastrians take longest to reach the altar with engagements of 23 months.

of 23 months. According to the findings, most couples still seal their tryst traditionally, with nine out of 10 choosing a church cerewony, a rise of 5 percentage points.

Registry, office, much in the couples and the couples are considered to the couples are

percentage points.

Begistry office weddings are marginally down at 5 per cent.

Civil ceremonies followed by church blessings have dropped from 5 to 2 per cent.

Becording the big day is a top priority. Nearly all couples employ a professional photographer at a cost of £176 while video recordings are increasingly popular—49 per cent opt for this.

Just over half the couples interviewed went abroad for their honeymoon, with Greece as the top romantic destination followed by Spain and the Balearic Islands.

France attracts 3 per cent of British honeymooners and the US 2 per cent.

To fund their new home, most couples take the tradi-tional route of obtaining a mortgage from a building society about 77 per cent opt for this, while 12 per cent go to the bank and 6 per cent turn to an insur-

ance company.
Most couples start ont
with savings of \$5090 in a
building society.

declines to show shadow of a smile...

THE THATCHER physiog-nomy - the face that Isunched a thousand priva-tisations - seemed to be the subject of intense interest in the Commons yesterday in the run up to the much heralded debate on the Labour motion attacking heralded debate on the Labour motion attacking the Government's record on the National Health Service. A new Liberal MP, Romaie Fearm, asked the Prime Minister a question about tourism and added plaintively. "When she replies could she smile? I have been here seven months and I have never seen her smile yet." In fact the lady does occasionally permit a wintry smile to cross her face and there is sometimes a predetory, menacing grin of triumph when she has just vanquished a hostile questioner. On this occasion it was impossible to judge her reaction as she turned her back on the press gallery when she replied to Mr Fearm.

The part of the pa

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when also replied to Mr Fearn.
There was certainly the need for some cheer on the Tory back benches after the rough treatment their party has been getting in the media over the state of the

NHS.
A little later Robin Cook,
Labour's Health and Social
Sceurity spokesmanmounted a savage and
highly effective onsleaght
on the Government ever the
state of the NHS. He too
was fascinated by the
Thatcher countenance. Thatcher countenance.



He and his colleagues could study it from the Opposition benches, an advantage denied to the Tories who at behind her. They had watched her closely as she continually replied to Labour attacks by reciting statistics showing extra spending on the health service under her Government.

The fact was that she dis-liked the NHS precisely because it treated everyone equally regardless of income, he added like was even more annayed that the service was actually popular because of this.

The Labour spokesman also kanded out some brutal treatment to Tory backbenchers including fir Rhodes Boyson and Noman Tebbit.

Tebbit the

Rhodes Boyson and Avernance
Tebbit.
Tebbit, the former Tory
Party chairman who has
taken on several directorships since returning to the
back benches, came in for a
harsh tongue-lashing.
According to Mr Cook,
Tebbit had suddenly discovered that it was the nurses
who were to blame for the
deficiencies of the RHG
because too many of them
were moonlighting.
"I do bow to the Rt Hea
Gentloman's superior
knowledge of moonlighting," he observed.
But Mr Tebbit, ever ready
to counter-attack, explained
that Mr Cook had misunderstood his speech. He

stood his speech. He thought that Mr Cook might benefit from a little moon-lighting and a little less moonshipe.

LEEPAL and Social Democrat leaders yesterday attempted to play down the minual recriminations, suspicions and doubts of the last few days and tried instead to concentrate on the task of winning mamixum support for the merger package agreed on Monday night. They were only partially successful.

This revised policy statement, which forms the final element in the package, was being promoted by both parties as a credible and attractive platform from which the Social and Liberal Democratic party can be launched in March.

Opponents of the merger were equally quick to condemn the policy document as a compromise stand, forged out of political expediency and lacking in cohesive commitment and credibility.

From the Liberal anti-merger wing, Mr Tony Greaves, who resigned from the negotiations over the choice of name for the new party, said the moonshine.

But it was John Moore, the Social Services Services Services, who was Mr Cook's real prey. This ambitious and threating Cabinet minister has recently had a long spell in hospital and since his return to Whitehall has come in for some flak from his own backbenchers about the handling of the health service issue.

dling of the health service issue.

Mr Cook, after welcoming him back and expressing his pleasure at his return to health, quickly got to work with his scalpel. He believed that Mr Moore was now being fingered as the culprit for the bad publicity the Government was receiving on this issue.

This was a crucial speech for Mr Moore but he seemed to find it heavy going regainst frequent heckling from the Opposition. There were imparient grouns from Labour MFs as he once again recited familiar statistics about the Government's record on the NHS.

He also was roughly had dled over the fact that he had been a private patient during his recent illness.

Mrs Thatcher was not remember to the Chamber to

Mrs Thatcher was not present in the Chamber to support in the Champer to support her Secretary of State during the opening of this impotent debate but no doubt she will get a full report on the proceedings. As Mr Cook would say, it In David Owen, the former party leader, could not agree with.

Among supporters of the merger party as not about to package, Mr Des Wilson, the former party as not about to package, Mr Des Wilson, the former party as not about to package, Mr Des Wilson, the former party leader, could not agree with.

Among supporters of the merger party leader, could not agree with.

As for its Liberal author, Mr Wilson said the party was not about to knock him off his perch on the basis of one, mistaken judgment.

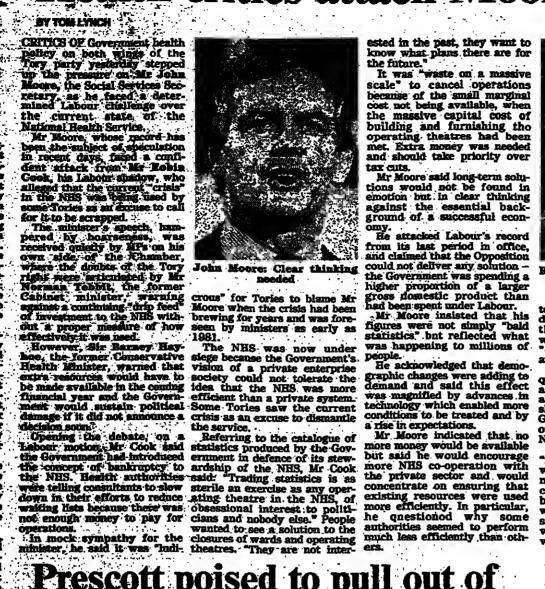
While efforts to marshal support for the deal were stepped up, a less relevant but nevertheless intriguing analysis of the events of Monday to win the necessary support at this ould be interesting to see, e expression on her face

Thatcher Health critics attack Moore from all sides

MR JOHN PRESCOTT, Labour's

energy spokesman; last night appeared poised to announce that; he will not force an autumn election for the deputy leadership of his party.

**The Research of the second under



Prescott poised to pull out of

contest for deputy leadership

Mr Teny Greaves, who resigned from the negotiations over the choice of name for the new party, said the parkage represented a "botched-up deal" which included a hidden agends that had been exposed by the two feaders original, ill-fated policy statement. It was, he added, "just another act in the pantomine".

Mr Michael Meadowcroft, the former Liberal MP who also resigned from the negotiations, twisted the knife further into Mr Steel, the Liberal leader, by claiming he "never had any judgment" and that his collegges had "carried him for 10 the agreement was attacked by Mr lished and the two leaders admitted it was a mistake."

The agreement was attacked by mr is need and the two leaders admitted to leaders attacked by mr it was a mistake."

ShP MP as "a classic case of our old friends, fudge and mudge". Mr document as an "aberration" and he accepted that it was now as "dead as Robert Macleman, the ShP leader, to John Cleese's parrot". Mr Macleman help rewrite the policy document, preferred later to acknowledge simplicity definition of "fudge and ply that the document was not "being purely greatered to be strictling that

mudge" appeared to be anything that used for the purpose for which it was Dr. David Owen, the former party leader, could not agree with.

As for its Liberal author, Mr Wil-

BY MICRAEL CASSELL, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

Michael Cassell on divergent reaction to the latest Liberal-SDP policy package

Merger doubts refuse to lay down and die

Des Wilson (left): package 'will win support'; David Owen: told Fleet Street of his incredulity

rushed to the Limehouse home of Dr Owen in an abortive attempt to kiss

and make up — was under way.

Mr John Grant, yet another negotiator who had also gone the way of several Liberal negotiating colleagues, claimed yesterday that he had arranged the dramatic meeting.

at Narrow Street - the historic set-ting for the birth of the SDP. He said he had fixed the meeting

on the understanding that Mr Macleonan wanted to discuss his own doubts, still allegedly alive yesterday

afternoon, about the merger package.

Dr Owen, expecting a thwarted party
leader seeking consolation and co
operation over a stiff Scotch,

agreed to see him.

Then he watched Mr Maclennan on

television, as the party leader left the successful merger negotiations at SDP headquarters, amounce that he planned a final attempt to reunite the

planned a final scientifit to reunite the party behind the merger package. An angry Dr Owen, in the middle of cele-brating his daughter's ninth birthday party, let Mr Maclennan in; five min-utes later he showed him out.



Robin Cook: Trading statistics is a sterile exercise

He added that he would seek to move the focus of the health debate more towards the objectives of health care. It was wrong for the health debate to "degenerate" into "destructive attacks" on the NHS.

Mr Tebbit said fundamental questions should be asked about the total resources available for the NHS and how they should be raised. He urged the Government to "seize the opportunity" of the review of NHS funding.

opportunity" of the review of NHS funding.

He snggested that this "nationalised" system was not working well because there was no balance sheet on which the cost of capital investment could be taken into account. Capital through an insurance scheme. Sir Barney welcomed the prospect of increased co-operation between the NHS and the private sector

tively it was being used.
"If capital comes free it is likely to be badly used. If we do not account efficiently for it, how can we know if the people

in the system are doing well or in the system are doing well or doing badly?
"I would strongly object to a policy of drip-feeding £100m by £100m or £1bn by £1bn to those who complain the loudest." Such a policy would produce a worse service because it

was not an efficient way of allocating and using resources. Sir Barney Hayhoe warned ministers that the longer they delayed the "virtually certain" decision to allocate more funds In the coming financial year the more they would dissipate the political advantages which would flow from it and damage the morale of those providing health care.

He suggested that up to \$0.5bn would be needed to relieve the mounting pressure on so many health authorities and stressed that, because of the reports that money was washing out of the "attics of the Treasury," appears who imagined that the next pay award for doctors, nurses and midwives would not exceed 4.5 per cent was living in a dream world.

PM defends record on children's heart care

MRS MARGARET Thatcher, the Prime Minister, in a forther defence of the Govern-ment's record in providing funds for the NHS, said the number of children's heart operations had "increased enormously" since Labour left office in 1979.

To cheers from the Con-servative back benches, she stressed: "For every five that were carried out up to 1979, something like seven 1979, something like seven or eight are carried out now." Mrs Thatcher again clashed angrily with Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour leader, who quoted Mr Stephon McMullan, the father of a 22-month-old girl waiting for heart surgery. He desied that he was indulging in party politics in joining with other parents in "fighting for the lives of our children".

assument committee and is this informing expected to meet the crecutive of the National Union of Seamen (NUS), his sponsor anxious to avoid any party striking a deal under which the decision this afternoon at the Commons.

The Labour leader assemble if the Prime Minister had refused to see Mr McMullan and other parents when role of the Labour deputy leader will be debated at this sponsor.

Commons. "home truths like that". Mrs Thatcher re-affirmed

Commons.

It is thought that, if Mr Prescott will be debated at this year's annual party conference. In return, Mr Prescott will be on the basis of a deal Labour leader, to discuss the stination, is understood to have him and Mr Sam McCluskie, the acted as a broker between Mr highly unlikely decision, does not seek re-election. her determination to give Mr Kinnock the figures showing the improvements which had been achieved since 1979 and which he did not want to hear "because

they are so good".

She also emphasised that in the case of oight-month-old Matthew Mulhall, which was discussed in the House last week, the consultant concerned had advised the that the largest possible replacement heart valve

could be used.

The Prime Minister said the consultant had envisaged that the operation would take place in four to-six months' timo but these facts had not prevented Matthew's case continuing

Mr Roland Boyes (Lab, Houghton and Washington) asked: "Exactly why would you not meet the parents of the children who came to see yon yesterday about the urgent and desperate need for heart surgery for their children?"

parents that it would be best to allow him to grow so

Mrs Thatcher said she did not normally receive peti-tions and added that she usually carried out eight to Il engagoments in a day.
The Birmingham children's
hospital had been the subjoet of an "excellent
dsbate" in the Commons
last Friday.

The former SDP leader phoned Fleet Street to make known his incre-

dulity at the late-night visit and to

distance himself from a party leader-ship which be believed had finally

lost touch with reality.

For good measure, Mr Grant accused Mr Maclennan of "shabby

and dishonorable conduct" and of an

outrageous abuse of his personal trust and friendship. Either that or the party leader had performed the

most remarkable political "U-turn" for decades, he added. Mr Wilson sprang to Mr Maclen-

nan's defence, describing his initia-tive as the action of "a decent and

sincere man" who, flushed with success in the negotiations, made a last gesture of reconcillation. Dr Owen's

ungracious response, he suggested, said more about the host than his

Mr Maclennan's own vorsion of

Mr. Maclennan's own vorsion of eyegts was broadly eimilar. He played down Mr Grant's role in the entire affair, claimed his intention all along was to retain unity within the SDP and said he had personally arranged the meeting with Dr Owen. He claimed his critics were united by their wish to see the merger fail. The SDP leader, who admitted yesterday that his "Churchillian tendency" led him to shed tears of frustration and disappointment during

tration and disappointment during one of last week's make-or-break meetings, preferred instead to talk of a triumphant conclusion to months of negotiations in smoke-filled rooms.

He spoke, perhaps somewhat extrav-

agantly, of an agreement that would help "set British politics alight".

The policy document, which he was not allowed to write but was eventu-ally persuaded to accept, tones down

all the most controversial elements of

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all the most controversial elements of the original leaders' policy statement. It repeatedly omploys the prospect of "changing circumstances" and the creation of a new policy-making machinery to justify its initial, broad-brush stance on issues the leaders wanted to confront head-on. However, everything has changed in the last few days. As Mr Wilson sighed yesterday: "It has been a hell of a week" – and it was only Tues-

Give to those who gave - please

How jobs market reacted to Black Monday

BY MICHAEL DIXON

ALMOST every cooversation the Jobs column has had with folk in the recruitment trade these past three months has been dominated by a particular topic. It is the effect of Black Monday and subsequent events in the world's stock exchanges on employment prospects for senior workers, not just in the finance sector, but everywhere. While there were a few modest optimists as well as some downright Jeremiahs among the headhunters, the consensus view was sombre. Everyone - myself included -thought the share-price collapse which started on October 19 must have reversed the previous growth in total demand for managers and key

demand for managers and key specialist workers.
So I am surprised, not to say flabbergasted, by the MSL International consultancy's latest quarterly count of executive-type jobs advertised in the United Kingdom. For it indicates that the top end of the employment market in Britain strode over Black Monday without even noticing.

UNITE	D KINGDOM ADVER		R MANAGERS AND December 31)	SENIOR SPECIALI	ST STAFF
Type of work	1987 Posts Change adver- from Used 1986	1986 Posts Change adver- from Lised 1985 %	1985 Posts Change adver- from tised 1984 %	1984 Posts Change adver- from tised 1983	1983 Posts Change adver- from tised 1982 %
R & O Marketing Production Accounting Computing General ingt. Personnel Others	3,374 - 8.4 6,276 + 1.7 5,465 + 13.6 7,627 + 19.1 3,298 + 11.8 1,611 + 27.1 1,103 + 19.6 6,531 + 18.9	3,683 - 44.8 6,174 - 4.6 4,809 - 31.7 6,402 - 4.7 3,739 - 13.8 1,268 - 5.1 922 - 4.2 5,493 - 16.8	6,674 - 10.5 6,471 - 5.1 7,036 + 1.5 6,721 + 12.4 4,337 + 7.4 1,336 + 2.0 962 - 6.3 6,602 + 14.6	7,457 + 3.7 6,822 + 6.5 6,931 + 14.8 5,978 + 13.8 4,040 + 34.8 1,310 + 2.6 1,027 + 14.9 5,759 + 42.9	7,189 + 49.6 6,407 + 19.9 6,039 + 49.3 5,254 + 18.1 2,996 + 51.6 1,277 + 2.5 894 + 35.7 4,030 + 35.4
TOTAL	35,285 + 8.6	32,490 - 19.1	40,139 + 2.1	39,324 + 15.4	34,086 + 33.7
Jan-March April-June July-Sept OctDec.	9,166 + 41 8,597 + 5.2 8,274 + 8.0 9,248 + 17.8	8,804 - 24.3 8,172 - 21.5 7,664 - 19.4 7,850 - 8.7	11,624 + 9.3 10,412 + 3.8 9,507 - 2.6 8,596 - 3.3	10,637 + 16.9 10,034 + 20.3 9,760 + 20.7 8,893 + 3.9	9,100 + 37.5 8,340 + 49.2 8,086 + 18.5 8,560 + 32.3

So I am surprised, not to say flabbergasted, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's So I am surprised, by the MSL International consultancy's Chief counter of International consultancy's Solid and International consultancy's Chief counter of International consultancy's International consultancy's Chief Counter of International consultancy's International consultancy's International consultancy's International consultancy's International consultancy's International consultancy of International consultancy in the cyclical mould and the last oppose of work the cyclical mould and the last oppose of work. As readers can see, 1987 the cyclical mould and the last oppose of work. As readers can see, 1987 the declared. International consultancy in the cyclical mould and the last oppo

that the UK's economy depends more and more on the full

against 1,525 and 4,330 in the two previous years.

Nor is there very much area looks alarmingly small.

The number of posts advertised was not only less than half the figure in the same category's boom time three years before, but was lower than in any 12-month period since 1981 when the executive and key-specialist market as a whole hit a record low with an annual total of but 18,795 jobs all told.

Moreover, even in 1981, the B & D area took a higger share of the overall demand than it had last year: 14.4 per cent as against 1987's mere 9.6. In 1983-84, when the market was approaching its recent peak, the share taken by research, design and development was around 20 per cent. The only people to enjoy such a large slice of demand in the year just ended were finance and accounting staff who, for all their virtues, can hardly act as the mainsprings of innovative industry.

Against 1,525 and 4,330 in the two previous years.

Nor is there very much coursement in the counts for the other pair of sectors.

One is food, drink and tobscoo in which the 1,021, while better than the previous year's 953, was down from the 1,161 of 1985. The other - retailing - edged up to 1,141 last year from 1,121 in 1986 and 1,098 12 months before. But that they rise has to be set against the fall in retail sleak in December.

Even so, baving seen the disdainful way in which the executive jobs market treated sugarinst the fall in retail sleak Monday, I shall go on hoping for further happy surprises at least until the count for the 2 junuary-March disdainful way in which the 1987 and 1,098 12 months before. But that they rise has to be set against the fall in retail sleak in December.

Even so, baving seen the disdainful way in which the executive jobs market treated and in the pair of sectors.

Che if food, drink and tobscoom in which the 1,021, while better than the other retailing - edged up to 1,021 line in the 2,021 line in the count for the 1,161 of 1985. The other - retailing - edged up to 1,021 line in the 2,021 line in the coun the mainsprings of innovative

the mainsprings of innovative industry.

A similar dampening message is given by the demand figures for two of the four industrial sectors in which MSL makes counts of all higher-ranked jobs advertised. The first of the two is the high-technology sector, where last year's total was 2.714 compared with 2.911 in 1986 and no fewer than 4.888 the year before that. The second is the energy-related division where the latest 12 RG16 0XD; tel 0885 201712, months brought 1,446 posts as statements from high offices months brought 1,446 posts as telex 858902 Baron G.

against 1,525 and 4,330 in the two previous years.

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Institutional, wholesale and private client business development for options, futures and all banking and investment instruments. CHIEF DEALER — To lead an active team covering principal and client interests in £230,000 to £50,000 — futures, options, money markets, bonds, CD's etc. Senior traders/dealers with experience in all pits.

COMPLIANCE £12,000 to £30,000

Team leaders and auditing assistants with practical relevant experience.

SUPPORT AREAS Including order desk, settlements, credit analysis, margins etc.

Applicants with current relevant experience whose backgrounds match any of the above requirements are invited to contact Michael Hetchings or Vanessa Nokes.

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Recruitment Consultants

No.1 New Street, (off Bishopsgate), London EC2M 4TP. Telephone: 01-623 1266. Fax: 01-626 5258.



Our Client one of the Top 20 Banks in the World is committed to an expansion of its treasury and foreign exchange dealing activities.

An OFF BALANCE SHEET TRADER is required to initiate this trading, specifically in Financial Futures, FRA's, Interest Rate Swaps etc.

Two SPOT DEALERS are sought with a successful record in trading Cable or \$/DEM.

A young dealer with some experience of CURRENCY SWAPS dealing is also required.

Salaries on the above positions are highly negotiable and dealers interested in acquiring further information, are invited to call Gordon Brown personally to discuss them.

Gordon Brown

APPOINTMENTS ADVERTISING For Further Information Call 01-248 8000

Tessa Taylor ext. 3351 Deirdre Venables ext. 4177 Patrick Williams ext, 3694

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A recently established Securities house is

The successful applicant will have proven

seeking a self-motivated Senior Manager who will report directly to the Managing Director.

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Salary and benefits package are negotiable

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Ionathan Wren **SPOT CABLE TRADER**

The London branch of a leading Italian bank is seeking a foreign exchange dealer. Prospective candidates should have a minimum of three years experience dealing on spot cable. Salary negotiable (at market rates) plus excellent fringe benefits. Contact Norma Given.

SPOT/FORWARD DEALERS

A major European bank is further expanding its successful foreign exchange team and is therefore seeking several experienced \$/major European currency dealers. Very competitive salaries and benefits will be offered to attract high calibre candidates. Contact Norma Given.

EDP AUDIT

£20,000 to £35,000 neg

Our client, a prime UK merchant bank, is Involved in all aspects of international banking and securities via their London, New York and Tokyo offices. In order to continue their commitment to product Innovation, our client is looking to recruit several EDP auditors whose experience will cover the following: -Evaluation of computer based financial systems, review of computer security and data protection, assessment of computer strategy and policy development and leadership to other audit personnel throughout the use of retrieval software. We are also seeking an ACA (salary c£35,000) and a non-qualified auditor with EDP banking experience (salary £20,000 to £25,000). Contact Terry Rickaby or Brian Gooch.

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OPTIONS SPECIALISTS

On behalf of our client, a major UK international merchant bank, we are seeking two specialists for their expanding options business. The first position is located within their debt option group, which is aligned to their highly regarded swaps team. Principally, the duties will include product development and trading in a wide variety of exchange traded and OTC interest rate options. A high degree of numeracy and a familiarity with computers are pre-requisites.

The second position is for a trader for their yield curve arbitrage desk where the duties will be the formulation of trading strategies and the management of the trading positions in the gilt and short sterling markets.

Salary will not be a constraining factor to the suitably quelified candidates. Both these positions carry a highly attractive benefits package which will include a significant bonus. In both cases the career prospects are excellent.

For an initial discussion in complete confidence, please telephone or send a Curriculum Vitae to Michael Williems, Consultant.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH AND SELECTION CONSULTANTS 7 Birchin Lane 01 626 2150 London EC3V 9BY 01 626 2092 Devonshire Oxecutiv A member of The Devonshire Group Pic

BANKING AN	ID STOCKBROKING OF	PORTUNITIES
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Legal & General is one of the market leaders in the financial sector - a position we're determined not just to retain but substantially strengthen. And whether it's through advertising, direct mail, third party lists, telemarketing or the many other methods available, we're convinced that direct marketing will be one of the means by which our goals are achieved.

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£35,000 package, plus car

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In fact, the Direct Marketing Manager will also form part of Legal & General's Life Group Management team, and therefore be a driving force behind our growth.

In addition, of course, he or she will need to be able to identify then set up, additional in-house and third party marketing opportunities, plan and develop marketing strategies, and work with other senior managers to maximise direct marketing opportunities throughout the Life and Pensions Group.

That's why we will expect you to have in depth marketing experience, ideally gained at a senior level in the personal financial services sector

A background which, if you join us at Hove, will ensure that your salary will be extremely competitive, and that the many benefits will include individual and company profit sharing schemes, car and, if appropriate, relocation assistance.

For further details, please send your

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in expanding the team, we are looking for the brightest, most openminded and acutely perceptive Economists/Analysts who are eager to apply leading-edge approaches within an intellectually stimulating environment. Consident communicative and with well-developed interpersonal skills, your background could be in almost any sector of industry commerce or finance.

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Prudential Portfolio Managers

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South Coast

Our client, a leading life assurance company, is the UK arm of an international financial services group with assets of over £3 billion and an AAA credit rating. They are currently seeking an ambitious individual to guide the company in its investments policy and direct future

You will be expected to exercise your intellect and diplomacy to the full in often complex and tigorous negotiations at a senior level. A sound technical knowledge of a wide range of investment vehicles will therefore be required, together with an incimate understanding of the unit trust industry.

With at least ten years' relevant experience, you will probably be in your mid-thirties and possess the vision

Negotiable from £40,000

and enthusiasm to apply a pragmatic approach in a unique investment environment.

This appointment represents an opportunity without parallel. The successful application of your talents will ensure spectacular career progression.

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Reed City is a newly formed division of Reed Executive Pic. We need experts to advise our clients and our candidates, and to ensure they match each others' needs. You are unlikely to have the relevant experience if you are under 25. You will need drive and stamina. But the rewards are great, including an attractive salary package.

If you're ready for a move now, call me on 01-929 2383, or if you'd like to talk it over, call in or write to Trish Collins, Reed City, 4th Floor, 1 Royal Exchange Avenue, London EC3V 3LT.

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Substantial Financial Services Group

Our Client is a major and diversified financial services organisation. From its London Head Office, the Company maintains extensive international dealing. operations and, following an internal promotion, it seeks to appoint a Chief Dealer to maximise its foreign exchange trading activity.

Candidates, probably aged 28-35, should possess a minimum of 4 years' active dealing experience gained ideally from within the finance or treasury division of a major multinational corporation; knowledge of the swap and cross currency markets is regarded as essential.

This senior position affords the opportunity to develop both one's trading expertise and long-term career horizons with a "household name". A competitive salary and fringe benefit package will reflect the importance attached by the Company to this appointment.

Contact Norman Philipot in confidence on 91-248 3812

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This is seen to be a major appointment that will develop over a short period to embrace responsibility for moritoring the substantial overseas activities of the

You will be a fully qualified actuary, over 30, with strong analytical skills and the ability to apply and develop existing statistical and information systems to the overseas context. There will be close and challenging involvement with valuation, forecasting, rating and market analysis, with the objective of assisting senior management in the effective exploitation of international market conditions. A good honours degree in Statistics, Mathematical Statistics or a

mathematically orientated subject with a relevant post-graduate qualification will be required.

The offered salary and benefits reflect an environment where exceptional flat and talent are both recognized and rewarded. There is genuine scope for further advancement in this fast-growing group.

in addition to the salary indicated, benefits include: Company car scheme, preferential rate mortgage, non-contributory pension. PHI, profit-sharing and season ticket loan schemes, free kincheon facilities and, if appropriate, generous relocation assistance.

If you feel that you meet the qualifications and experience, requirements and wish to discuss possibilities, you are ested to write or call the Company's Selection Advisors. A fast response and absolute confidentiality are

Thompson Associates Ltd., Compline House, 20A Seledon Road, South Croydon, Surrey CR2 April Complete, John L. Thompson, Director, Surrey CR2 6PA. Quote reference

THOMPSON ASSOCIATES LIMITED

If you have already created a successful department for securities processing, read on...

Head of Investment Administration

Excellent salary plus full banking benefits

The City-based investment management subsidiary of a major British bank seeks a highcalibre individual to develop and manage its transaction processing and support functions.
Already a market leader for corporate pension

funds with £5 billion undermanagement, the Company now urgently needs to build an in-house processing capability for its rapidly expanding domestic and international businesses.

This new appointment carries responsibility for the development of all aspects of back office administration to handle domestic and international securities including settlement of equities and fixed income/interest instruments, portfolio valuations and client reporting.

A majortask will be the recruitment and training of a high quality team.

The post demands an energetic leader who has already created a successful securities processing function probably for a fund manager, stockbroker

or life assurance company.

The salary/benefits package is extremely competitive and negotiable for the right person.

For an exploratory discussion, information pack or to apply, please write or telephone: Peter Nielsen, Grosvenor Search International Ltd. 1/8-202 Great Portland Street, London WIN 6]].
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01-580 6951 (evenings/weekends) quoting
Reference Number G561.

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£27-33,000 + Car + Benefits Central London

Our client, a leading management consultancy, has a world-wide practice and unguralished tradition of service to banking

Continued growth and expansion have created the need to recruit experienced individuals to assume consultancy roles in its successful Banking and Financial Services Group.

For the role of Consultant we require someone with expertise in at least one of the following areas:

 Capital Markets • Treasury • Operations and Accounting • Control Systems • MES • Rick Manager For the role of Senior Consultant we would also expect a high standard of experience in all basic consulting skills, including the ability to manage a project successfully.

For both areas we would expect you to be energetic and outgoing and to demonstrate strong inter-personal skills, drive, ambition and diplomacy. The company regards these appointments as critical to the future of this major division. Their importance is reflected in

the excellent remuneration package which includes a car. the excellent remaineration package which includes a car.

If you believe you have the background to take on one of these challenging positions, and you are looking for a role where you can influence future developments, contact Kay McGregor on 0753 857519 (office hours) or 01-582 9845 (evenings and weekends) quoting ref NY02, Alternatively send your CV to her at:

McGregor Boyall Associates—Executive Selection, The Lodge, 66 St Leonard's Road, Windsor, Berksbire, St 4 3BY.

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Phillips & Drew Fund Management Ltd. (PDFM) is one of the UK's largest fund management groups. Due to continued expansion and internal promotions, we wish to recruit an additional Fund Manager to strengthen our UK team. Your job will be to manage the UK equity portion of a number of discretionary balanced pension fund portfolios, and to contribute to the formation of the overall investment policy of the company. Ideally aged 25-30, with at least five years experience in either fund management or investment analysis, you will possess the personal qualities necessary to contribute to the formation of investment policy and to relate successfully to your clients.

in addition to a highly competitive salary, the remmeration package includes performance bonus, mortgage subsidy, BUPA and non-contributory pension scheme. If you would like to join one of the UK's top asset management companies, write. enclosing your CV, or telephone for an application form to:

Habel Doverty,

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MONEY MARKET MANAGER

City £50,000 + Car

Our client is a major international investment organisation, well respected in the City for its far sighted and commercially astute business approach. As a result of current and planned future growth, the decision has been made to appoint an experienced money market

The objective of the role is to manage substantial funds in the most effective manner and to help develop the trading policies and strategies to obtain optimum returns. This will entail streamlining the dealing systems, working closely with the settlements department and developing the management information systems, as well as supervising the traders and managing positions as necessary.

This is regarded as a key position offering broad scope for creativity and personal career growth. Candidates should have a thorough knowledge of FX and the money markets and senior level credibility gained from a successful track record in major financial institutions.

Experience should include both the spot and forward markets in major currencies and ideally an understanding of futures and options. A good command of cash management and evidence of well honed team management skills are also important.

The remuneration package is attractive and includes a salary in the region of £50,000, a prestige car, subsidised mortgage, and non-contributory pension scheme, along with other normal executive benefits.

Applicants should write in confidence, enclosing a detailed CV including salary details and quoting ref K2437, to Paul Carvosso.



KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock

9 Creed Lanc, London, EC4V 5BR

INTERNATIONAL AND INVESTMENT BANKING

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£25,000 Our client is a prime U.S. bank with a substantial and widespread client, base. An additional account officer is now account officer is now account officer in how account officer on the communication sides you are fitted to be a credume with current experience in a with excellent communication sittle you are flusly to be a graduate with current experience in a commercial marketing role backed up by strong credit sittle. This is an exciting opportunity to progress in a highly visible role.

Contact: Anita Harris

FOREX DEALERS £ negotiable

This London based international bank offers a full range of commental and merchant banking services. The current recruitment phase is part of a "marchanted" Dealing Floors expension exponentially Foreign Exchange. Options, Bonts, Equiles 6 Money Martice activities. Candidates should have a minimum of twake morths aport and forward dealing experience, ideality with exposure to Secretized in the area. For the young, accomplished dealer this represents a challenging classer move with a respected name

Contact: Loretta Quigley

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£35,000 plus This is an ideal opportunity for a graduate aged in hister 30s, who has experience in marketing to multinationals. UK corporations and financial institutions. Responsibilities will focus on credit-avaluation, treamess strategy and further development of a UK and European client portfolio. The appointee can look forward to working with a progressive and dynamic international-best with a global multiplication for devising innovative figuracing solutions.

> **CORPORATE BANKING** to £30,000

Our offent is a major European benk, an acknowledged leader in a number of specialist fields. As a result of expension, a young marketing profuselosal is sought to target and lexpend the 45° and European Corporate based benefing products from acquisition treatment through to syndication and asset sales. Exernial of the position will be alwing credit background, a imoviledge of commercial and investment bending products and a proven track record in business development. Contact: Anite Herrie

Japanese Equity Sales c.£50,000

Our cleant, an innovative Jepanese securices house, her achieved rapid expension in Fire Eastern medicate, and is looking to European markets as the key to torther growth. To speartend this growth we wish to recruit an experience and highly monetated individual to sell Jepanese equiles to UK and European institutional investors, Johning a small but proven team, it is assential that you have the ability to build and lead a essentrading operation. Success in this post will lead to directorship of the UK limited subsidiary.

Contact: Joselyn Bolton

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Our client, an established European benk with an already considerable base in London, is currently expending its Dealing Room activity. They now wish to recruit a Depary Chief Dealer whose present apoclefication will be in Of-Beismon Sheet products. The successful candidate should have perfecter experience in FRAs, Financial Fourse and Interest Rain Sweps as well as a more general background in Cash Martest products. This is an exceptional opportunity for an-ambificus and seth-molecular directions.

EQUITY MANAGEMENT to £100k

Contact: Niki Dietrich

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The demend for Fund Managers in the bond and git transatis continues unshaled, We are currently seisiting several cleans.— intermediate investment banks — who are rapidly increasing funds under management in those areas. Specific requirements vary in detail, but as a minimum, we are seeking to interview condidates aged 25:30 with at least three year's experience of discretionary portfolio management. A premium will emach to those applicants with international experience, both in terms of market knowledge, and of clear base. Contact: Niki Dietrich

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Head of Operations

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This is an excellent opportunity to head an established team and to play a major part in the future development of this service. Preferred age 30-35. Salary c. £22,500 + car and excellent fringe benefits. Location, London West End.

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This is an opportunity for a qualified accountant to manage a team responsible for administration in a London based investment management firm of high quality Reporting to the Head of Operations, your duties will include financial accounting. compliance the development of business systems for management and client reporting and close liaison with the Company's overseas based Custody and Settlement department.

To be a candidate, you will have gained some . experience in a financial services environment, ideally a fund management Company You are likely to be aged around 30. It is essential that you are fully conversant with computerised financial and administrative systems and possess welldeveloped managerial and communications skills.

An excellent compensation package is offered which includes full banking benefits. If you would like to be considered, please write in complete confidence to: John Sears and Associates. Executive Recruitment Consultants, 2 Queen Anne's Gate Buildings, Dartmouth Street, LONDON SWIH 9BP or telephone 01-222 7733 for a preliminary discussion.

A MEMBER OF THE SMCL GROUP

Foreign Exchange

Our client, the London branch of a major international banking group, wishes to expand its treasury operation by the recruitment of two key personnel:

Forward Dealer

Probably in their mid/late twenties, candidates are likely to have at least two years' experience of forward trading in a major currency and be fully conversant with all aspects of FRA's and Financial Futures.

within the Pearl Group.

As Manager - Unit Trusts, your key function will be to take overall responsibility for the commercial performance and future development of the unit trust business.

Your main task will be to submit your business

an and to ensure its effective implementation. Other responsibilities will include marketing,

Corporate Dealer

Candidates will have already gained about two years' corporate dealing experience working for an active bank and have a comprehensive understanding of treasury markets including interest rate products, futures and options.

Both these positions offer highly competitive remuneration packages and present excellent opportunities to join a successful and expanding treasury.

Those interested should contact John Green or Nick Bennett on 01-404 5751, or write to them in strictest confidence at Michael Page City, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.

> Michael Page City International Recruitment Consultants

Hoggett Bowers plc

To £35,000 Leading Securities House is looking for an individual to join its team salling US quittes to UK institutions. He she should have at least 2 years relevant operations. In addition to the salery there are generous benefits and a substantial cold value of the salery there are generous benefits and a substantial

Manager-UKBanking \$20,000 + Car Prime European bank wishes to recruit a high-flier to manage its UK Banking Department. Ideally you will be US Credit trained and have sound UK Marketin experience. There is planty of apportunity to develop the role and get actively involved in Bosiness Development. Age late 20 's Early 30's.

To \$30,000 + Car Scheme Head of Accounts Fast-growing insertment memagement company seeks to appoint agreeling accounted [ACA or CMA] to take control of its eccounts department (accounts department in a Sound-level memagement and sixtutory reports. Aged in the later 20's, candidates will have had at least 2 years post-qualification accounted in a commercial [Monley banking] environment and in addition, may have had the opportunity to develop mem-management skills. An outgoing and enthusiastic personality is sought.

A leading international Securities House is looking for an individual to job a small beam to work on the construction of interest rate and currency sweps. Essponshiftities would also encompass documentation and, to some extent, business development. Candidates should have a minimum of 2/3 years relevant experience. It is envisaged that this section will continue to expend and the executive required should have the potential to grow with the job.

We also have a number of clients who require additional SWAP TRADERS with a minimum of two years experience. Swaps

CITY DIVISION

Major International bank seeks experienced candidate to take control of Treasury Instructions/Form back-up department. Managing around 25 permanent and 45 temporary staff, you will be responsible for the efficient running of this bury support area processing 600/00 deals deily. The senior of a team of three section heads, the position reports directly to the Manager of Treasury Operations. Candidates with a least five years expectance in foreign scolaring, having sound technical and management abilities, see sought to fill this front-line management role. Age late 20 1/30 k. Head of Treasury Instructions

Internal Auditor A major international Bank based in the City requires an experienced internal auditor to head up the sudit function of its UK operations. The successful candidate will be responsible for the planning and unplamentation of thorough auditing policies reporting directly to the General Manager. Previous auditing experience gained in a banking environment is essential.

\$25,000 Branch Accountant . This newly established bank wishes to recruit an experienced bank Accountant. The successful candidate will have a sound accounting background gained in banking. The job will involve setting up all statutory returns/reporting including Bank of England, VAT, Customs and Esties, Control ledgess, budgets at and preparing management reports, annual accounts etc. There are set ellent prospects to develop the role.

Swaps Accountant A top European financial institution is seeking an experienced Sweps

A top European financial institution is seeking an experienced Sweps

twenties, with at least two years banking experience 8 months of which having
been spent in dealing with the accounting requirements for complex sweps
transactions. This is a good opportunity to join a young progressive institution
and a professional accountancy qualification is not a pre-requisite.

01-588 4305/6 Moorgate Hall, 153/157 Moorgate, LONDON EC2M 6XB.

Run Our Unit Trust Business

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Pearl Assurance is one of the UK's leading insurance companies operating in many different markets and employing over 8,500 staff. In order to take advantage of the changes in financial markets, PEARL ASSURANCE we have substantially reorganised and structured the company around discreet profit centres. With £350m of unit trusts under management, our current objective is to expand further this business and make it a significant force

channels, ensuring that the requisite administration capabilities are adequate, and lizising with the

ANCE investment managers.

Aged 30-40, you will be educated to degree level and will have experience of marketing unit trusts ideally through intermediaries. An understanding of different sales channels such as direct mail would be useful. Personal characteristics will include initiative, tenacity, and excellent

Remuneration will include a basic salary in the region of £32,000-£37,000, performance bonus, company car, subsidiser mortgage and other benefits you would expect from a major financial services organisation. To apply in complete confidence, please write enclosing a cv or telephone for an application form to Sally Frampton, Ref: 1964/FT.

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LEASING MANAGEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Our client is a successful leasing company with a well established client portfolio in a number of niche business sectors. Now part of a major UK financial services group, the company retains its own identity and operating autonomy. As a result of continued growth, two additional senior staff are required.

NEW BUSINESS MANAGER

As a senior member of the marketing services tearn, the appointee will work alongside the existing New Business Manager within a stimulati environment that requires a high level of commitment to ensure that the company's interests are protected whilst maintaining flexibility and customer service. This requires constant liaison on every aspect of the company's business with all the constituent parties internally and externally.

The person appointed will have a particular involvement in smaller unit business (under £100,000) and will have responsibility to ensure that all new business is documented and drawndown and that systems are effective for coping with increased volumes. Candidates should have previous experience within the leasing sector and be familiar with the legal aspects of leasing and financial documentation. (Ref. C7900/1)

ASSISTANT CREDIT MANAGER

This appointment will have responsibility for evaluating and controlling new business proposals through interpretation of financial statements and asset examination. Candidates will be expected to maximise new business potential from deals whilst managing risk. At least three years credit analysis experience is required, gained within the leasing sector or within the corporate lending department of a bank. A detailed knowledge of UK accounting practices is essential, combined with the ability to write concise reports for the credit committee

Both roles require confident and personable individuals with good written and verbal communication skills and the ability to maintain standards under pressure. There are attractive career opportunities within the group. In addition to a competitive salary, which is negotiable, the company offers a range of benefits including car and mortgage subsidy. (Ref. C7900/2)

Please write in confidence with full career details. quoting the appropriate reference to

KPMG Peat Marwick McLintock



Executive Selection and Search 9 Creed Lane, London EC4V 5BR

Global Resource Financing Bank

Commercial Banker

Head of Credit and Operations

Our Client, a UK recognised bank, is a London based resource financing house. The bank provides traditional and tailored financing and trading facilities for financial, commercial and mining customers. An opportunity has arisen for an experienced commercial banker to head both the credit and settlements functions of the bank in London with credit policy control responsibility for the overseas subsidiaries. We would like to hear from people who are interested in a career appointment, with a background demonstrating good credit knowledge, experience of banking operations and settlements combined with sound business judgement. Our Client wishes to emphasise that the important characteristics of the candidate will be enthusiasm and a sound commercial banking background - specialist resource banking

It is anticipated that the successful candidate will currently be earning a base salary in excess of £40K. For further details please write or telephone quoting reference MODH 394. Rochester Ltd., Moor House,



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EQUITY SALES



My clients are a well established and profitable firm of stockbrokers. Unlike some of the larger firms of marketmakers. my clients are enjoying sustained growth and increasing demand.

They now wish to recruit additional salespeople to develop existing and promote new relationships with UK institutional investors. The sales activity is supported by a first class research capability.

Expertise in food retailing, newspaper or oil stocks would be

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My clients offer a stable. highly professional environment and an excellent rewards package which is genuinely negotiable. Salary will not be a limiting factor.

Write or telephone in confidence Nicolas Mabin, Regional Director, quoting reference CG0765. 10 Finsbury Square, London EC2A 1AD Telephone 01 256 5041 (out of hours: 01 987 8907)

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As one of the world's leading Investment Banks. Salemen Brothers offer a highly professional, ambitious Financial Editor excellent career development at our London office.

Reporting directly to the "Editor in-Chief" in New York, this role entails editing and coordinating the publication of research from Lenden Bond Market Research, Corporate Bond Research, Bond Portiolio Analysis and European Equity Research. This highly accountable position carries the responsibility for research reports that are distributed to chemis.

Possessing a large degree of motivation and commitment, you have five years of experience in financial editing and a working knowledge of domestic and international securities markets, finance and economics. A flexible approach and persuasive personality are essential, and a "reading" knowledge of German and French

We will polish your skills with a one-month training period in New York. In return, we offer a substantial negotiable salary plus a generous

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> Salomon Brothers International Limited

Fund Management International Bonds

City

to £40,000

We are currently working on behalf of two leading UK institutions, the investment management arm of a major UK banking group, and an independent fund management group. They are currently seeking to recruit experienced fund managers to join established teams managing substantial international bond portfolios. A minimum of 3 years' multicurrency fixed income fund management is required, together with first class knowledge of international bond

These roles offer a challenge to the right individual who will be expected to contribute to the formulation of fixed interest and currency strategy, as well as taking an active role in presentations to clients.

If you match the above criteria and are interested in pursuing these opportunities, please contact Charles Ritchie on 01-404 5751 (01-673 6727 after office hours) or write enclosing a full curriculum vitae to Michael Page City, 39-41 Parker Street, London WC2B 5LH.



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A member of Addison Consultancy Group PLC

Stockbroking

Our client is a well known regional stockbroking company and part of a departments and now seeks to appoint additional experienced specialists.

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It requires an experienced person to sell a range of equities to UK institutional clients. Although part of a team, the role carries substantial autonomy and will suit someone who can exhibit a high degree of independence and initiative. The requirements are to increase the volume of sales by servicing and expanding the present client portfolio. Candidates, ideally in the age range 30-35, should have at least three years' experience of equity selling and be able to demonstrate good interpersonal skills and sound commercial

ANALYST

Capital goods

To £30,000 + car

It also requires an experienced analyst to join a team covering companies in the capital goods sector. Candidates, ideally in the age range 25-30, should be graduates with at least

two years' experience, who are currently covering the capital goods sector. They must be commercially aware, have excellent communication skills and be able to show that they have the presence and drive to achieve results. The location offers an attractive and varied lifestyle. Remuneration packages are negotiable and include a car, executive benefits and full

relocation expenses.

If you are interested in either of these positions, please write to Andrew Nicholson FCA, enclosing a full career resumé with your current remuneration, at Adamson & Partners Ltd, Ref CRL, 2 Duke Street, St James's, London SW1Y 6BY. His daytime number is 0532-451212.

ADAMSON & PARTNERS LTD

Executive Search and Selection

Commodity Analyst

An International Cocoa Trading Company based in the City of London, has a vacancy for an analyst to expand an existing cocoa research department. The Company is of medium size and is part of a large Commodity Trading Group, with wide international interests.

The work will consist of the collection and analysis of data relating to the cocoa and financial markets, in order to provide authoritive studies and forecasts for the Company and their multinational clients. Applications are invited from graduates in their twenties with at least 3 years commercial experience in commodity and/or financial research together with a knowledge of, econometrics, and operational research. An analytical mind numeracy and outstanding written and oral communication skills are essential qualities for the successful applicant.

The salary will be commensurate with the applicants experience and ability, together with other fringe

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Bank America Trust and Banking Corporation (Caymen) Limited is one of the largest and most active financial organizations in the Cayman Islands, and is part of Bank America Corporation's global network.

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Reporting to the Managing Director, the Trust Department Manager has responsibility for all aspects of Trust and Private Banking, Captive Insurance, Mutual Fund and Managed Company

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James Hume, Vice President & Managing Director Bank America Trust and Banking, Corporation (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1092 Grand Caymen, Cayman Islands



We are an Agency Stockbroking firm with efficient settlement and research back up. We are currently expanding our operations and would be interested to hear from individuals or groups involved in all areas of investment business.

Please contact Ted Ostrer on 01-377 6066

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You will need to be a maiure businessman/woman, possibly newly or semi-retired, with a first class track record in industry and commerce. Experience in the management of small or medium sized firms would be useful. Excellent written and oral communications skills are assential, and you should be available to work at

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In the first instance, for a detailed information pack and application form, please write to our Adviser, John Smith, MSL international, 52 Grosvenor Gerdens, London SW1W 0/IW. OR telephone the \$381. Ansaphone en 01-730 7749/01-730 7564,



TSB Northern Ireland

General Manager Retail Banking

is creating a new role to re-focus and direct its branch network

The ideal candidate will have been exposed to both personal and commercial banking and have extensive experience of actively managing and motivating staff in an extensive branch network. He/she will have a track record of implementing radical change and getting to grips with the full range of staffing implications, and of achieving tough business targets. Business sense will be combined with leadership, vision, energy, GROUP commitment and enthusiasm. Preferred age.

TSB Northern Ireland, a company within TSB Group and one of the three largest banks in the Province. early 40s. Salary: flexible but probably C£40.000. with generous package including relocation assistance if required. Internal candidates are also being considered.

> Success in this role will lead to extensive career opportunities within TSB Group.

Applicants should send c.v. and a letter explaining how they meet the requirements to:

Group Management Development & Training TSB Group plc. 25 Milk Street

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One position is for an experienced Lease Administration Executive whose first assignment is the installation of a well known computerised

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either graduates or have 2-3 years' relevant business experience, should be able to demonstrate strong mathematical aptitude and a first class

Attractive remuneration packages and prospects are available for both

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YOUNG PROFESSIONAL **BANKERS**

LONDON EC2V 8LU.

Opportunities to learn Property Lending with a market leader

City base

The property lending department of this major international banking group is amongst the most respected in the City. As a result of continuing growth there is a need for at least one further team member to take part in the growth there is a need for at least one further team member to take part in the evaluation and presentation of new business proposals and the administration of the £400m portfolio. Preferred candidates will be in their mid twenties and have graduate level education, or at least should have completed the AIB qualification, and will be keen to learn the particular principles of property lending, using experience already gained within a general banking background. This is a highly professional, creative environment where lending is closely linked with all aspects of property and corporate finance. The crucial requirements are quiet self confidence, disciplined initiative and clear, methodical thinking. There can be few opportunities to match this in terms of career progression for those can be few opportunities to match this in terms of career progression for those who can climb the steep learning curve. The salary package is geared to attract the best. Please send career details and salary history, quoting reference 0198F.

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Jonathan Wren _____ MARKETING OPPORTUNITY **ASSET FINANCE** £20,000 to £25,000 plus full banking benefits

As part of its growth strategy the major asset financing division of this established European bank seeks to expand its professional team. Applicants should be graduates, aged mid to late 20's and passess a sound technical knowledge of the principles of lease evaluation and credit analysis. In addition, significant exposure to the prising, structuring and documentation of medium to large ticket lessing and asset finance transactions should have been gained whilst working for an erganisation with a renowned market presence. Previous experience within an active marketing position is not essential, but applicants must demonstrate the potential to eucceed within such a role. Following a short introductory period the appointed will become responsible for role. Following a short introductory period the appointee will become responsible for new business identification, the analysis and appraisal of proposed deals, the negotiation of contract terms and the pricing and structuring of transactions.

First class promotional eppertunities and an excellent 'learning curve' are envisaged, enabling the individual selected to gain true international cross border financing exposure.

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Continued rapid expansion is anticipated and the company now seeks a Chief General Manager to be responsible to the Chief Executive Officer for the day to

Applicants should be able to demonstrate experience in a range of management positions within a life office. Broad commercial awareness, organisational skills

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An attractive expatriate package will be offered to the right candidate, including

bonus, free housing, mortgage assistance, medical costs, retirement scheme, leave passage and school fees within a low tax environment.

Please address your full CV including current remuneration, and marked "Strictly Confidential" to Mr. R. Haines, Managing Director, Antony Gibbs

No.1 New Street, (off Bishopegate), London EC2M 4TP. Telephone; 01-623 1266. Fax: 01-626 5258.

SPOT DEALER

London EC2P 2 AX

Tel: 01-256 6278

command of English.

Mark Heyes

Our client is e well established international bank with an excellent reputation. To complement the gristing active dealing team, they require an experienced and highly capable spot trader. Candidates will preferably have gained experience at a medium sized bank actively trading a major Eurocurrency for a minimum of 3 years. Salary will be e£35,000 along with usual banking benefits.

qualification is highly desirable.

Please contact, giving full details:-

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

23 Great Winchester Street

CORPORATE DEALER

This prime name European bank with an established City presence, currently are looking to recruit a corporate dealer. Complementing the easiling customer team, the appointee will have an in-depth knowledge of the foreign acchange market, coupled with the determination to be able to strengthen the existing customer base of the bank. Salary will reflect the seniority of the impositions. appointment.

FRA/INTEREST RATE **SWAPS TRADER**

MORGAN

GRENFELL

Our client, a major European bank, seek a FRA and/or. interest rate swaps trader. Ideally candidates will be graduates, with at least two years experience in the FRA and/or interest rate swaps market within an organisation recognised for its activity within these areas. Remuneration level will be according to age and experience.

SENIOR SPOT DEALER

This AAA rated International Bank with an established City presence currently seek to recruit a spot dealer. As the position is potentially at senior level, candidates will require a minimum of five years trading a major Eurocurrency, at a name recognised for its expertise in this field. Salary is envisaged to be negotiable c£55,000 with excellent benefits.

STEVE CARTWRIGHT & JASMINE WALKER

01-929-1212 (24 Hours)

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On behalf of several key clients, we are currently searching for selesmen with expertise in the UK Equity market. Our assignments range from head of department to team leaders to selesmen.

We invite epproaches from high calibre individuals who may be ettracted by the clarity of direction of our clients. For a confidential talk please contact Hamish Fulton or Stephen Wright. 20 Cousin Lane. London, EC4R 3TE. Telephone 01-236-7307.

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> Applications with curriculum vitae and full details to: Box A0785, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

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Pension Services Ltd. at Bishops Court, Artillery Lane, London El 7LP, who is advising on this appointment. First interviews will be held in London in

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This UK merchant bank is establishing a highly professional customer services group and seeks to fill the following important positions. Salaries are all negotiable. The aim of the bank is to recruit very high calibre staff and remuneration will reflect this

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This position is for a banker who already has occupied a senior position in a merchant bank covering all aspects of load administration, letters of credit, agency and tender panel function and documentation. The portfolio is large and the operation will be

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Two positions exist in customer services to cover equity and other settlements and loans administration. Extensive experience in one or other of these areas would be acceptable.

MANAGER DESIGNATE -CUSTOMER SERVICES SETTLEMENTS AND LOANS **ADMINISTRATION**

A candidate with management potential and experience of retail

Age c 30

Age to 32

banking and securities (principally equities) settlements is sought to service retail banking loans and mortgage and to service private clients in relation to stock purchases. Please telephone Elizabeth Hayford on 377-5040 or write to:

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This person will establish and implement the annual audit plan, and will liaise with External Auditors and Head Office Inspection teams. He or she will be responsible for ensuring that operating procedures comply with standards imposed under the terms of the Financial Services Act 1986.

Candidates must be experienced in UK banking activities and accounting practices. They should have excellent organisational qualities and a good understanding of legal matters. A knowledge of French would be helpful.

Applicants should write in confidence, enclosing a Curriculum Vitae with daytime telephone number, to:

Box A0793, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY



ARGENT CREDIT CORPORATION LTD

EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR FINANCIAL PROFESSIONALS

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Working closely with the Managing Oirector, responsible for operating and treasury functions within the Group. Successful candidate will be a within the Group. Successful candidate will be a qualified banker or accountant with some understanding of trade finance.

background Credit and Financial Analysis. Professional qualifications would be an advantage. Age 27-35 years Age 27-35 years Both positions will suit confident, ambitious, enterprising individuals, who are able to demonstrate personal qualities needed to make a substantial contribution to profit performance. Excellent opportunities to

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Banking .

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m to £20K + Car

COMPLIANCE ACCOUNTANT **DEPUTY MANAGER** A European Bank of high reputation have identified a new management role for a qualified Accountant with auditing and bank expenence. The duties will - SETTLEMENTS

Top quality European Bank seeks to strengthen the Operations Management team and currently offer an exceptional career opportunity. Reporting directly to the Operations Manager, the successful candidate will require a beckground of relevant FX and Money Market experience, including new products, and also demonstrate the potential for further managerial responsibility.

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comprise a combination of supervision, compliance and control functions plus contributing to information/reporting techniques and monitoring systems. SALARY: £Negotiable

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A well regarded U.S. Bank seek a highly motivated individual with previous business development expenience and appropriate credit sides. Emphasis will be placed in developing relationships pertaining to transactional lending for medium sized trading COMPANIES, SALARY: Tri £30,000

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JAPANESE INSTITUTIONAL SALES - EDINBURGH -

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The candidate should have at least 2/3 years experience in Japanese securities and be prepared to relocate to Edinburgh to join an exciting new venture in institutional stockbroking at an early stage in its development

The position offers substantial scope for advancement and a good quality of life in a challenging environment.

Please apply with CV to:

Charles Edmond, Branch Manager, James Capel & Co, Scottish Branch, 2F Capital House, Festival Square, Edinburgh EH3 9SU.

Investment Manager

New department

earnings to £100,000

This is one of those very rare ground floor opportunities to create and build an . investment department for the fast growing Manchester based Financial Services Division of a dynamic and acquisitive plc. Directorship of the Division is an early prospect

The business at present handles £120m of discretionary managed bonds and unit trusts. The next step is to appoint a professional manager who will establish long-term investment strategies as well as assuming responsibility for day-to-day investment decisions.

Candidates, male or female, must already

excellent track record in a sizeable financial acreices institution, insurance company or similar organisation. They must be able to from investment seminars and to recruit and lead a small professional team. The preferred age range is from 30 to 45.

Initial basic salary is negotiable up to £40,000 with a performance bonus which could resignically take total earnings to £100,000. Benefits include car, BUPA, pension, relocation help if needed.

be investment fund managers with an

Please send career details - in confidence to A. D. Percival.

Ravenscroft & Partners

Search and Selection 20 Albert Square, Manchester M2 SPE

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We are looking for means prople
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TRAINEE FUND MANAGER - FIXED INTEREST

EMPHASIS ON SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT

Save & Prosper Group with to recent a Trainer Fund Manager for their fixed interests funds. The job will entail, posterolarly initially, the development of several systems related projects which will then be used, in the major part of the job, to help trade gibts and other fixed interest investments.

The ideal candidate should be a graduate and have some systems and/or investment experience. Although concrete to both areas would be ideal, this is less important than that the tandadate is interested in both areas and had flair and motivation, since any necessary training in technical areas will be provided. We offer a competitive salary and bracklits.

Please write to Keith Michelson, Personnel Memper, Save it Prosper Gemp, 3 Flanbury Arenne, Lamion ECZM 2QY

Investment Management Middle East

Applicants should hold an accountancy qualification or an economics

INVESTMENT ANALYST

A Private Holding Company with substantial financial resources wishes to recruit an analyst to develop corporate investment "targets" in the UK and USA.

The Resources and Property sectors would be initially favoured but any appropriate investment opportunity would be considered.

You will have the necessary experience and expertise to identify and prepare a detailed analysis for such acquisitions.

The successful candidate will work on his/her own initiative reporting directly to the Chairman.

A generous package is available and would be

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Please write to KJR 13/15 Davies Street, London W1Y 2HQ

A successful applicant will eventually report to the Group Board Directors and his responsibilities will include the following:

- Directors and his responsibilities will include the following:

 1. Manage a small department for substantial investment overseas.

 2. The department is responsible for producing statistical information to allow for the monitoring of performance of portfolio managers in different financial centres who have discretionary management.

 3. The holding of periodic meetings with the portfolio managers to discuss and decide investment strategy and policy.

 4. Follow equity, bond and currency markets to enable immediate action to be taken to take advantage of possible future movements in the market.
- To appraise investment opportunities for further investment and present suitably to the directors.
 To supervise the legal accounting and administrative responsibility of a number of off-shore companies.

Situated in an attractive and stable Middle East country, the rewards include a tax free salary in the region of £19,000 in local currency, a provident fund, generous car and education allowances, free furnished accommodation and annual leave. Applications to Box No.

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SWITZERLAND

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EDITOR

in its Press Service. (age range 28-35)

mainly to assist in preparing documents for internal information purposes

Qualifications required:

English as mother tongue, proficiency in French and German, and good knowledge of Italian; thorough grounding in economics with emphasis on central-bank policy and practice and international monetary affairs; ability to translate challenging texts on economics and related subjects from the above-mentioned foreign languages into English.

Further requirements are an ability to work speedily and under pressure, flexibility and adaptability, team spirit.

Applications giving full detils (CV, copies of testimonials and a photograph) should be sent to the Personnel Section, Bank for International Settlements, CH-4002 Basie, Switzerland

International Banker with Treasury Experience

KINGDOM OF SAUDI ARABIA c.£45,000 pa

A leading Financial Institution seeks an experienced Banker to be responsible for a wide range of Treasury activities including Deposits, Funding, Foreign Exchange and Portfolio requirements.

tax free

The Treasurer will be a senior member of the British expatriate staff and will report directly to the General Manager. Candidates must have good experience of multi-currency balance sheet management and be used to computerised systems. Experience of the area would be useful but is not essential

The position is permanently resident in Saudi Arabia on a generous expatriate basis. Opportunities for career progression are excellent.

Please reply in confidence enclosing a detailed c.v. to: R. H. White, David Sheppard & Partners, Ltd., 21 Cleveland Place, London SW1Y 6RL

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The colour photograph on
the wall of chief executive
Ian MacRae's office in Megawatt Park, Eskom's Johannesburg headquarters, tells it all. In the background are six in the background are six giant turbina halls with clouds of steam rising from cooling towers. High tension wires cross the high wild away from the ultra-modern, 3,450 mw capacity Matla coal-fired power station in the Eastern Transvaal.

In the foreground, perhaps a mile away from the power

a mile away. from the power station, stands a low, ochre-painted mud and wattle African house. In front of the house, like millions of others on the continent, lies its sole source of light, heat and cooking power - firewood from a chopped-down tree.

Seen as a parable of two union, MacRes explained.

aeparate worlds the photograph encapsulates a classic labour costs have verall image of a costs. image of a society divided as much by economics as by race. It also illustrates a major challenge facing South Africans - how to use their first world skills, capital and know-how to raise the standards of the third world sector before rising population and political frustration close the window of opportunity.

MacRae, a craggy South
African-born Scot who came
up through the Eskom ranks,
believes the fate not only of
South Africa but the entire
sub-continent depends on the
sub-continent depends on the sub-continent depends on answer. Working in tandem to be. Now chairman Maree with his Afrikaner chairman, openly tells Eskon employees MacRae has helped transform Eskom from an over-staffed and direct meetings that cent - against an expected bureaucratic utility into a Eskom and South Africa as a 12.14 per cent inflation rate. tightly run, profit- and pro- whole have to use the talents ductivity-oriented busine

At the same time, Eskom



A society divided: giant turbines from over a typical African home with its pile of firewood

Eskom plugs a supply gap

Anthony Robinson on the reorganisation of South Africa's bureaucratic electricity utility

heavily on South African electricity. Eskim is, for example, desply involved in a renewed effort by South Africa, Mazambique and Portugal to rebuild power inas. in Mozambique destroyed by anti-government Renamo other illes. erment Renamo guerrillas.

A key element in the new approach has been a determined emphasis from the chairman down on promotion by merit and the elimination of previous racially, and sexually-biased job restrictions and pay differentials.

and pay differentials Last year we uprated 14,000 jobs which were sub-ject to discriminatory conditions and we did so after negotiations around the same table with 30 unions ranging table with 30 unions ranging from the militant black Cosatu unions to the extreme

labour costs have been reduced by cutting the labour force from 55,000 to 56,000 in years and eliminating one level of middle management.

Many of those who left were conservative whites who could not accept disrup-

ा केन्द्र केन्य निवन केन्द्र केन्द्रियमकारेको ए केन्द्रियो को केन्द्रिया है किन्द्रिय केन्द्रिय केन्द्र केन्द्र

How Radon

gets in



customers will reduce

Now Eskom is organised on he basis of 52 business units and 61 district management offices. They are linked elec-tronically to Megawatt Park but are directly responsible for running their business and customer relations.

The aim has been not only

tion of the cosy, protected to improve the efficiency and employment environment cost effectiveness of generativities which Eskom used to share with other para-state organitions to the fact that at present encourage the efficient and the salions of electricity but also to the fact that at present encourage the efficient and cost effective use of electricity by customers. Just before Christmas, Maree underlined the success of Eskom's efficiency drive by announcing openly tells Eskon employees that next year's tariff in video-taped fireside chats increase will be kept to 10 per whole have to use the talents

Because of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom of all its people to the full expected growth in the overManagement will have failed, all economy, however, Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than ships and rural areas. Eskom the adds. If in ten warms the statement of the lower than the lower than the lower than the statement of the lower than the lo

annual consumption of around 5 per cent.

Rather than cancel plans for the five new coal and one new hydro-electric, pumped storage plant which will add nearly 17,000mw of generating capacity by 1995, the Eskom board decided to build and the beauty the high sufficient than the high suffi and then run the highly efficient and technically advanced new stations to provide the base load. The older, less efficient plants will be either moth-balled or nsed only as peak load producers. But the existence of over-

capacity in a country where 20 million, or two thirds of the population, have no access to electricity, has served to underline the chal-lenge - and potential - of

only amount to around 1,000 mw, less than a third of the capacity of just one of the new coal-fired behemoths.

Clearly this extra demand would help to reduce the over-capacity.

over-capacity. But the real advantages of electrifying the townships and villages, MacRae argues, go far beyond improving the economics of Eskom. The most immediate benefit would be a dramatic improvement in the quality of life. Blacks are the poorest as well as the biggest part of the population. Yet paraffin for heating or light costs nine times more than electricity and candles are four times as expensive. Gathering firewood is exhausting and time-consuming while deforestation is becoming a major problem

Eskom's plan is to concentrate initially on electrifying the 60 black townships – with a population of around 3m – which lie closest to fully electrified white towns and cities. If electrification were to be undertaken on the basis of present first world, "white" standards - with under-ground cables, ring mains and an average load base of 60 to 80 amps per house - the cost would be around R700m.

This is relatively small compared with the R2.5bn-3bn cost of a new power station, or the over R5bn earmarked for exploiting the marginal offshore gas field at Mossel-bay in the Eastern Cape. But it would still price electricity beyond the reach of many black families. Eskom engineers, architects

and planners, some with experience of other developall economy, however, Eskom fication were extended to the ing countries like Talwan and has continued to build low he adds, if in ten years' time faces a major excess capacity entire population, the addi- South Korea, have therefore key contacts with the from blacks are not in 30 per cent problem for the next decade — tional demand from mainly worked out cheap but effithe states which depend of such jobs:

despite an expected growth in poor black consumers would cient appropriate technolo-

gies" which would cut the cost by more than half. Rather than expensive

undergound cables, metera and ring mains, Eskom pro-poses overhead "bundle conductors' mounted on wooden poles which can also carry telephone lines and street lights. Such a simple system would carry a line into each house capable of supplying 10 to 20 amps, sufficient for lighting and one power point.

meters, and uncertainty about the monthly bill, consumers would pay a flat monthly rate. Eskom's system also allows delivery to jumbled backyard shanties and makes It possible for maintenance and repairs to be undertaken by easily trained local labour.

Eskom estimates that pro-viding a single light-fitting and plug would cost between R150 and R300 — compared with the R2,500 and upward for conventional methods. "It ls quick and cheap to instal and will provide a tremendous step forward for people locked into primitive heating and lighting," MacRae argues.

Despite the strength of Eskom's argument its pleas for a decreasulated third for a de-regulated, third world approach to the mas-

deep-rooted resistance. The fears are recognised at Megawatt Park. After all, the same worries surfaced among Eskom's white clerical and technical staff when senior management's determination to press ahead with creation of a non-racial meritocracy

became clear.
But lan MacRae, John Maree and other top managers have a visionary image of the future South Africa and are determined to press ahead. Their vision of the benefits of electrification includes an explosion of black cottage industries as in South East Asia or Italy. A market for domestic appliances would also be opened up.

It also offers an opportu-nity to fill the huge educational backlog. Citing the example of education by radio in the Australian outback. MacRae looks forward to bringing electric light for those thousands of black stu-dents who presently study by candle or firelight and the latest visual teaching methods into black homes. In a telling argument for

those whites who have atavistic fears of being swamped by the black birth rate, Eskom also points to international and local - evidence that electrification, education and urbanisation are the essential pre-requisites for effective, voluntary birth control.

A jaundiced view from the salesman

Nick Garnett on strategic incompetence

WHY DON'T these companies sake. Young production engineers know they need new past few years of merger machines but directors tell mania, for example, many of them they can't have the money. A lot of directors are still making decisions from their lvory towers, miles from the action on the shopfloor. lt's all still going on, you

man machine tool company. Not surprisingly, perhaps, he wishes to remain anony mous: and moaning about the state of British shopfloor

technology is obviously in his business interests. But recent figures from the British machine tool association indicate that machine tool sales might have fallen last year by sive task continues to find as much as 10 per cent. What amazes the sales

director is the yawning gulf between the speed at which factories are updated in his own company's home base of Germany and the still-stumb-

ling approach of the British.
"In Germany, managers
have the technical perspective to make the right decisions on new machinery and once they have taken the decision they go ahead with it. I can think of one company in the UK where it has taken three years to get a decision on just half a million pounds worth of orders. Decisions taken by that company's division in Germany are much faster.

The director seems particulet their managers stand on larly irked at a comple of their own two feet, for God's developments he has noticed the new expanding groups are laying down the law at head office about which divisions ahould bny what machines. Very often, he says, the pressure is to standardise equipa handbook of British industrial failure in the 1970s, but the view today of the British sales director of a Warrantee from This, he says, almost always proves to be had practice.

Another headache is the gradual erosion of inches the sales director of a Warrantee from the sales director of

requirements. His company has virtually halted all dealings with one UK manufacturer with a household name. "They have two new and good machines and the components to machine on them but those machines are just lying there because they do not have the

capability of running them."
The fault, he says, does not lie with the machine operator. "There is nothing wrong with the machine operator in and probably works one and a half times harder than his German counterpart. It is management support aud back-up that is the problem. In some companies it is virtually non-existent."
Despite all these side-

swipes, the sales director remains essentially optimistic.He says machine tool companies are beginning to see some of the larger corporations return to the market. "Given the shocking age profile of machines in so many companies there's obviously a lot to go at."

Business courses

Finance for managers, Worthing. March 10-11 Fee: \$460 + VAT. Details from Marcia Gay, MSS Services, PO
Box 31, Worthing, West Sussex. Telephone: 0903 34755.

Spreadsheet power, London.
April 25-25. Fee: £245 + Why

(one day). Details from The March 1-2. Fee: \$445 + VAT. infomatics Resource Centre, 2' Detalls from The Network The Chapel, Royal Victoria Resource Centre, 2 The Cha-Patriotic Building, Fitzhugh pel, Royal Victoria Patriotic Grove, Trinity Road, London Building, Fitzhugh Grove, SW18 3SX, Telephone: 01-871 Trinity Road, London, SW18 2546, Telex: 299180 MONINT. 3SX, Telephone: 01-871 2546. Fax: 01-871 3866.

Epos data and decision support systems: for better retailing, London. April 19. Fee: £300 + VAT. Details from Spectra Retail Concepts, Spectra House, 9a Pesch Street, Wokingham, Berks, RG11 IXJ. Telephone: 0734

Telex: 299180 MONINT.

TECHNOLOGY

UNTIL VERY recently scientists regarded exposure to natural background radiation - from cosmic rays and from traces of radioactivity in the air, rocks and all the materials around us - as an inevita-ble hazard of life on Earth. But research during the 1980s has shown that the main source of harmful radiation for people living in industri-alised countries is a radioactive gas, called radon, which accumulates in their homes. And high levels of radon exposure can be prevented. Effective action to reduce radon levels in honses is

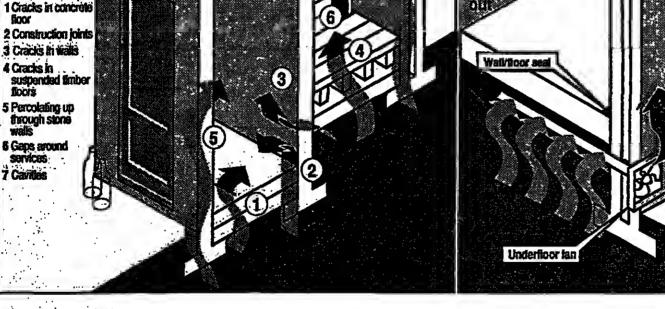
already being taken in Sweden, where the problem was first identified in the mid-1970s; and in the US; where the federal and state governments are spending \$35m this year on combating radon: The UK Government launched a more modest pro-gramme last year, focusing on the two counties where the problem is most serious: Devon and Cornwall.

But most countries have not begun to tackla the radon problem, even though radia-tion experts now believe it is responsible for five to ten per cent of all lung cancer in the industrialised world. (If everyons stopped smoking, radon would be the main

cause of lung cancer.)
Radon — an invisible and
inert gas — results from the radioactive decay of natural uranium. All rocks and soils contain some uranium and therefore give off radon. But the amounts vary dramati-cally from place to place. Radon is a particular hazard in Cornwall, for example, because Cornish granite is rich in uranium and contains many cracks through which the gas can escape.
Gas from the soil can get

into buildings by many routes (see illustration). Thy cracks in the floor and gaps around in the hoor and gaps around pipes and cables are an obvious way in. Keith Cliff of the UK National Radiological Protection Board (NEPB) says radon is actually sucked into the house, because the present the pres sure is normally slightly lower indoors than in the sur-rounding soil. (The internal pressure is reduced by wind forces on the walls and windows and across chimneys, and the higher air temperature indoors reinforces the lt is extremely hard to the owners can take action. pressure difference in win-

outside, and the NRPB estimiles in Britain are exposed at home to radiation study in South-West England: tiffed. doses above the limits pro- She and her colleagues will



The killer that lurks beneath the floor boards

Clive Cookson explains how homes can be protected from dangerous natural radiation

it decays into other radioactive isotopes known as "radon daughters". These form tiny dust particles in the air, and when they are breathed in some of them stick to the lings. Their radiation with the NRPB, measure radon levels in their present and past homes.

In 1980 Sweden became the first country to set an official limit for radon in the level.

of distinguishing cancer is advised above 10 mSv.

caused by radon from the same disease caused by smeking or other caused by sme ing or other environmental factors. But epidemiological studies of uranium miners ish homes have radon levels exposed to high levels of

prove that radon exposure is Local authorities are carrying ter.)

Levels of radon in the worst

affected houses are thousands

of times higher than in the air

Cancer Research Fund epide
ment, but even so a recent

lungs. Their radiation may limit for radon in the home. then damage lung cells and Action must be taken to canse cancer many years reduce radon levels when ater.

There is no chinical method

of distinction of the series of the

ation Protection in Stockholm estimates that 60,000 Swedexposed to high levels of over the obligatory action radon prove that the gas does level. The problem is locating the dangerous houses so that

In Britain the NRPB has set

posed for workers in the nuclear industry.

Radon is dangerous because it decays into other radioactive isotopes known as radon with the NRPB, measure daughters. These form they radon bevels in their present and nevels in their present are decays and nevels in their present and nevels in their present are decays and nevels in their present and nevels in their present are decays and nevel in their present are decays and nevels in their present are decays are decays and nevels in their present are decays and nevel in the next three is in charge of the board's action (alpha particles) emitted the present are decays and nevel in the next three is in charge of the board's action (alpha particles) emitted the present are decays and nevel in the next three is in their present are decays and nevel in the next three is in the next three is in the next three in the next three is in the

shire and Yorkshire).

in the preliminary survey.

upstairs and one for down-wrong place, you may actu-that it has an impermean stairs. These contain a strip ally make the problem worse floor to keep the radon out.

lifetims would have a five per to the NRPB for processing cent risk of dying of lung can—The alpha particle tracks are etched out of the plastic by On the basis of a preliminary nationwide survey of by computer to give an effective 3,000 homes, the NRPB tive radiation dose. Anyone believes that about 20,000 whose house is above the houses are above this radon radon limit will be directed to it to the open air.

Hans Osthere. limit. Most are in Devon and the Government's Building Cornwall, with a few hundred Research Establishment in the South Pennines (Derby- (BRE) for practical guidance about reducing the level.

The NRPB is now in the When high levels of radon middle of a more systematic were first found in well-insuyear-long survey to discover lated Swedish houses, scienhouses with dangerous levels tists assumed that poor ventiof radon. Since radon concen- lation was allowing the gas to structural changes to the trations vary very much with accumulate. But further house itself, it is sometimes local geological conditions, research showed that this the NRPB is monitoring all was not the main problem. the NRPB is monitoring an improved ventilation usually buildings with the same improved ventilation usually bostcode or adjacent increases heating costs with postcodes to those identified out doing much to get rid radon-proof than to after the radon. Indeed, as Keith existing buildings. Anyone the NRPB points out, vey is given two simple radon If you open the wrong win-measurement devices, one for dows or install a fan in the

by decreasing the pressure in the house and sucking in more

Building research has shown conclusively that the only effective solution is to stop radon getting into the house from the soil - by mak-ing the floor a more effective barrier and/or by diverting the gas from beneath the house (see illustration). The costs of radon-proofing an existing building may range from £100 for simply sealing floor cracks, through £1,000 for an underfloor extraction fan, up to \$10,000 to install a

new impermeable floor.

The UK Building Research
Establishment is linking with the NRPB to discover which of the techniques developed in Sweden and the US will work in Britain. "We do not yet know what is suitable for our buildings," says Steve Wozniak, who is responsible for the BRE radon programme. Experience in the US has shown that every house must be treated on its own merits.

The BRE and NRPB are working on about 20 buildings in Devon and Cornwall. In one Cornish school where radon levels were above those per-mitted in a nuclear plant, they achieved a dramatic improvement by diverting the gas from beneath the floor.

In addition the BRE is building a radon test rig to study different floor constants.

structions. This includes a pit containing 400 tons of radioactive sand which emits radon at a known steady rate. Sweden's National Institute for Bullding Research has developed a "radon sink" which can be installed in a back garden to drain the gas away from the soil around a house. It consists of a covered concrete tube, about one metre across and three metres deep. The sides and bottom of the concrete have holes, and there is a fan inside to suck

radon out of the soil and vent

Hans Ostberg, whose com-pany EFV is commercialising the radon sink, asys it can cut radon levels by 95 per cent in a house several metres away. And at a cost of about \$1,000 it may be less expensive and less disruptive than making possible for a group of houses to share one radon sink.

tage or a retirement home in Cornwall should make sure that it has an impermeable

WORTH WATCHING Edited by Geoffrey Charlish

Stuttgart waters down harmful nitrates

BACTERIAL SYSTEMS that turn nitrates in drinking water into harmless nitro-gen are under investigation at Stuttgart University.

Nitrates are converted to nitrites in the human gut. They are suspected of causing oxygen deficiency in children's blood and of creating cancer causing agents in adults.

To perform, the nitrateremoving bacteria need car-bon compounds to feed on. Chemicals like ethyl alcohol and acetic acid have been tried, but if they are not completely used up by the bacteria residues remain which might he just as harmful as the nitrates removed.
So "firm fodder" which

does not wash away into the water is being examined at Stuttgart, based on a syn-thetic bio-substance called PHB (polybetrahydroxybu-tyric acid). This is offered to the bac-

teria as chips in a reactor. The bacteria reproduce and form a film on the chips, clearing the nitrates but adding nothing to the water. Large scale tests are expected soon.

Altering the tone of desk-top graphics

GRAPHIC SCIENCES. recently formed private UK company of Ledbury in Herefordshire, has launched its first products. Aiming mainly at the growing desk-top publishing market, the company is offering image capture, display and laser printing systems built around the IBM model AT personal computer. It has concentrated on incorporat-ing photographic reproductions, in true half-tone dot form, into page layouts.

A monochrome TV cam-

era, followed by a digitiser and appropriate software, allows a single frame of the TV signal to be captured and manipulated on a screen that allows cropping, image rotation and modifi-

cation of the grey tones. The picture can then be quickly incorporated into a page layout that already contains text and line draw-

ings, created by the use of Xerox Ventura software, for example, and the result printed, with the half tones

properly screened at 70, 85 or 100 dots per inch. The system mimics the conventional half-tone block making process in which the dot size is varied (to give the required grey tones from black to white) by a photochemical process. Scanned picture data is converted electronically to signals that vary the laser printer beam and the paper drum speed to give differ-ent printed dot sizes. A complete publishing system, which includes a

high-definition, 19 inch layout screen, costs under £10,000, but parts of the system are available separately.

A spot of colour from Honeywell Buil

HONEYWELL BULL has introduced a compact computer colour printer, the 4/41. It measures only 12 inches from front to back and can accept either sheet or fan-fold paper.

on six-part paper by virtue of an improved design of high-impact print head. The machine produces type-writer quality at 70 charac-ters per second (cps), draft text (with visible dot struc-ture) at 300 cps, or an inter-mediate quality at 180 cps. Plug-in cartridges produce different founts.

Five copies can be made

The 4/41 has a mean time between failures of 9.000 hours, implying several years of trouble-free work-

ing.
The company, which in 1987 designed and made 111,000 computer printers at its Compuprint division in Italy, believes that dot matrix technology will continue to secount for some 70 per cent of the world computer printer market for the next two or three years. But sales of laser printers will eventually erode this figure, and the company has begun production of printers based on this technology.

CONTACTS: Smitgart Oniversity: contact the German Research Service in Bonn, 228 302210. Graphic Sciences: London, 840 9480. Honeywell Bull: UK office, 0442 42281.

Shipowner bound by bill of lading

THE JALAMOHAN Queen's Bench Division: Mr Justice Hirst: December 21 1957

over and above sums paid ers in Hong Kong, it was by shippers under freight altered to show the carrier as pre-paid bills of lading AFEA Liberia instead of forming part of the contract AFEA Hong Kong.

The demise clause appeared note win The Berkshire [1974] I terms:

Lloyd's Rep 185. There Mr Justice Brandon held that the demise clause spelled out in unequivocal to the contract of fixture note were issued. of carriage and identifying The fixture note was bim as carrier, if the bills headed "ASA". It was were issued and signed by expressed to be agreed agents on his behalf with between the shipper and

when allowing an appeal by carrier's bills of lading". shippers, Ngo Chew Hong Edible Oil Pte Ltd, from a declaing dated May 13 were in the carrier's bills of lading. han, were not bound by freight pre-paid bills of lad-

charterparty on the New York was ty Produce Exchange form dated Liberia' April 30 1986 the shipowners chartered the Jalamohan to a demise clause which pro-the charterers as disponent vided "the contract...evi-owners for a time charter denced by this bill of lading is

Clause 40 of the charter- charterers of the ship...and lading was signed different authority from AFEA Liberia, party provided that "charter- the merchant." from that which is found in That was the wrong ers or their agents are author-

disponent owners, sub-char- hire. tered the vessel on back-to-back terms to AFEA Hong owners were bound by the that parties entered into a kong, a member of the AFEA fact that freight pre-paid bills contract of carriage on terms group (as were the charter- of lading had been issued. ers), which operated a liner They obtained a declaration the bill of lading to contain. service between the Far East that they were not bound. He said "Those terms must be

19, a fixture note had been concluded between the ship-pers and AFEA Hong Kong, for the carriage of vegetable oil from Singapore to Lagos. A SHIPOWNER who carries African Shipping Agency cargo to its destination after withdrawing the vessel from time-charterers Kong". On April 30, on service cannot claim freight instructions from the charter-

anthority derived from him AFEA Hong Kong. It set out either directly through the certain terms, including the charterparty, or by implicaname of the carrier, altered tion through a back-to-back from AFEA Hong Kong to snb-charter.

AFEA Liberia. By clause 10 it
Mr Justice Hirst so held provided "other terms as for

Freight pre-paid bills of lad-ing dated May 13 were issued ration by arbitrators that in Singapore by ASA, and Scindia Steam Navigation Co signed by them "as agents". Ltd, owners of the Jalamo- The bills bore the printed han, were not bound by words "AFEA Line". On the next line was "incorporated in ing. Hong Kong', but that had His Lordship said that by a been deleted and underneath was typed "incorporated in

> The bills of lading contained between the owners or demise

The shipowners claimed in ised to issue and sign bills of arbitration to recover freight lading as presented on char- or quantum meruit from the terers' usual form on the mas- shippers in respect of the owners' completion of a voy-Under another charterparty age after the vessel had been of the same date and on the withdrawn from charterers' same form, the charterers, as service for non-payment of

and West Africa. Clause 40 The shippers now appealed.

with the owners by virtue of would be a variation of it."

the demise clause. The owners

The arguments were r the demise clause. The owners
submitted that the true conconvincing. None of the cases Kong to act as agents and
tract was not as apparently cited dealt with the central issue bills of lading to shiptract was not as apparently evidenced by the bills of lad-ing, but was contained in the fixture note, which had no

ing. He said "the bill of lading contained or evidenced a contract between the shippers

and the shipowners."
Mr Siberry for the shippers submitted that the same applied in the present case.
Mr Diamond for the shipowners relied on the well-established principle as to the contractual status of a bill of

lading, that the bill of lading was not the contract, "for that has been made before the

biil of lading was signed and delivered" (see Scrutton on Charterparties 19th ed, 55). He cited cases in support of the principle. He particularly relied on *The Ardennes* [1951] 55, 59-60 where Lord Goddard said that evidence could be given to show that "there was in fact a contract entered into before the bill of

from that which is found in the bill of lading". He submitted that the actual contract, namely the fixture note, showed that the carriers were either AFEA Liberia or AFEA Hong Kong, but not the owners.

He also relied on Pyrene v Scindia [1954] 2 QB 402, 419 in force from the inception of master's (le the shipowners')

purported to be contracts not evidence the contract but written authority from

point, namely the identity of pers. the parties to the contract.

was clause 10 of the fixture the owners down to ASA note which provided "other Second, the head ch terms as for carriers' bill of

The charterers and AFEA tion, authorised charterers to Hong Kong were both members of the AFEA group, and the bill of lading was on the con bills of lading as the charterers on bills of lading as the charterers. standard AFEA group form. The demise clause was one of the printed clauses on that form. Those closely involved in the market were generally familiar with forms used by liner traders. It would be natural for the shippers to antici-pate that the "other terms as for carriers' bill of lading"

the first issue, and had dem-onstrated that the bills of lading purported to be contracts between the shippers and the

The second issue was whether the owners author- that all the AFEA services ised the issue of the bills of used the same form of bill of lading on their behalf.

As to the question of actual authority, the arbitrators focused their attention on whether ASA derived such

That was the wrong The owners were bound by approach. The crucial questhe bills of lading under tion was not whether such authority was derived from been loaded, and were there-AFEA Liberia, but whether it fore not entitled to any was derived from the shi-

powners. The shippers were in a position to establish an unbroken chain of authority on two alternative bases.

First, by virtue of clause 40 of the head charterparty, the which they knew or expected charterers or their, agents were authorised to issue and sign bills of lading "on the

First, the shippers con- the contract; if it were other- behalf. The arbitrators found On the preceding day, April tended that the bills of lading wise the bill of lading would that ASA derived express agency agreements with the charterers and AFEA Hong Kong to act as agents and

> That established an unbro-Here the crucial feature ken chain of authority from Second, the head charter contained a liberty to sub-let.

same position as to signature on bills of lading as the charterers were under the head charter(see The Vikfrost [1980] 1 Lloyd's Rep 560). Translated into the context of the present case, the lib-erty to sub-let accorded by the owners to the charterers put AFEA Hong Kong in the same position as the charterers by virtue of clause 40, would include the demise with authority to sign "on the clause.

The shippers succeeded on same unbroken chain of

authority was established.

As to whether the bill of lading was in the "charterers" usual form" within clause 40. there was an unequivocal finding of fact in the award

It followed that the owners expressly authorised issue of the bills of lading, which were in charterers' usual form.

The appeal was allowed. which the shippers' cargo had freight or quantum meruit over and above the sums prepaid by the shippers.

For the shippers: Richard Siberry (Holman Femvick & Willan) For the shipowners: Anthony Diamond QC and Michael Daiches (Zaiwalia & Co)

By Rachel Davies

Chief executive designate of Simon Engineering

joined SIMON ENGINEERING in July last year as managing director of its new manufactur-ing division and was made a director of the company last September, has been appointed deputy chief executive. As chief executive designate he will succeed Mr Tim C. Leader in due course. The company says it is involved in an exten-sive reconstruction of its pro-file, including a major pro-That, by necessary implicagramme of acquisitions and disposals. The reorganisation includes the establishment of the new divisional structure. The company has appointed Mr Neil Potts as divisional financial director of its engineering contracting division. He was director and general manager of Mather & Piatt Machinery.

WEST LEIGH GROUP has appointed Mr Peter Morse as deputy managing director. He joined the company in 1982. West Leigh is a member of the OCS group.

Mr Pat Gildea has retired as director of sales of SKF & DOR-MER TOOLS (SHEFFIELD), and has been appointed a non-executive board member.

THE INSTITUTE OF METALS has appointed Dr Ashley Catterall to succeed Sir Geoffrey Ford as institute secretary from July 1. Dr Catterall is sec-retary of the Science and Englneering Research Council.

CHARTERHOUSE BANK has appointed Mr Neil Fryer as assistant director and chief money market dealer; and Mr Ian Sangster as assistant director and chief foreign exchange dealer. Both were promoted from manager. Mr Colin Allin-son the bank's treasury depart-ment on February 1 as assistant chief money market dealer. Mr Allinson was chief dealer in Dresdner Bank's London dealing room, Charterhouse Bank is wholly owned by The Royal Barrister Bank of Scotland Group.

Ms Kathryn Riley has been promoted to executive director of COUNTY NAT-WEST and head of personnel. She has been with the horse the investment hankbank, the investment bank-ing arm of National Westminster Bank, for two years Her career in person-nel in the City began at Morgan Guaranty Trust Co-of New York, followed by



has appointed Mr Terry Pin-chin as regional director of executive of Unilever. marketing from February 1. He

HOUSE, has been appointed production director.

Mr Brian R.C. Kemp, who PLYSU has appointed Mr Brian newly-created post, operations joined SiMON ENGINEERING in Haigh as process development be succeeded at Swindon Cable director of its new semanaging director of subsidiary Plysu by Mr Roger Wilson who joins the company from Radio Rem-als where he was marketing manager.

> The main board of PEREGRINE INTERNATIONAL following its public stare offer in Mr Alan-Whitaker, chairman; Mr Denwaterer, chairmen; air Den nis Marphy, deputy chairmen; Mr Stewart Jamioson, chief executive: and Mr Thomas Dootson, Mr Gerard Enright, Professor Desmond Res, and Mr Roy White, directors.

Mr Gooff Mairhead has been appointed director responsible for the UK civil engineering and building operations of SHAND NORTHERN. He was in charge of the Midland regional office.

SUNLEIGH ELECTRONICS has some suppointed Mr Stephen Aston-Smith as group financial con-troller and company secretary. He was with the Frank Horsell Group, part of the Cookson Group.

Mr Pichard J.Daggan has been appointed chairman of CROS-FIELDS, a Unilever subsidiary. the Boyal Bank of Canada.

She is a former chairman of Women in Banking. (1983-85), and a freeman of the City of London.

BRITISH GAS NORTH THAMES has appointed Mr Terry Pintons research and engineering.

is regional service manager
South Eastern, and succeeds Mr
John Allan, who joins West
Midlands as regional deputy
chairman on the same day.

Mr Jukka Tamminen has been
appointed managing director of
NOKIA-MOBIRA. Cambridge,
operating division of Noida-Mobira, Finland. He was managing
director of Mancon, Wakefield, Mr David A. Bland, works UK subsidiary of a Finnish manager in the OXFORD UNI-VERSITY PRESS PRINTING turer.

Mr Michael Smith has been appointed general manager, BT VISION has appointed Mr financial and information Tim Smith, currectly managing systems of 3M UNITED KING-director of Swindon Cable, to a DOM. He was treasurer.

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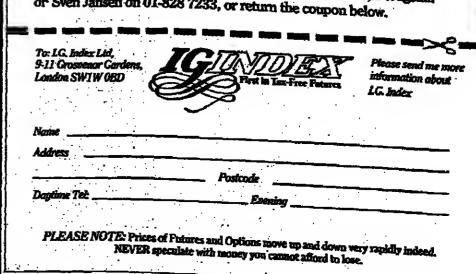


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Television/Christopher Dunkley

The case for cameras covering the Commons

Contrary to popular belief, widespread these days even among MPs, it was not the gathering at Westminster which John Bright referred to when he coined the phrase "mother of parliaments." What he said was "England is the mother of parliaments," and what he meant, I take it, was that we, tha English people, had given birth to the idea. Now, more than 100 years since the creation of that metaphor, it is surely time that we were able to keep an eye on our offspring.

our offspring.
Legally we are emittled to do so, of course. Provision is made for the proud parents to watch the mewling infant from the public gallery, but unfortunately we are rather an odd family: 649 children and 40 mil-lion parents, so even if we could all afford the time and fares to get there, we would not

fares to get there, we would not all fit in.

Fortunately this problem can now be solved very simply: the television camera can stand in the public gallery, in loco parents, acting as our eyes, and sending pictures back to us in the sitting room. Unfortunately, each time this idea has been proposed in the past the children have thrown tantrums and dren have thrown tantrums and so far they have managed to prevent the cameras being nursery tea. installed. In response

they have become accustomed, bave been polite and long-sni-the table in an attempt to fering in this matter positively Spock-like in our toler-tively spock ance. Bot now, with another and it is the resultant excoph-debate on the subject expected ony which has done most to soon, it is time wa threw our weight around a bit and put the

little terrors in their place.
We know that Maggie, the nursery ringleader, is anxious to keep the cameras oot because sha is afraid they would reveal to us the chil-dren's babyish behaviour. Some suspect that she is also anxious about her own standing: though she has learned how to impose her will with a heavy hand, it is common knowledge amoog nursery is traditionally con-insiders that she is not the most impressive of performers at than are its imitators in the



Conservative MP Emma Nicholson putting her case in next Monday's "World in Action" programme

we, the parents, who begat the 649, and support them in the considerable style to which they have become accompany to the considerable style to which they have become accompany to the considerable style to which they have become accompany to the considerable style to which they have become accompany to the considerable style to which they have become accompany to the considerable style to the considerable style to which the considerable style damage the image of the nursery in the eyes of the grown

The trouble is that the baby alarm system (radio) which is currently the only means broadcasters are permitted to use, transmits a bafflingly chaoff coise, creating in the minds of the listeners a vision of behaviour which is far worse than the reality. The British

USA, Germany, France and so back into the chamber some of on. The atmosphere has always been more hugger-mugger, or at least conversational; to this day no great Parliamentarian would behaviour on the Dennis Skinread a speech lo a major debate. While American politi-cians may tediously "read into the record," British politicans attempting the same will be taunted with cries of "Reading!

Many MPs are proud of this close, almost clannish atmoclose, almost clannish atmosphere yet, as with so many of the arguments over the installation of television, they do not trust the rest of us – the people who put them there – to understand, to sympathise.

These arguments over detail almost all have equal weight on either side. Would the cameras not encourage the bores? Perhaps, but they might also tempt

What will happen if television is not allowed into the Commons? It is happening already. More and more aspects of public life are mediated by

of public life are mediated by television, and where government is concerned the broadcasters will not simply stand still. Some time ago the centre of gravity began to shift away from Westminster and into the television studios at Wella Street and Wood Lane.

Television journalists may not have the courage of their predecessors in the Press who, excluded from the House in the early 18th century, bribed the gatekeepers and smuggled in memory men who could bring out verbatim reports in their heads, for publication in The Gentleman's Magazine and The London Magazine. It is hard to Imagine ITN's David Nicholas or the BBC's John Birt smuggling cameramen with miniagling cameramen with minis-ture camcorders into Westminster, but the shift is already

occurring anyway.

MPs may be able to stop the cameras coming to them but they cannot stop one another going to the cameras. Most poligoing to the cameras. Most poli-ticens are only too glad to be invited to the studies to take part in Weekend World, Pan-orana, World In Action, A Week In Politics, This Week, News-night, Question Time, Channel 4 News and – as from last week

The Parliamentary Programme, ITN's promising daily magazine presented by Glyn Mathias.

not see them. Won't those who are already etar performers benefit from the cameras while the quieter ones become even more obscure? On the contrary, Whatever happens at Westwhatever happens at west-minster such programmes will continue and even proliferate, and while the primacy of Par-liament will survive in a legal and constitutional sense (let us hope) television will become television usually favours the quieter, eubtler, performer (Frank Finlay, Dirk Bogarde) over the master of the theatri-cal gesture (Olivier, Wolfit). more and more important in the daily political system, just as it has already acquired such a central role in general elections. power is increasingly coocen-trated in the hands of the few, If that process is allowed to continue, the danger, especially during periods when one party and especially in the Prime Mioister'e, television could

have the bealthy effect of returning a little influence to increasingly as an emasculated talking shop with political reason for Maggie's opposition no doubt.

When the bealthy effect of Westminster will be seen increasingly as an emasculated talking shop with political power monopolised by the Prime Minister and, to some increasingly as an emasculated talking shop with political power monopolised by the Prime Minister and, to some television: the Currie, Hatter-

aley, Owen circus.

It is surely better from all points of view - voters', MPs' and broadcasters' - that the Westminster cockpit should remain at the centre of affairs, and that politicians should have a powerful series the telescope of the state of the telescope of telescope of the telescope of telescope and that politicians should have a powerful say in the televising of their own activities. Paradoxical as it may sound, nothing would be more effective in reducing the shift in power from Parliament to television than the decision to allow cameras into the Commons.

All the argoments point in that direction. The televising of the House of Lords since May 1996 has done nothing but good for the peers and the public. The other major democracies, from France and Germany to the USA, have allowed the cameras in without any trouble.
The old fear that MPS would have to fry under hot lights is out of date. The experience of watching the House of Repre-sentatives and Senate committees at work on the CNN chan-nel in the States suggests that television can do wonders in improving the public perception of government and politicians merely by showing them at work, as they really are.

But however persuasive such practical considerations may be, there are larger and more important principles above and beyond them, to do with such matters as democracy, access and accountability. Like all par-ents we may find that our offapring frequently try our patience, and from time to time even infuriate us; yet we are quite prood, really, of what we have created. We do believe, however, that we have a right to see what the children get up to in our name, and we doubt whether they have much right to go on preventing us. has a herty majority, is that

Les Liaisons Dangereuses/Paris

Michael Coveney

Christopher Hampton's play the possibility of that happenhas been unwisely commandered by the boulevardiers in Paris, 1 am reloctant to sound amind or provideral but and degradation in Laclos are smug or proprietorial, but on palpably revolting, but Hamp-the evidence of this sorry new ton, in the case of the Vlcomte's production in the gem-like for-assault on the 15 year-old talking shop with political power monopolised by the Prime Minister and, to some extent, the Cabinet, while any residual political influence contioues to flow into the hands of the clique most favoured by television: the Currie, Hatterthe contemporary French the-

> Hampton's play was obvi-ously too good for Broadway to stomach – it failed there – but onsiy too good for Broadway to stomach — it failed there — but continues at the Ambassadors in London. You would have thought that the French would want to do their own adaptation (there is room for improvement on Roger Vadim's film). But no. Jean-Claude Brisville's piodding, unimaginative transilation, and Gérard Vergez's exerciable production, foliow the hard evidence of Hampton'e text, the exact order of his dramaturgy.
>
> This was, in the first place, to concoct a bitter comedy of recrimination and seduction among doomed denizens of the Bois de Vincennes sbortly before Madame Guillotine mercifully intervenes to cut off the contest and recapitulation are festigned and caroline Cellier's stiffly decorative Marquise.

or, if you like, French letters.

Hampton invented a scenario, imposed dramatic rhythms on a house party, and referred the rancidly amorous husk inhabited by the Vicomte de Valmont and the Marquise de Merteuil to such wisely competitive duel-lists as Beatrice and Benedick, Millamant and Mirabell.

Hampton's 1985 adaptation ings.
was a far cry from Heiner Muller's Laclos play, Quartet, which preceded it by several years and has been widely performed fused patrons a steel sheet for

Cecile, treads a fine line between de Sade and Wycherley. The seduction is both an exercise in style and an affront to decency. In the RSC prodoction, there was nothing objectionable in the presentation. In Paris, you feel dirty at being implicated.

This has something to do with Bernard Giraudeau's vain and

cifully intervenes to cut off Their contest and recapitula-their beads. Laclos' novel is tions are flattened into images composed entirely of epistles of unflinching, unvarying Wat-

teauesque propriety.
The design reflects this, a meaningless arrangement of false, brutally uninteresting walnut prosceniums in front of social scenes. As if that were not bad enough, llons Sekacz's poisoned harpsichord music for the RSC has been usurped by low grade Mozartian meander-

throughout Europe. It would be the final scene. The card school tragic if this version should is dispensed with, and one has become totally eclipsed by the no sense of passing time. The reputation of Muller'e. But unless it falls into responsible ment to facilitate a languid Continental hands quite soon, demise for M Girandeau.

Malcolm Bilson/St John's

Richard Fairman

As an increasing number of become all-important. There is conductors and orchestras have no excuse for being prissy in era on period instruments, so son's playing has always been there has been a need to find its outgoing vigour.

keyboard soloists to work with them. Few traditional pianists this recital was a new and seem willing to try their luck on unexpected concern for key-

tional performances.

Among this new wave of performers, it is Malcolm Bilsoo who has come most visibly to notice. While his cycle of the Mozart plano concertoa on record has been widely acclaimed, a few doubts have lingered as to the depth and range of the interruptations it.

The following Mozart Sonatz range of the interpretations it has to offer. But at this solo in B flat K 333 showed that it recital - a brisk and impas-sioned lunchtime at St John's, Smith Square - those reservations were largely confounded, at times triumphantly so.

Of course, the iostrumeot itself (at this recital Bilson played on a modern reproduction of one of Mozart's fortepi-

come forward wanting to per-this repertoire anymore and form the music of the classical one of the best features of Bil-

a fortepiano and somebody has board colour and expressiveto take the place occupied by ness. The central minuet of
Brendel or Perahia in conventional performances. Haydn's A flat Sonata Hob 43
introduced a tonal quality radi-

had oot. This is an unusually lyric piece, which shares some of the human depths of the great Mozart operas, and it was disappointing to hear the most affecting phrases of its first movement rendered merely spruce and tidy. By this point, however, the C Minor Fantasy had already scalded a place in the memory: there cannot be a anos) dictates to a large degree the memory: there cannot be a how the music should sound. romantic virtuoso alive who Melody is reduced in effect; would dare play Mozart with a rhythm and percussive attack

£1m for South Bank music

Antony Thorncroft

London'e South Bank Centre is the LPO, have been prepared to enjoying a new lease of life change their schedule to play under the entrepreneurial man-works like Mahler's 9th Symunder the entrepreneurial management that took over from the GLC, and yesterday it announced two important initiatives. The more flamboyant was End Games, a cuitural pantechnicon which covers all the spaces on the site, from the spaces on the site, from the covers all the National Theatre to the Purcell is Citizen Kane, produced by Room, with works of art cre-Room, with works of art created in the late years of the Masters. But perhaps the more significant is a major commercial sponsorship, from British & Commonwealth Holdings, which by Barbara Hepworth, and even wili pump nearly £1m into especially devised music programmes over the next five

ears. This first major get together
The idea for End Games came by the South Bank's arts comfrom a chance conversation between Sir Peter Hall, retiring director of the National Theatre, and Nicholas Snowman. artistic director of the South Bank Centre. When he discovered that Sir Peter was to direct Shakespesre's three major late plays, Cymbeline, The Winter's Tale and The Tempest as his envoi at the NT, Snowman extended the idea to

"late works" by major artists
Now, between April 21 and
July 4, there will be a festival
devoted to those compositions in which artists nearing the end opens the festival on April 21, there will be forty two concerts in the three music halls, covering compositions by Mozart, Beethoven and Chaikovsky, across to valedictory works by Dowiand, Berg and Ives. Some of the music is introspective, such as Beethoven's chamber

will be involved, as well as the Bournemouth Sinfonietta and

approach. The Hayward Gallery is offering "The Family of Man," s group of bronze figures by Barbara Hepworth, and even the Tate is stretching out across the Thames with a late Picasso exhibition from June 23.

This first major get together

piexes may have no very coherent theme, and dazzles by its size rather than by its insights, but it is the chape of things to

the South Bank, Even more important to the Centre's success has been its coup in attracting what is probably the largest ever musical sponsor-ship in the UK. British & Commonwealth, the financial, air-craft, and hotel conglumerate, has done some minor sponsorship, of the English Chamber Orchestra and the Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment, in of their lives could, according to Snowman, "shake off the need to impress and tell the need to impress and tell the makes it s major force. B & C need to impress and ten the truth in their works. Apart makes it s major force. Determine the Shakespeare, which onens the festival on April 21, End Games, supporting twenty three concerts. There is some three cancerts. There is some delicacy needed in sponsoring a series when individual concerts are backed by other sponsors but the issue seems to have been resolved. In the autumn of this year it will aid the complete Beethoven String Quartets played by the Alban Berg Quartet, and future plans include a Haydn series in 1989 and a major Mozart celebration in his bicentenary year of 1991. The South Bank intends to use the B & C cash to mount some imaginative, better rehearsed, pro-

Marées and the German Romanists/Munich

Gunter Kowa

The history of German culture has been influenced by Italy since the Holy Roman Empire of the German Nation. Winckelmann and Goetha talked of the museum has gathered mann and Goetha talked of the museum has gathered mann and women in an analysis of Hans von Marées, ity. The painter depicts himself an artist bent on the quest for with a circle of friends in a perfection and eternal values in trattoria by the sea, watching art. The museum has gathered scenes from a carefree southern round its nucleus of late paint. of the German Nation. Winckel-mann and Goetha talked of being reborn in Rome; Italy as land of sensuous form and rich and shows its own collection of colour offered an indispensable drawings and at the the Schack education for men of letters and artists alike. That was still series of copies of indian old the attitude of Boeckin, Penerbach, Hans von Marées and Hildebrand, artists collectively known as the "German Romanists," when they fled from Count Schack to finance a first Roman sojourn.

The self portraits vividly wo**en they** tied iroi man bourgeois society in the second half of the 19th century to an Italy as yet untouched by industrialisation.

In a double anniversary year of Marees Munich devotes a work (until 20 Feb, to travel jointly to Rome in April 88), which at first sight may well appear to plumb the incompre-hensible depths of German profundity. To point out that there are definite links to the music of Brahms, Mendelssohn, Wag-ner and Reger, which is not nor-mally considered a purely German phenomenon, may begin to put this art in a wider context.

The four artists crossed paths at different times in Rome and Florence from the 1850s. Although they remained highly strung individuals with very different approaches to art, forming no group or movem they did react to one another'e

describe the artist's road to asceticism and his withdrawal into rigorous discipline, the drawings showing a ceaseless preoccupation with the composition of figural relationships in restricted space. With recollec-tions from Michelangelo, Signo-relli and Pompelan frescoes he tolled over wall-sized panels, his substitute for murals, which he considered the highest mission in art. Male and female nudes of different ages are grouped in studied arrangevaguely at classical subject

Marées did paint one fresco cycle, for the library of the "Acquario" in Naples, founded in 1873 by a German biologist. The small neoclassical building work and there are clear cross-references.

The Neue Pinakothek has long been the holy grail of the our reproductions of great qual-our reproductions of great qual-

orange grove and fishermen preparing the ness and rowing a boat, with Capri in the dis-tance. All are at harmony with themselves and with nature.

The young sculptor, Hilde-brand, was working with him and Marées, sensing a similar concern for values of form and composition, had hoped to set-tle with him in Florence to a life revolving around art. But Hildebrand's much more open-minded and sociable character brought this union to a rapid and unhappy end, despite Hildebrand's acknowledged debt to Marces' aesthetic theories. This is clearly visible in accomplished reliefe, echoing Donatello and Greek funerary steles. They are a veritable dis-covery to be made in the exhibiments under orange trees. Romanists, unfortunately segre-Titles like "The Golden Age" gated from Marées in the Haus and "The Hesperides" hint der Kunst museum.

Feuerbach, the nephew of the anti-Christian philoeopher, stylised pictures by one who brought with him to Italy much considered himself an unrecogclassical learning and a Goenies genius are supposed to thean literary tradition, for which he was determined to The small neoclassical building find a painterly equivalent, stands in the park by the shore of the bay, Travellers to Naples and enraptured by the classical

PAR DICAN

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WORLD'S LARGEST MANUFACTURES



Detail from Hans von Marces' fresco for the library of the Acquario, Naples

Medea contemplating the mur-der of her children, the Sympo-sium of Plato, etc. These highly nised genius are supposed to express profound concepts like spiritual desire and the inevitability of fate, but their insistence on learning and artistic pedigree robs them of any immediacy however much one

ner pattern? In some, maybe, but it seems just as likely to prevent the sort of behaviour which occurs at present because MPs know their par-ents...their constitueous...can-

In an age when political

may admire their solid qualities of a fisherman of ancient times. of execution.

Here are some of his most one pondering the possibility of famous images, like "Panic Ter-

painter, who roamed the hills around Rome and Florence and watched the waves breaking on the rocky shores of Liguria, was of the four the most entranced by landscape. For him, pre-Olymplan deities found refuge there, Pan in dry and stooy hills, tritons and nereids in inaccessible caverns by the coast, which he saw through the cyes of a shepherd

with his goats by Pan lurking behind some rocks, and the Triton and Nereid" far out in the sea. Boecklin's compelling magery influenced the Symbol ists, and a whole generation stood in awe before his melo-dramatic "Island of the Dead," apparently inspired while row ing across to the island of Ischia Boecklin's highly realis-

Arts Guide

Theatre

The Bover (Mermaid). Jeremy Irons roisters into town in the RSC's Swan production by John Barton of Aphra Behn's rollicking comedy. It plays in repertoire with the Chernoby play, Sarcophagus, an urgent bot clumsily crafted bospital drama. (236 5568/638 8891).

kicking and gancy chorus numbers. (767 2526).

I'm Not Happaport (Booth). The Tony's best play of 1936 won on the strength of its work-of-mouth popularity far the two oldsters on Central Fark benches who bicker uproariously about life. (239 6200).

Les Miserables (Broadway). Led by Colm Wilkinson repeating his West End role as Jean Valjean, the magnificent spectacle of Victor Hugo's majestic sweep of history and pathos brings to Broadway lessons in pageantry and drama, if not strict adherence to its original source. (239 6200).

Starlight Express (Gershwin). Those who saw the original at the

Victoria in London will barely

January 15-21

de and My Girl (Marquis). Even if the plot turns on ironic mimicry of Pygnalion, this is no classic, with forgettable songs and dated leadenness in a stage full of characters. But it has proved to be a durable Broadway hit with its marvellous lead role for an agile, engaging and deft actor, preferably British (947 0033). WASHINGTON

Enrice IV (Arena). Pirandello's mys-tery of the man who imagined himself as Henry IV of Germany. (488 3300). Ends Feb 21. CHICAGO

Passion Play (Goodman). Peter Nichol's clever twinning of the characters as they conduct a duplicitous affair adds an edge to the view of contemporary life in London. (443 3800). Ends Feb 13.

English. (541 3131).

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LONDON

an urgent bot clumally crafted bospital drama. (236 5568/638 8891).

Antony and Cleopatra (Olivier). Peter Hall's best production for the National Theatre he leaves in 1988 brings this great but notoriously difficult play to thrilling life. (928 2252).

The Phantom of the Opera (Her Majesty's). Spectacular emotionally nourishing new musical by Andrew Lloyd Webber emphasising the romance in Lerour's 1911 novel. Happens in a wonderful Paris Opera ambience designed by Maria Bjorrson. (839 2244, CC379 6131/240 7200).

Folilies (Shaftesbury). Stunning revival, directed by Mike Ockrent and designed by Maria Bjornson, of Sondhelm's 1971 mosical in which poisoned marriages nearly

of Sondheim's 1971 mostcal in which poisoned marriages nearly undermine an old barlesque remion in a doomed theatre. Cast led by Dolores Gray, Julia McKenzie, Diana Rigg, Daniel Massey. All good. (379 5399). Serions Money (Wyndham's). Transfer from Royal Coort of Caryl Churchill's shek City comody for champagne-swilling yupples: how the Big Barg led to class tumult and barrow-boy dealings on the Stock Exchange. (836 3028, CU 279 6586).

CC 379 6586).

Small Pamily Business (Olivier).

Brilliant new Aiaz Ayckbourn
play about Britain on the fiddle in
greedy times, selling out to foreigners and keeping it simultaneously in the family. A comedy
thriller on the large scale. (928
22521.

NEW YORK

NEW YORK

Fences (46th Street). August Wilson hit is home-run, this year's Pulitzer Prize, with James Earle Junes taking the powerful lead role. (221-12)1).

Cats (Winter Garden). Still a sellout, Trevor Nunn's production of T.S. Eliot's children's poetry set to trendy music is visually startling and choreographically feline, but classic only in the sense of a rather staid and over-blown idea of theatricality. (239 6262).

42nd Street (Majestic). An immodest celebration of the heyday of Broadway in the 1930s incorporates gems from the original film. (977 920).

A Chorus Line (Shnbert). The longest-running musical ever in America has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage story in which songs are as anditions rather than emotions. (239 6200).

La Cage aux Folies (Palace). With some umeful Jerry Herman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages harely to capture the feel of the sweet and bilarinus original between high-

the French lum manages marely to capture the feel of the sweet and hilarinus original between high-kicking and gandy chorus numbers (757 2620).

recognise its American incarna-tion. The spruced-up stage with new bridges and American scen-ery distract from the hackneyed pop music and trumped-up silly plot. (586 6510). Me and My Girl (Marquis). Even if

TOKYO

35 Steps (Aoyama Theatre). Song and dance with the Shild Theatre Company which specialises in musicals and which is celebrating its 35 anniversary this year. The evening features 35 extracts from past, present and future Shild productions – from West Side Story to Phantam Of The Opera. (0120-489444). Ends Feb 21.

Kabuki (Kabuki-Za). Tokyo's main Kabuki theatre is celebrating its centenary with a year-long featival featuring perennial favourities and new works. The morning programme this month includes Kanchinjo, in which the wily servant outwits his master's pursuers. The afternoon programme bas another popular piece, Sukeroku. Excelent earphone commentary in English (541 3131). TOKYO

Bournemouth Sintometta and the Halle. To some extent the music on offer is indistinguishable from the annual South Bank diet but to keep the festi-Bank diet but to keep the festi-val spirit going orchestras, like grammes, outeide the cooven-tional repertoire.

come. Nicholas Snowman has long wanted to introduce themes to

works; some almost youthful, such as Verdi'a Folstoff. All four London orchestras

FINANCIAL TIMES

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A voice for Hong Kong

The UK Parliament today has a belated opportunity to press of its ability to resist being the Government about whether it is taking the aspirations and interests of the The next Legislative Countiliant of the countiliant o people of Hong Kong eufficiently seriously, or whether calm diplomatic relations with Peking have a higher

priority.
Sir Geoffrey Howe, Foreign Secretary, will open today's debate. He should grasp the opportunity to convincs a growing number of sceptics that Britain is not marching backwards away from its responsibilities to the colony prior to its return to Chinese sovereignty in 1997.

Britain privately indicated clearly and repeatedly after the Sino-British Joint Declaration on Hong Kong was signed in 1984 that it wanted some members of Hong Kong's Leg-islative Council to be directly elected by 1988. Successive public opinion polls ehow the majority of Hong Kong citizens want the same thing. An official survey indicating that opinion was divided about whether direct elections should be introduced now or later was discredited by the authoritative Hong Kong Statistical Society which said the methodology of the key ques-tion was flawed.

Implacably opposed

The Chinese are implacably opposed to any direct elec-tions in 1988, and there are now worrying suggestions that the colonial govern-ment's white paper on the subject, due on February 10, will argue that elections this year would not, after all, be

The issue of the timing of direct elections is not only the most pressing of the Issues affecting the Hoog Kong peo-

The next Legislative Council elections after 1988 are in 1991. So this is the last year in which direct elections can be introduced before China's Basic Law, covering the administration of Hong Kong for 50 years after 1997, is enacted in Peking in 1990. If no system of direct elections is in place by 1990, the Chinese will thereafter be able to insist with powerful logic that only arrangements com-patible with their Basic Law can be introduced.

Good forum

Failnre to introduce direct elections in 1988 will be tan-tamount to an official admission that the risk of any ensuing row with Peking is intolerable and that Britain will follow where Chins leads, irrespective of the wishes of the Hong Kong peo-

The Commons is a good forum in which to ensure that the Hong Kong people, who have not been generously treated in terms of immigration and nationality, are at least left with a worthwhile franchise. The urgent need today is for a clear and principled statement that Hong Kong remains more important to Britain than a few ruffled Peking feathers, and for such a commitment to be embodied in direct elections this year. Britain's strongest card is the knowledge that the Chinese would have to unpick democracy in the full glare of the world spotlight after 1997. Any attempt to do so would fulfill the pessimists' worst fears, resulting in the flight of capital and confidence

Affair of arms in Argentina

THE most encouraging feature of the brief military rebellion in Argentina was that loyal troope moved against the rebels. Nothing could have been more perilous to Argentine democracy than orders from the army high command being disobeyed in sympathy with the rebels.

This was the fear during the rebeilion last Easter led by Col Aldo Rico, the man behind the latest venture; and it was never fully dispelled then, since President Raul Alfonsin made concessions to avoid bloodshed and any real test of the troops' loyalty.

Military mavericks

However, there was no such ambiguity this time. When challenged by force, the ren-egade colonel quickly surren-dered. The various military protests elsewhere in the country evaporated with even greater speed when con-fronted by determined loyal

No Argentine can feel com-fortable that the country harbours a group of disgruntled military mavericks. But the

been seen to uphold constitutional order in the face of unacceptable demands. Col Rico sought the removal of the senior commander and a vindication of the military's role in the "dirty war" against the left during the period 1976-82.

It is significant that the rebel soldiers chose to make their stand conveniently close to the Brazil-Uruguay border, far from the capital. Vainglorious rather than courageous, they lacked supporters in the country and had none outside.

In the wake of the rebellion, the armed forces have an opportunity to integrate more fully into civilian society. The military cannot easily be for-given for the abuses of human rights during the "dirty war" or for the Falklands debacle but the armed forces now have to demonstrate that they no longer claim a special right to intervene in politics.
Col Rico and other malcon-

tents may well be the focus of further discontent. The authorities must not make concessions in disciplining the

Regime for radio

1F IT ain't broke, don't mend it, runs the old adage - and there are no doubt many radio listensrs in Britain who are prone to feel that way ing that has served them well over the years. Yet Britain has less — and arguably less diverse — radio than many other developed countries. Equally important, the avail-ability of new frequencies calls for a major overhaul of the regulatory structure by the turn of the decade. In deciding to stick with the key proposals in last year's Green Paper on radio, while plumping for a new independent radio authority, Mr Douglas Hurd, the Home Scattering for the Home Scatte Hurd, the Home Secretary,

for three new national commercial radio channels, the licence fee, while commercial operators provide lightly local and community stations. They will be subject to regular tion with a light touch, which means that programme operators will be responsible for one area at least where the tors will be responsible for one area, at least, where the their own services, subject to Government is taking a modrequirements of accuracy, est step away from the cen-balance and decency. The tralising, namy state – some-Green Paper's suggestion of thing, in fact, to be grateful competitive tendering for the for in the present climate.

national radio channels, which originated in the Peacock Committee report, remains; and the new authority will be expected to assign licenses between those applicants whose programme plans pass the test of widening consumer choice.

Clear loser

A clear loser in all this is the Independent Broadcasting Authority, which had hoped to play a more important part within the new regulatory framework. But to create a this will be a very different has rightly opted for a relatively liberal environment in which consumer choice enjoys high priority.

Alongside the existing BBC the BBC enjoys the freedom services, there will be scope for three new national com-

bad years ending in 1976; finally, good years ever since. In good years the Prime Minister and the Chancellor present a unified front against the spending depart-ments. In bad years the Prime Minister – or sometimes even the Chancellor - encourages greater spending, this being viewed by the Treasury as the equivalent of going

It looks as though 1988-89 will be another good year for the Treasury and the Chancellor promises more to come. According to the Chancellor's Autumn Statement, general excluding privatisation proceeds) is expected to grow by just over 1 per cent in real terms (deflated by the gross domestic product deflator at market prices) above the level for 1987-88. The share of general government expenditure (excluding privatisation receipts) in GDP will fall from 42½ per cent to 42 per cent, the loweet level since 1972-73. By 1990-91 the share of government expenditure is projected to be as low as 414 per cent.

Despite these successes, complacency would be unwarranted. After all, in the 1980 Public Expenditure White Paper the Government had put forward the objective of reducing public expenditure progressively in volume terms over the succeeding four years. Subsequently, the aim was restated as one of holding the level constant in real terms. Currently, the aim is just to lower the share of pubic expenditures in GDP. These successive modifications suggest the Government is on a elippery slope, with return to bad old ways

always threatening.
Could public expenditure control then go the way of monetary targets? Would it matter if it did? If control is necessary, is it being exer-cised in a sensible way and for reasonable objectives? These are the questions that naturally arise when a Public Expenditure White Paper is about to be published. To attempt to answer those questions one needs first to put current battles in their longer term context.

The price of financial rectitude is, indeed, eternal vigithe chart, one can observe the over the last century. From 9 ment. per cent of GDP in 1890 it

A diet for Leviathan

Martin Wolf analyses the issues underlying the Government's public spending plans, due out today

FOR THE TREASURY, by the same share of GDP Britain's history since the Second World War is divided, like Caesar's Gaul, into three parts: first, relatively good years up to 1957; then the 19 be both hard and unremitting, and the same share of GDP over the next century. But another point is implied: the political battle to prevent years up to 1957; then the 19 especially since the existence

of large spending creates the

lobbies for further expansion. Looking at the period between the mid-1950s and the mid-1970s, one finds that the share of spending in GDP rose from about 33 per cent to over 48 per cent. This expension of the role of the state after the Second World War was, it should be noted, by no means exceptional, as has been made clear in a study of the role of the public sector published in OECD Economic Studies in Spring 1985. Between 1960 and 1982, the Autumn Statement, general mean ratio of government government expenditure expenditure to GDP rose from 26 to 47 per cent for the OECD countries, with the UK's rise being less than the average. Contrast Sweden, for example, where the share of government spending rose from 31 to 67 per cent.

> None the less, the growth in the UK between 1967 and 1976 was rapid (as the chart indicates) and proved to be politically, if not economically, unsustainable. Between 1957 and 1975 government expenditure in real terms rose at a compound annual rate of 4.6 per cent, GDP rising over

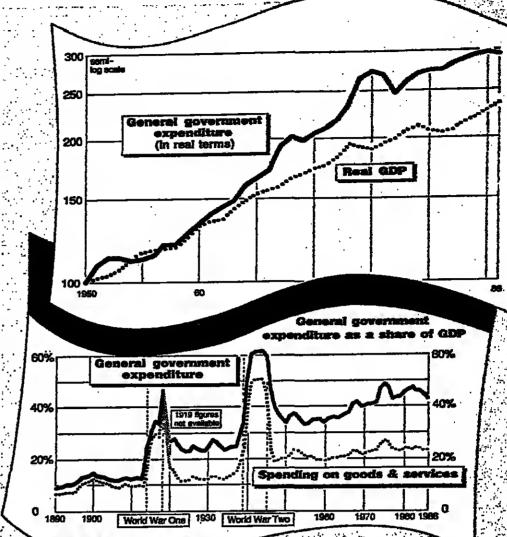
the same period at an annual rate of 2.7 per cent. How "good" were the subse-quent years? From 1976 to 1986 public expenditure grew at a compound rate of less than I per cent a year in real terms, while GDP grew at 2 per cent. From the Treasury perspective, therefore, when governments have been good they have been very very good, but when they were bad exercised more selectively?

they were horrid.
The mid-1970s were the

These trends confirm one of lance, as inspection of the histhe theses of a book by M.S. Again, it should be stressed ployment benefit, which were these priority areas,
torical record shows. In an Levitt and M.A.S. Joyce (The article in Economic Trends of Growth and Efficiency of October 1987, Graham White Public Spending, published by and Helen Chapman of the the National Institute of Eco-Treasury have put together nomic and Social Research in valuable information on these the Autumn of 1987). Which longer term trends. Looking at party is in power does not determine the growth of overgrowth of public spending all spending; the trends cut and so of the role of the state across changes in govern-

How has public expenditure grew to an all time peak of been controlled in the years 48.8 per cent in 1975.

One point is clear: public there been an expenditure is unlikely to rise across-the-board decline in



Certain historically imporwatershed for public spending tant parts of government in the UK. Starting with Mr spending have, indeed, James Callaghan and Mr declined dramatically. In Denis Healey, Leviathan has 1973, for example, investment been put on a strict diet. Was 12 per cent of general Despite the rhetaric that the government appendix been put on a strict diet. Despite the rhetoric, that diet was strictest under the Labour government, under the Labour government, under real level of fixed investment which real spending was cut by 8 per cent in the two years after 1975 and then kept important victim being housbelow the 1975 level throughout the balance of its period grants and net lending to the of office. The real level of public and private sectors of office. The real level of public and private sectors public spending has not been were about 9 per cent of GDP. cut in any year under the By 1986 they were down to Conservatives and in 1986 1.8 per cent. Subsidies, too, was 10 and another than the beautiful for the control of the con was 10 per cent above the have declined from a peak of per cent of spending in 1974 to 4 per cent in 1986.

EXPENDITURE ON GOODS AND SERVICES

growth or has control been that it was the Labour Gov- 31 per cent of all general gov-exercised more selectively? ernment that cut these activi- ernment spending in 1986, np ties most savagely. Invest-ment, for example, had fallen by 44 per cent in real terms below the 1974 peak level by

> Meanwhile, current expen-diture on goods and services (most importantly, defence, education and health, which together accounted for 36 per together accounted for 36 per cent of total general govern-ment spending in 1986) has survived relatively well. In 1986 the real level of such spending was 19 per cent higher than in 1975 and 18 per cent higher than in 1979.

Even more striking is the growing role of current transfers to the personal sector, such as pensions and unem-

94.6 129.3

138.7 157.7

from 20 per cent in 1975 and 25 per cent in 1979. While it has, indeed, proved possible to cut certain parts of public spending to the

bone, it has been impossible to avoid imposing tight con-trols almost everywhere. Indeed, the problem of what to do about priority areas gets progressively greater as the remaining areas dwindle away. Since social security. public order, defence, education and health accounted for some 71 per cent of spending in 1986 (up from 54 per cent in 1975) and debt interest accounted for another 10 per cent (up from 8 per cent), overall control has necessarily entailed tight control in

It is at this point that the book by Levitt and Joyce makes another contribution. The Government has attempted to analyse real spending by deflating current term. The Government will be spending by the GDP deflator. But if one wishes to estimate ical or more spendthrift. The radical approach would mean labour-intensive services, such as education and health, it really to prive economy as a whole, the GDP deflator is inappropriate. An

alternative way of evaluating provision in any particular area is to use an own-cost deflator, one based on the

Levitt and Joyce show that the two methods of defisting give very different results. Using the GDP defistor, real spending on defence rose by 20 per cent between 1879 and 1886, while the volume (using the own-cost defistor) rose by only 8 per cent. For educa the corresponding figures were 8 per cent and minus 1 per cent. Finally, for health the figures were 25 per cent and just 9 per cent. Levitt and Joyce estimate that demonstrate changes are an experient 0.7 graphic changes required 0.7 per cent annual growth is volper cent mining growth a volume of health and technological solvance added another between cent, making 9 per cent over the period - fully offsetting the volume increase it is hardly surprising, therefore, that what Government regards as a major effort to expend public spending in a priority area looks like sav-

ge austerity on the ground. Moreover, productivity growth is unlikely to affect the difference between the GDP deflator and the owncost deflator for these sectors. Constant "real" provi-sion means declining volume of provision.

At the same time, the likeli-hood is that people would prefer to spend an ever-in-cressing proportion of their rising income on health and perhaps education as well. The majority cannot, how-ever, make that choice, since going outside the public sec-tor's provision effectively means paying for the same

thing twice.

Public expenditure control is necessary. But past success has bred new problems, just because the lower political provisions have already beauty. priorities have already been axed, leaving the really secred cows. The problem is that some of the cows have been getting very lean, what-ever the figures on "real" prorision show

Where public goods and transfers are concerned, there is no alternative to a purely political judgment. Where the provision of consumption goods is concerned, however, there is an alternative. It would be better either to encourage more people to pur-chase their health and education privately (perhaps through vouchers or tax credits) or to ensure that the growth of public provision matches the rapidly growing ernment appears to be offer-

ing the worst of both worlds.
The Treasury's approach to dieting Leviathan is not a satisfactory strategy for the long term. The Government will be deciding what to do, and to do it really well, leaving the rest to private arrangement. The emaciation of Leviathan is surely a less attractive alter-

New strategy for Capel?

of the top stockbroking firm James Capel continues, its latest achievement being to squeeze the luckless Greenwell Montagu Securities out of the loosely formed Hongkong and Shanghai/Midland banking

Capel now claims nine per cent of all the UK equity busi-ness done for investors (that is, excluding business between market makers) and as much as 20 per cent of agency business (deals done for clients on a commission basis).

But rivals continue to ques-tion Capel's strategy of refus-ing to operate as market mak-ers. No substantial New York house has succeeded in making house has succeeded in making auch an approach work, they argue. And some market makers are muttering that after the crash they may not be so happy to handle Capel's orders because they are unlikely to be very profitable for them: relations with Phillips and Drew are celled to be expecially stand. are said to be especially stand-offish.

offish.

Capel is unimpressed, however. Chairman Peter Quinnen has been hrushing aside such knocking campaigns sincs before Big Bang 15 months ago and be remains ebullient. "Our market share has if anything gone up since the crash," he insists. "We generate enough business that the market makers want to do it."

Market gossip has regularly linked Capel in a potential merger with with the only major independent equity market makers, Smith New Court, but Quinnen says that the properties of business done with portion of business done with Smith has tended to fall as the brokers have developed relationships with newer market makers like Merrill Lynch or Chase Securities.

Even so, according to market estimates around 25 per cent of Capel's business goes through Smith with roughly another quarter split between the other two biggest integrated securi-

JBSERVER

ties firms, Warburg Securities and Barclays de Zoete Wedd.

Eavesdropping

Environment and Transport World, the house newspaper of the eponymous Government departments, reports that 1,500 staff in the departments' main London office complex, at Marsham Street, near Westminster, made 1,600 calls between August and October last year to recorded information services supplying sexy messages and prorts records.

supplying sexy messages and sports reports.

No less than 1,358 calls were to the sexy numbers, compared with less than 250 to the more traditional cricket and racing services. The fun will be over shortly, however: Marshan Street gets a new switchboard in June which will allow only the operator to call recorded

Hanson's rally

#A questioner was almost drowned out by the boos at the annual meeting of Hanson yes-terday when he dared to sug-gest that the Tory party was destroying the fabric of the

country.

Lord Hanson, a champion of everything Thatcherite, rose to the challenge. "Your board believes that this Government's policies have created conditions in this country which have pro-duced the most significant growth and opportunities in industry for the last 40 years,"

industry for the last 40 years, he said amid rapturous applause. Had the 1,500 shareholders present known the Halielujah Chorus, they would surely have sung it.

Hanson, who celebrates his 66th birthday today, also had to tolerate the odd comment about his eligibility for a pensioner's pass on London Transport, and a passing reference to his salary which almost quadrupled last year to £1.26m. There was even a shareholder who was worried about Frank who was worried about Frank Bruno advertising HP sauce, a



Hanson was full of praise for Hanson was full of praise for Bruno. Indeed he was full of praise for just about everyone. He admitted afterwards that he enjoyed the ordsal of the annual meeting. He said: "It'e the only time when yon are accountable. It's rather like the Prime Minister at Question Time."

Lost cello

Audiences at performances by the Warsaw Opera orchestra now on a tour of France and Belgium might like to know that a last minute decision by the Polish authorities to revolve his passport has meant that cellist, Janusz Klekowski, that cellist, Jamusz Klekowaki, has had to stay behind.
So sudden was the official move that the musician, fully expecting to go, had sent his instrument on with the orchestra's luggage. Now the cello is in the back of a lorry somewhere en route whence its owner bopes it will safely return.

It was not the first time that Klskowski, who in the early Kiskowski, who in the early shall inherit the early sighties was an announcer on Solidarity's clandestine radio, which still goes out on the air from time to time, has had applications to travel abroad refused. He will probably get mind!

his cello back, but that is not

Money in bedpans Eless than five years ago Charles and Neville Vere Nicoll, two cousins in their late twenties got together with their friend Maxwell Aitken, now Lord Beaverbrook, in a flat in Piccadilly, and decided to start their own business. Each of the three partners put up 59 000 three partners put up £9,000. They bought a tiny medical company which made muscle-stimulating equipment for £200,000 and named their business Van Tach

\$200,000 and named their business VenTech.

Thie week, VenTech paid \$228m to Avon Products for a company called Foster Home Health Care, thereby becoming the largest provider of home health equipment and services in the US.

The home health care market of wheelchairs, bedpans and intravenous injections, may not be exactly glamorous, but it is one of the fastest growing

They learned this in seeking an American distributor for

They learned this in seeking an American distributor for their British muscle-stimulating products and contacted Abbey Medical, at that time a subsidiary of Baxter Travenol Laboratories. Within a year, the Vere Nicolls had not just a distributor but the whole company having persuaded Baxter Travenol to come up with a goodly portion of the financing Ventech needed to take the loss-making Abbey business off its hands. After turning around Abbey, they will try the same trick on Foster.

Lord Besverbrook,now a gov-

Lord Beaverbrook,now a gov-ernment minister, can no longer play an active part in the com-pany. As an individual, he can take satisfaction from the fact that the Beaverbrook family own 25 per cent of VenTech's Toronto-listed common stock.

Cambridge wits Seen on walls in Cam-

bridge recently: And the meek shall inherit the earth if that's all right with you; Old professors never

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AFTER 20 YEARS of almost unremitting tragedy, the last nine of which have been under Vietnamese occupation, the people of Kampuchea may at last have grounds for believing that this year could see real progress towards a

Most immediately the optimism stems from talks due to open today at St Germain-en-Laye outside Paris. Meeting there are Mr Hun Sen, Prime Minister of the Vietnamesebacked regime in Kampuchea, and Prince Norodom Sihanouk, for 29 years leader of what was then Cambodia until he was ousted in 1970. He now heads a coalition of three guerrills factions fight. ing the Vietnamese occupa-

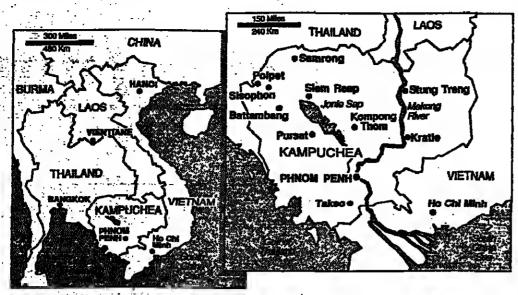
More substantial reasons for hope rest not on these two men but on those who stand behind them. Most important of these are the leaders of the Soviet Union and China Playing lesser, but important, roles are the US, together with the members of the Association of Sonth East Asian Nations - Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Bru-

Each has the capacity, individually or together, to tor-pede whatever peace process may emerge or to place such obstacles in its path that it will eventually grind to a

will eventually grind to a hait. To construct a settlement which all can live with will demand not only considerable negotiating skills but also a degree of flexibility and compromise not hitherto evident.

If the need to allieviate human suffering and misery was the prime motivating force behind such international negotiations there would be little cause for aixiety. In the late 1960s the Vietnam war spilled over onto Kampuchean territory. Heavy American bombing along its American bombing along its eastern border caused not only massive damage and many casualties but also tion includes the Khmer commitment, then there may forced hundreds of thousands Ronge and the Khmer be signs of flexibility from Mr to flee to the cities. In the People's National Liberation Hun Sen in France today. chaos which followed, Prince Front, a Western-backed Sihanouk was overthrown group of waning influence. According to some Western Sihanouk was overthrown and the once prosperous country piunged into a civil war which led in 1975 to country plunged into a civil diplomats, accommodating the war which led in 1975 to Khmer Ronge is a supreme Asean. Those looking for theemergence of the Khmer example of international clues to Moscow's intentions Ronge under the murderous pragmatism. Others call it a believe that its attitude supreme example of international clues to Moscow's intentions required to the supreme example of international clues to Moscow's intentions and Afghanistan and

THE SEARCH FOR PEACE IN KAMPUCHEA



Inching towards a settlement

By Roger Matthews

Coalition Government of Democratic Kampuchsa. Headed ically destitute Kampuchea by Prince Sihanouk, the coalishould not be an open-ended

Ronge under the murderous Pol Pot. How many hundreds of thousands died in his supreme example of international cynicism. The pragmation of the ideal agrarian society free from intellectuals and the trappings of a modern state will never be known.

The justification for the Vietnamese invasion was that it saved the Kampucheans from Pol Pot. The justification for the Vietnamese remaining to the arms and equipment for the Vietnamese remaining to the arms and equipment to the arms and equipment to the Kampuchea is that the trapping of the guerrilla forces, albeit not yet very included there are also indications. That they are able precedent for Kampuchea is that the the Khmer Rouge fulfill that supreme example of international towards withdrawing its alone is thought to have the ability to attract majority of united Nations to the appeared to countenance in Kabul could provide a valuation of the largest of the guerrilla forces, the first of the guerrilla forces, the first of the guerrilla forces, the first of the guerrilla forces of more or less continution. That they are able years of more or less continution of absence from the leader-ship of the resistance coalistic towards withdrawing its forces from Afghanistan and ability to attract majority of united Nations members and sustains good relations with the Chinese tions, albeit not yet very its eadership. Sinanouk took a year's leave of absence from the leader-ship of the resistance coalistic towards withdrawing its forces from Afghanistan and ability to attract majority of united Nations members and sustains good relations with the Chinese tions, albeit not yet very is acceptable to the majority of united Nations members and sustains good relations with the Chinese tions, albeit not yet very is acceptable to the majority of United Nations members and sustains good relations with the Chinese tions, albeit not yet very is acceptable to the majority to attract majority of United Nations members and sustains good relations with the Chinese tions, albeit not yet ver

This would in turn serve Mr Gorbachev's professed desire for improved relations with

and more concerned about improving their nation's econ-omy. This task is unlikely to be achieved without the assistance of the non-communist world, currently denied because of the Kampuchean

occupation. However, neither the evolution of Soviet policy under Mr Gorbachev nor the developing pressures on Vietnam are likely in themselves to provide the momentum for a Kampnchean eettiement acceptable to all. What matters most are the two main issues on the agenda at St Germain-en-Laye today: the timing of the Vietnamese withdrawal from Kampuches and the system of government which will replace it.

The strength and the weakness of the alternative to the Vietnamese occupation is that it is encapsulated in just one man - Prince Sihanouk. He alone is thought to have the ability to attract majority

attacks by Khmer Rouge forces on his own men in Kampuchea, but more credibly to give himself the flexibility to pursue a solution with the Vietnamese. The first fruits of his individual approach were seen in early December with his historic first meeting with Mr Hun Sen in France.

Prince Sihanouk's highly personalised style of diploinacy has aroused some fears among his international sup-porters who are concerened that, at 65, he is increasingly motivated by the desire to see out his remaining years on the soil of his native land.

Just as the Vietnamese were abie to ootflank Mr Henry Kissinger because of the demands of American public opinion for a with-drawal of US troops from South Vietnam, so it is feared that Prince Sihanouk may, because of his haste, fall vic-tim to similar tactics on Kam-proches. A precipitate return puchea. A precipitate return by Prince Sihanouk to Phnom Penh on ill-defined Vietnamese promises and without an international conference to guarantee the terms of any agreement could serve merely to reinforce the status quo. I would not achieve an end to the guerrilla war, or allow the 270,000 refugees in Thailand to return home with any con-

Publiciy Prince Sihanoul has not wavered from his demands for the replacement of the present regime with a French-style system of government to be achieved through free elections.

The success of such a plan makes the big assumption that the Khmer Rouge leadership including Pol Pot will be removed from the country by China and its forces disarmed or abeorbed into a new national army. Despite repeated Vietnamese offensives, its troops have been unable to dislodge the Khmer Rouge guerrillas from their border bases. Without a diminution or withdrawal of Chinese support that impasse is likely to remain.

Assuming that Prince Sihanonk continues to accept the need to carry with him all the forces opposed to Vietnam's occupation, the negotiating process will be slow. Each real or apparent Vietnames concession will itself need to be the subject of further debate before a response can be made. The Vietnamese have themselves sald they will withdraw by 1990, which may appear to imply a timeta-ble of sorts. The first indication of how serious that offer is may emerge later this week in France. But it will be no more than an indication.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE

How October's storms were weathered

By Nicholas Goodison

ish next month an account of how its markets performed in the savage conditions of late October and early November. This study is not yet complete

The total number of bargains traded gamma stocks doubled. per day rose from around In the days immediately fol-40,000 in the preceding week to some 50,000 on Monday ket-makers cut the average October 19, 80,000 on the Tuesday and over 100,000 on ton for alphas to almost a Wednesday and Thursday and Thur Wednesday and Thursday - half, and reduced it by two volumes undreamt of on our thirds in beta and gamma market before Big Bang, stocks Thanks to these defen-Trade in non-British equities sive measures and to the Trade in non-British equities sive measures and to the rose on several days to over strength of their capital back-

Our technical systems coped well with these huge volumes and our own trading system, supported by continuous market-makers, necessitated none of the trading halts seen else

upon the accuracy of two bers could have absorbed the instant judgments proclaimed in the media after October 19. found the extra disillusion among individual investors took wrong. The

investors were not dealing in involved in securities mar-the market as it feli: in other kets. The day-to-day co-oper-words that dealing was ation meant that the market largely between professional was never short of the capital market-makers. In the three to keep it alive and competi-weeks following Black Mon-tive, Perhaps the most nota-day investors accounted for bie fact of all is that under two thirds of the record vol-umes. Normally since Big firm defaulted. Bang they have accounted for There have been complaints

risks. They reduced the size golden age that never existed of the blocks for which they it could help improve the quoted, and increased the liquidity of these stocks if we

but important facts have been established.

In common with other major exchanges, in the week of October 19 we saw trading volumes reach record ievels.

This study is not yet complete between the best bid and best offer among all the market-makers in a particular stock) for the heavily traded alpha and beta stocks increased about two-and-a-half times volumes reach record ievels. maximum size of their quota-tion for alphas to almost a half, and reduced it by two

of the trading haits seen else-where. extremely severe test of our new etructure. 1 doubt

required.
The Stock Exchange's surveiliance of member firms average sizes of purchase and proved its worth during Octo-sale bargains in British equiber. We stepped up surveil-ties in the period October 21 iance of market-makers and to November 7 suggest that, of brokers dealing as princin general, individual invespals and monitored their tors were mainly buying. I financial positions on a daily believe — and there is evidence for this in quick surtion with the Bank of veys of investor attitudes — England, thus showing I that there has been a cooling believe, that the convergence off of enthusiasm rather than disillusion.

believe, that the convergence of banking and securities regulators is inevitable as banks The second myth is that become more and more

about the difficulty of trading In this time of uncertainty the shares of smaller compaand extraordinary volatility nies. While there is no room market-makers on the for complacency, we must exchange took steps to reduce beware of nostalgia for a

National Coverage

Local Expertise

THE International Stock "spread" (the difference reduced the number of stocks Exchange of London is to pubbetween their bid and offer for which it is permitted to prices). In the period covered onote indicative instead of by the study. October 19 to firm prices. This could be November 13, the average effected by combing through "touch" (the difference between the best bid and best those in which the pattern of offer among all the manufacture of the pattern of the p trading would justify promo-tioo to beta status and there-

fore firm pricing.

I am asked whether recent events will prevent further international integration of securities markets. Have investors lost interest in foreign stocks? If so, why should any company now seek to any company now seek to internationalise its sharehoider base? Are the staff reductions by international securities houses proof that the giobalisation tide is ebbing?

1 believe we shall see

greater selectivity on the part of international investors, both in markets and individ-usl stocks. But there are clear signs that the iong-term strategies of securities houses, reg-ulators and governments based on international integration and competition between major markets are fundamentally unchanged. I see no sign that the new awareness of the interna-tional attractions of our post-Big Bang market, which was to be observed in the US before the crash, has been

The pace of international integration may have slowed. But the attraction to investors of divereifying their portfolios into foreign markets, their ability to manage those investments thanks to new communications technoiogy, and the greater open-ness, liquidity and transparency of modernised markets. But the users of stock markets - investors and companies - will turn more snd more to those markets whose systems prove most resilient under stress and which can provide the continuous liquidity that investors, and compa-nies who want to raise capital, need. The International Stock Exchange stands to gain in large measure from these

The author has been chair-man of the Stock Exchange

Here capitalism has failed

From Mr Mark Brinkley. Sir, Judith Chaplin writes (Letters, January 13): "The fair

usually maspoken principle in creating a "people's capitalism." It has surely been one of the great fallures of capitalism in the past that power and wealth have tended to concentrate in the basic standard or concentrate in the concentr these few do not have to be greedy or exploitative (though many of them obviously have been) to ignite intense feelings of envy and ill-will in the dis-

Sir, Judith Chaplin, writes
(Letters, January 13): "The fair
and efficient working of a capittalist society depends on the
accumulation of capital in as
many hands as possible".

I think this is an important, if
usually mapoken principle in
creating a "people's capitalism." It has surely been one of
the great failures of capitalism
in the past, that power and
wealth have tended to concentrate in the hands of very few.

These steed to concentrate in the hands of very few.

These few do not have to be
earn to be fore of capital in
many of them obviously have
been to ignite intense feelings
of envy and ill-will in the discombidge

More GDP needed

to finance the NHS

If the state take as much power
are to "achieve a diffusion or
capital in private hands," then.

If, as Mrs Chaplin writes, we
are to "achieve a diffusion or
capital in private hands," then.

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More of the great failings of socialism to assume that the way to
all will be be you hands.

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More GDP inceded

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where the revenues are targeted, not how they are ruised.

Si Just as surely, it has been one of the great failings of socialism to assume that the way to alleviate this unpleasant distortion has been been suppleasant distortion. through high taxes, and to let the state take as much power as possible into its own hands.

If, as Mrs Chaplin writes, we are to "schieve a diffusion of capital in private hands," then we should concentrate on where the revenues are targeted, not how they are raised. Moch of the capital that should have been redistributed by the state is still held by the state. What value the NHS? Or the state exhal system?

state school system?

Although a generation and a half of "welfarism" has bred into us a belief that the services provided by these state-run institutions are "fundamental human rights" which the state has a duty to provide, is it not now time to expose these beliefe as mere ehibboieths? Would it not - in all serious-ness - be more equitable if the state were to provide each fam-ily or individual with the money these services cost, and for the private sector to pro-vide the services? The individ-ual would then have real choice in these matters, and real money to pay for those choices. if it is free at the point of services than if it were vice reather than it it were vice reather than i

Letters to the Editor

Certainly demand is currently outstripping supply, as we can see, with ever-growing waiting lists and overstretched acute services. But the service provided by the NHS is fundamentally different from that provided by, say, sports centres or nurseries for the under-fives. To propose that the demand is infinite is to suggest that, for example, people will deliberately fall off bicycles in order to take advantage of free health care.

health care.

I agree that people are more likely to seek medical attention if it is free at the point of ser-

health care.

Certainly demand is currently

the health care needs of the nation.

Hector MacKenzie, COHSE, Glen House High Street

Non-profit making

contribution rates are the same for all people joining the scheme up to the age of 65. The HSA's 10-benefit Crown

Plan allows for one regular contribution covering the family; this provides cash benefits for hospitalization, recuperatioo, maternity, optical, dental, consultations, local authority home heip, geriatric and other requirements. The HSA works

"Because it's free" is the least convincing explanation for why we become ill. Alex Arthur, 5 Raasay Gardens, Langstracht, Aberdeen, Scotland

Countries made to feel guilty

health insurance

From Mr James Young.

Sir, Michael Prowse's article on reforming Britaio's health service financing makes the statement that "insurance systems will be more profitable if they can ignore the poor, the old and the chronically sick" (December 22).

The Hospital Saving Association, a non-profit making company limited by guarantee, provides cover for more than 1.5m men, women and children in the UK, regardiese of age and financial circumstances. The From Mr Armen Kouyo

commercial estate agencies in the country. With our network of 50 commercial offices, we are ideally placed to transact your commercial property business. Our extensive market coverage

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combined with intimate local knowledge enables us to act for small businesses and national

companies alike in the sale, letting and acquisition of commercial property of

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From Mr B.S. Browner. Sir, I read with interest Ray Snoddy's article about the search by British Satellite Broadcasting for equipment suppliers (December 31). The problem for BSB is that it will not be first on the market. BSB, the market available to compete with very high standards of terrestrial TV. The home computer market is a good example of low-cost equipment, which reduces over a good example of low-cost equipment, which reduces over a three year period. BSB's real worry lies not with the standard of terrestrial TV. The home computer market is a good example of low-cost equipment, which reduces over a three year period. The problem for BSB is that it will not be first on the market.

The problem for BSB is that it will not be first on the market is with equipment. This will pose a difficulty for BSB, because under Department of the Environment planning regulations only one dish, measuring 90cm and under, is allowed on the allocated site.

With the 85cm Astra system launching one year ahead of

The home computer market is a good example of low-cost equipment, which reduces over a three year period, with the philosophy that every home would have one. Alas, the home computer market is epiit between the "hombles" and the "semi-bnsiness" markets; true "home use" does not exist. People became bored with software centrate on bold and innovative programming, and leave the market to decide which equipment it requires. BSB's job is that of programme provider only. If its programmes are good, and in public demand, the equipment size will look after itself.

B.S. Bremner, Icknield House

ple became bored with software
based on the same theme.

BSB's format will follow the Letchworth Garden City, Hert-

FINANCIAL TIMES

Wednesday January 20 1988



Nicholas Woodsworth in Abidjan reports on a self-help project designed to fight off encroaching desert

Senegal battles against Saharan sands

SULIMAN DIOP does not know exactly how old he is, but his memory goes further back than anyone eise's in his village. A herder all his life, he now spends most of his days in conversation, protected by the deep shade of a favourite aca-

In skull cap and white robe, his beard grizzled, he spends long hot afternoons recalling an Africa that no longer exists.

One of his stories is particularly hard to believe. Out there, he says, pointing to the sun baked and treeless plain that stretches away from the village. "was the forest. When my father was a young man, it was so dense and dark he didn't dare go out after sunset. And every day my mother had only to take a step or two from her

there for the taking."
It is not surprising that the children of Louga, a district of northern Senegal 40 miles (64.3km) from the Mauritanian border, smile in disbelief when they hear Mr Diop's story. It

kitchen for firewood. It was

sounds too much like paradise. During the past 80 years Louga. like many communities dotting the Sahel region, has been the victim of an encroach-

in the last generation the process has accelerated - today nobody under the age of 20 can remember anything but

Despite the best efforts of rock musicians and relief agencies, the two-decade-old Sahel crisis no longer looms large in the consciousness of the West. Exposed to tales of disaster for years - to the point of insensi-bility - Western consumers of the news have moved on to no



less horrifying but fresher sto-

ries.
For the villagers of Louga, however, the most important part of the story is only now unfolding. There is nothing of the dramatic media event in it. There are no emotional televi-sion pledges, no relief convoys

sion piedges, no relief convoys being filmed as they race to the rescue of starving children. Instead, there is a great deal of hard work without pay and with little immediate return. No longer asking for Western relief dollars, but the energy of its villager I outs is striking back villagers. Louga is striking back

at the desert. The Louga project, launched in 1982, is one of numerous programmes to fight off the encroaching desert in Senegal, bilaterally funded by Western nations and supervised by the United Nation's Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO).
However, the \$2m provided

by Sweden in 1985 for the second phase of the project is not the sole constituent of its success. Far more important is the

policy of educating villagers to see their own interests in refo-

restation.
The traditional attitude here can be summed up in the Mos-lem saying 'insh'allah'," says Mr Etienne Kaisan, the Belgian supervisor of the Louga pro-

"If the desert is taking over it is the will of Allah and there is no point in fighting it. Western agencies went some way to changing this attitude when, years ago during the first Sahel projects, they instituted a 'food for work' policy. Villagers were motivated as long as the food arrived. Then, when it stopped

coming, they quite naturally abandoned the projects." The emphasis today is on villager participation and decl-sion-making, a process that begins by making people aware of the role they play in the deterioration or improvement of the environment.

Desertification is not caused by nature alone, Mr Kaisin observes. "It is the result of a

When Mr Diop was a small boy, the natural vegetation around Louga held the soil in place. The population was small enough to satisfy its fuel needs while allowing the natural regeneration of trees. Traditional methods of milet and sorghum cultivation meant that roots and stalks left behind after harvest not only "fixed" the soil in the dry season but

also enriched it.

That all changed after the That all changed after the arrival of French colonists, who made Louga the center of Senegal's groundnut industry. The forest was over-exploited by a fast-growing population and eventually gave way to fields.

Decades of intense cultivation

impoverished the earth, and because groundnut harvesting requires that the entire plant be uprooted, the soil lay without ground cover year after year during the fallow season.

Loose and dry, the soll's richest parts were carried away by the wind. Today, soil impoverishmeot and 20 years of less than half the normal annual rainfall has forced the ground-nut industry 80 miles further south, Left behind is a desert landscape.
"The answer to many of these

problems, hoth natural and man-made, lies in reforestation," says Mr Kaisan. "It fixes the soil, enriches it, provides firewood and stops desert sand from moving south."

"But to pay for reforestation programmes is prohibitively."

programmes is prohibitively expensive - over \$400 an acre. What we try to do is show various groups how they can bene-fit by undertaking the work themselves on a volunteer

complex interaction between basis. The response has been 90

per cent positive."
Using apecially-trained mobile teams to cover as many of the the district's 2,900 villages as possible, the project organises meetings, demonstra-tions and training sessions. Different meetings cater to differ-

village women, for example, who are forced to walk up to six miles a day in search of firewood, have organised themselves into referentiate comselves into reforestation com mittees, undertaking to plant trees that most conveniently

provide firewood.

Village men, more concerned with farming, have formed similar committees to plant wind breaks to protect their fields from wind erosion.

from wind erosion.

Village chiefs organise the planting of green belts around their villages and school children are given classes in nursery and planting techniques.

The FAO provides seeds, new plant varieties, and technological knowledge to the volunteer committees. Their driving force, however, is the will of the vilhowever, is the will of the vil-

lagers.
Whatever the job at hand, self-interest has shown itself to be the best motivation in fighting the desert.

However, as Mr Kaisin admits, self-interest alone can-not slow down the Sahara. Cooperation and integrated programmes on the international level are still lacking. If some Sahelian nations achieve results while others accomplish little, none will benefit from reforestation efforts.

Saharan sand, Mr Kaisin rue fully points out, is no different than the wind that carries it. It

UK to join

THE LEX COLUMN

A muffled vote of confidence

Standard Chartered's highly unusual decision to call in the Bank of England to prove that there had been no fanny business in its successful rebuff of Lloyds Bank's takeover bid in 1986 appears to have paid off. There was always a danger that it might have backfired by focussing attention on any weak spots in Standard's management team; but in the event the bank has been given a clean bill of health, removing a cloud which has been hanging over its affairs for more than a year. Standard Chartered could not

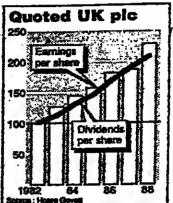
have asked for a clearer out-come of the investigation into its management's behaviour at the time of the bid than the Bank of England investigators' report. In addition, it has been report. In addition, it has been spared any potential embar-rassment which might have been caused by the publication of the full report, on the grounds that this would breach customer confidentiality.

But a greater define of disclo-

But a greater degree of disclosure would have been highly desirable. And the conclusions to the report will have done little to reassure shareholders that the management's conduct during the bid was in their best long-term interests. The current share price is a painful reminder of the high price Stan-dard Chartered has paid for its

independence.
At 510p, the shares are yielding 9.4 per cent; and while this is not as high as Manufacturers Hanover of the US, whose shares are now yielding over 16 per cent, Standard Chartered is clearly the weakest member of the UK banking flock. Its profits have underperformed for years, its capital ratios are way below the average and its Third below the average and its Third World exposure is too high. In addition, it has an unstable shareholder base and the ability of its management team to solve its long-term problems remains an issue. The stock market's justifiable concerns about these questions have not here allayed by vesterday's been allayed by yesterday's

The complex reshuffling of assets between Calor and SHV, the private Dutch holding com-pany, has achieved that rare almost everyone. Calor's share-holders - never the fastest to holders – never the fastest to epot the value of the parts in the whole – evidently judge that parting the oil assets from the bottled gas is worth an extra eight per cent on the share price. The husinesses themselves gain by being released from a relationship that latterly has hampered, rather than enhanced, their growth; while oil analysts wel-come the prospect of a big new



addition to their dwindling sec-

SHV, meanwhile, appears happy to pay a premium to increase to 40 per cent its Calor stake, while simultaneously raising its stake in the French bottled gas company Primagaz. Indeed, according to SHV'e grandiose European LPG strategy, it would want neither to increase its stake beyond 50 per cent, nor to sell at any but the most outlandish premium. Calor's weary managers may finally consider themselves as good as safe. SHV, meanwhile, appears

good as safe.
This does not mean that the prolonged struggle for control of the parts of the old IC Gas is over. In more ordinary times, over. In more ordinary times, investors might have accepted gladly SHV's cash offer for the new oil company, but with high scarcity value now attached to the remaining independents, they might well wait for better offers. With its superior collection of North Sea assets, a strong halance sheet; and, in SHV, a shareholder which is at least prepared to talk. Newco SHV, a shareholder which is at least prepared to talk, Newco must look more alluring than many of its peers. Carless Capel and Leonard, which alone must be dissatisfied with a deal that swaps its large minority in Century for a tiny one in Newco, may not be the only company that would love to buy it.

SE tarnover

October crash: volume doubled overall, largely because trades between market makers shot up to a point where they remesented half the total. The crash sent intra-market trade timbling back to under 40 per cent of the total, and the further drop to a one-third share predicted by Morgan Grenfell would be no bad thing. No doubt the market-makers provide liquidity to the system, but it is difficult to see how the system benefits if they earn their keep by taking in each others washing.

The figures suggest that prices will stay volatile. Volume is still severely depressed, and while prices are not being and the system benefits. October crash: volume doubled

and while prices are not being seriously tested by buyers and sellers alike, the current raily remains suspect.

Quoted UK The latest annual report for

Quoted UK plc, an aggregate of UK quoted company profits cal-culated by Hoare Govett, is strikingly at odds with the stock market's mood of pessimism. Industrial earnings growth for 1987 looks to be growth for 1987 looks to be turning out at 14 per cent and dividend growth at 12 per cent, while return on capital is higher than ever and gearing lower. Quoted company profits have outpaced inflation every year since the trough of 1980 by an annual average of over 10 per cent. Given that the corporate sector cannot 20 on porate sector cannot go on increasing its share of GAP for ever, when does the music

stop?
The question has been asked prematurely in earlier years, but this time it has an extra edge. The London market has been suffering lately from a slight nervousness about the corporate outlook which is hard to pin down. So far, it has no real basis in fact, and may only indicate that analysts are tired of pouring over the details of the twin US deficits and are looking for something more concrete to explain October's market collapse.

The quarterly trend in profits

Is discouraging. Phillips & Drew puts last year's first quarter growth at 27 per cent, followed As any redundant stockbro- by 24 per cent, 21 per cent and ker will attest, the UK securi- 18 per cent. The consensus for gross excess of capacity over back since the crash, but is still demand. The size of the gap is around 10 per cent — roughly difficult to assess; since evidence of the behaviour of 1980, which then produced an demand since Big Bang has 11 per cent profits collapse, been largely anecdotal; but the There is no evidence that 1988 equity turnover figures for will be remotely like that; but 1987 produced by Morgan with confidence still shaky and Grenfell Securities provide the the analyst community in limbo until the 1987 results season in six weeks' time, there is a disapproach.

The figures show major tinct shortage of the kind of changes in the pattern of trading between Big Bang and the most just now.

Trouble brews despite Alfonsin's victory

BY TIM COONE, BUENOS AIRES CORRESPONDENT

THE SUPPRESSION of Argentina's second army rebellion in nine months and the arrest of its leader, ex-Col Aldo Rico, is an undoubted victory for Presi-dent Raul Alfonsin's govern-

It still leaves open the question, however, as to whether this is the end of the road for the seditious elements within Argentina's armed forces, or simply a tactical defeat for them, keeping the problem simmering and ready to re-surface at the first opportunity.

Significantly, the willingness of the loyalist forces, under the command of army Chief-of-Staff Gen Dante Caridi, to open fire on their comrades-in-arms in last weekend's rebellion, demonstrates that the army high command has succeeded in establishing its authority over a number of key army units. This is despite the fact that

Col Rico enjoys a considerable level of support at middle and junior levels within the 7000-strong officer corps throughout

the armed forces.
For the time being, this in itself may be sufficient to break the will of the seditious mavericks, and as a lesson that fur-ther outbreaks of unrest in the barracks will be treated with equal severity.
Politicians close to President

Alfonsin were jubilant yester-day at the rapid suppression of the rebellion and were at pains to point out the contrast with last Easter's rebellion, also led by Col Rico, when the chain of by Col Rico, when the chain of command broke down in the army and necessitated the personal intervention of President Alfonsin to end the mutiny.

However, there is a wider problem within the armed forces, which extends to both the army and the site forces.

the navy and the air force, which shows no immediate sign of being resolved.
This is that a large propor-

tion of the officer corps neither feels nor expresses regret that the armed forces were responsi-

Detainees include fifty officers

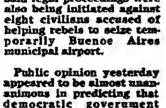
Argentina's Ministry of Defence yesterday said that 272 members of the army, including 50 officers, had heen detained following this week's insurrection led by Col Aldo Rico, writes Our Correspondent in Buenos Aires. One of the officers alleged to have sparked a parallel insurrection, Col Angel Leon, was still at

Col Rico was to be moved to the army's main prison, military sources said. Five former commanders in chief convicted of human rights crimea are serving seu-tences there. Court sources

ble for the disappearance of more than 9,000 people – Including journalists, lawyers, trade union leaders and politi-clans – during the period of military rule from 1976-83, in an attempt to eliminate various left wing gnerilla movements

Their success in that cam-paign – referred to as the "dirty war" – is their justifica-tion that the strategy was cor-rect, regardless of the implica-tions for human rights in Argentina and the stability and diversity of its newly-won dem-ocratic system.

ocratic system.
It should not be overlooked that Gen Caridl himself has made numerous public remarks since he assumed the hotseat at the head of the army after last Easter's rebellion, which indi-cate that he also shares such a view, although a moderated



said legal proceedings were

animons in predicting that democratic government would emerge strengthened from the suppression of the rebellion. Local newspaper emphasised in editorials the lack of general civilian support for the rebele, although there was some implicit criticism of the



they were following the orders of their superiors.

that were active in the early 1970s.

One of the principal consequences of the Easter rebellion was that the ruling Radical party forced a plece of legislation through the Congress last June absolving all middle and innor ranks of the armed

forces from responsibility for crimes committed during mili-tary rule, on the argument that

This was one of Col Rico'e demands during the Easter mutiny. Gen Caridi snbse-"Due Obedience" law was "a step in the right direction," but that further measures would be necessary if the resentment in the armed forces was to be

seen as an implicit demand for a general amnesty to extend up senior officers, most of whom are now in retirement. Up to 50 such officers still face trial for human rights abuses. If the trials take place, many officers on active service may still view them as an attack upon the military institutions

as a whole.

In the Navy, there is still the future of Capt Alfredo Astiz to be resolved. The Admiralty want him to remain on active service, while the Government is deeply embarrassed and

Gen Dante Caridi: authority established earned international infamy for his alleged involvement in the disappearance of two French nums and a Swedish woman during the "dirty war" in the 1970s.

Such simmering disputes are the fertile grounds in which Coi Rico has sown his seditions seeds and to view him as sim-ply an isolated phenomenon is to overlook the deeper prob-lems which continue to threaten Argentina'e democ-

Gen Carldl may have atrengthened his authority within the armed forces by suppressing the recent rebellion, but he has also strengthened his hand with the civilian government to demand a wider amnesty in order to consolidate

For the time being, the clearly anthoritarian Col Rico has been thwarted in his bid for power within the armed forces, but the demands which may now come from Gen Caridi may still cause concern for the balance of power between the civilian and military authorities in

warship project By Peter Riddell, Political Editor, In London

THE UK GOVERNMENT is set

to give the conditional go-ahead tomorrow to British participation in the next appraisal stage of the proposed joint Nato frigate for the 1990s. The £8bin (\$14.16bn) NFR-90 project is for the development of a guided missile frigate, the first common Nato ship, to be late 1990s.

Six other countries, including the US and West Germany, signed a memorandum last October which gives the go
-shead for the next, project
definition, stage of the design
of the ship and its weapons sys-

But the UK Treasury has been sceptical about the costs and feasibility of the project which is why Britain did not sign the memorandum three months ago.

A proposal has now apparently been circulated ahead of a meeting tomorrow of the overseas and defence policy committee of the Cabinet, under which the UK would join the next stage of appraisal, focusing especially on the weapons system.

dependent on support heing conditional, with a regular review of progress.

If the go-ahead is given, it will be emphasised that this does not imply an open-ended agreement to British participa-tion in the full development of

The Ministry of Defence is keen to join since it wants an eventual total of a dozen frigates, costing about to £150m to £160m each, to replace the Royal Navy's Type 42 frigates.

Continued from Page 1

They also found no breach of the Company Securities (Insider Dealing) Act 1985

Chartered's chairman, said the ontcome of the investigation was "a strong vindication" of the group's decision to seek it. "We can all be very pleased at the clarity of the conclusions. The episode is now behind us."

The investigators are under-stood to have examined all transactions between January 1 1986 and January 31 1987 which Standard Chartered may have had with any party own-ing more than 1 per cent of its

about a dozen section 17 inquition about the business affairs

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Reagan to restart military aid to Contras

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan is on the Sandiniatas to make to resume airdrops of military political concessions, but it supplies to the Nicaraguan Contra rebeis and will seek more funds for the insurgents in a request to Congress later this month, the White House said The announcement came as Contra leaders in Miami agreed

to hold direct ceasefire talks with the Sandinista government

risks arousing opposition among the Democrat majority In the US Congress to approve military aid for the rebels.

In a speech marking his seventh anniversary in office, President Reagan said obtaining further Contra aid from Con-gress was a top priority: "The Guatemala peace plan can suc-ceed only if the Sandinistas have reason to compromise and

President Reagan's chief Nicaragua surprised critics hy spokesman, Mr Marlin Fitzwa-ter said: "This is not the time to falter in our support for the ceasefire talks with the Confalter in our support for the Ceas-freedom fighters (the Con- tras.

US shipments of lethal sup-plies such as ammunition and guns had been held up for the last week while the five Central American presidents discussed a five-month-old regional peace

The State Department yester-day rejected President Ortega's suggestion that some 3,300 political prisoners in Nicaragua ahould be granted an annesty and then accepted by the US Government. A spokesman said plan in Costa Rica. At the meet-ing, President Daniel Ortega of amounted to deportation.

In this case he would be happy for the Cerus stake to be limited to around 25 per cent,

He made quite clear that this meant directing Société Génér-ale's overall strategy

Standard Chartered

by Standard Chartered of ille-gal financial assistance for the purpose of the acquisition of its shares."

Sir Peter Graham, Standard

The Bank of England said it did not intend to publish the investigators' detailed report.



Société Générale blocked

Continued from Page 1

yesterday that the use of authorised capital was not permitted in this way during the

The move began a day of high drama with signs that a camp of "white knights" may be ral-lying behind the beleaguered Belgian institution and Mr de Benedetti spelling out more fully his ideas for the future of the group. He confirmed at a press con-

ference in Brussels that, after a

meeting with Mr Mark Eyskens, surprise raid, registered a complaint about the Belgian company's plan and the president of the Brussels Commercial Tribunal, a specialised court, ruled to accompany me in my projects.

but only on condition that he chose the "local partners" and that he remained "the reference shareholder in a position of

The Bank said it conducted ries each year but had never published any reports arising from them. The Standard Chartered report contained a lot of detailed confidential informaof individuals and companies, the Bank said.



SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Wednesday January 20 1988



US GROUP MOVES TO BLOCK ROCHE TAKEOVER OFFER

Sterling Drug builds \$2bn defence

nappy

25.300

To the St.

A .76

5 MV3 7

market

disposable mappy producer, for FFr1.962hn (\$346m) from Financiere Agache, the French holding company. The acquisition will help strengthen Mochdycke, SCA's wholly-owned hygiene products subsidiary, which is the European market leader.

In particular, the acquisi-

ters subsulary, which is the European market leader. In particular, the acquisition will boost Moelnlycke's position in France, the UK, Greece, West Gensay and the Benelux countries (Beigium, the Netherlands and Luxembourg), and will mean a better use of resources for research and development in a rapidly growing business area, said Mr Bor Rydin, SCA managing director.

The deal, which is subject to approval from the French authorities, confirms SCA's decision to build up the consumer products business area.

This area is expanding more rapidly and is more products than the traditional forestry products

tional forestry products area, Mr Rydm said, Its par-

its do not fluctuate as much as those from pulp and paper.
Peandouce has a turnover of FFr2.6bn, expects 1987 profits to reach FFr260m, and employs 3 000

and employs 3,000. Moelnlycke had a turnover last year of SKr7.4on and

expects profits to be SKr430m, so the deal will increase the subsidiary'e turnover by about 33%.

Mr Tore Dann, Moeinlycke managing director, said turnover would rise to more than SKr41bm (\$1.28m\) in 1988

SKr11bn (\$1.8bn) in 1988 after the Peaudouce acquisi-tion. The SCA group expects final results for 1987 to show profits of SKr2.1bn on sales

Whereas Moelnlycke is tra-ditionally strong in the Nor-dic countries, Benelux, and to a lesser extent West Germany

STERLING DRUG, the diversite terday that Sterling Drug, fiercely resisting a takeover offer from F. Hoffmann-La other thin Roche about a sale terday that it had lined up \$2bn of the business, had added a new line of defence.

They said Sterling Drug might that it oppy a big cash in financing which could be used in R defence.

They said Sterling Drug might that it had lined up \$2bn to pay a big cash in greeness with a number of defence.

They said Sterling Drug might the \$77%, up %. Arbitrageurs, while sceptical of the success of a recapitalisation, and is lob bying vigorously in Washington during the bying vigorously in Washington to bring vigorously in Washington during the bying vigorously in Washington during the business and extensity believe than an agreed-upon combination will enhance Sterling Drug schek was trading yesterday morning above the revised Roche offer, at the Roche offer, at the Roche offer, at the Roche offer by raising the bying during washing the bying vigorously in gainst the Swiss approach. In a "recap," such as the risky scheme ploneered last year by the revised Roche offer, at the

SCA moves Henley seeks Santa Fe control into French by replacing group's directors

HENLEY GROUP, the Californian industrial holding company which last month dropped a \$9.9bn takeover bid for Santa day it had spent \$12.4m over the last three months raising its control of the wast railroad, energy and property group through its boardroom.

In a filing with the US Securities & Evrhange Commission.

Henley would be diluted to 3 per ceot, the group said. It largest stockholder, said yesterday it had spent \$12.4m over the manipulation of Santa Fe's called the by-law "an inequitation of Santa Fe's the last three months raising its corporate machinery."

The company is believed to be unhappy with Santa Fe's strategy, which was approved last month by the current board SVENSKA GELLULOSA (SCA), Sweden's second largest forestry and paper products group, is to buy Peandouce, the leading French

from stockholders to replace Santa Fe's directors with candi-Santa Fe's directors with candidates of its own.

Henley, which was formed by so-called "flip-laded to Santa ago to take over and rejuvenate low-profit businesses, also filed suit to overturn a recent Santa Fe by-law which prevents it from combining with the Chicago group's other unfriendly shareholder, the Reichmann shareholders.

the Santa Fe board. But Henley eaid it was prevented from talking to Olympia & York by so-called "flip-in" provisions, added to Santa Fe'e by-lawe last month, which make a take-over excessively expensive.

Under the provisions, if a group of shareholders hold 20 per cent of Santa Fe a flood of stock will be issued to other shareholders.

Southern Pactic Tairroad and other assets to finance a special other assets to finance as special other assets for a special oth

through its boardroom.

In a filing with the US Securities & Exchange Commission yesterday, Henley, said it planned to solicit proxy votes from stockholders to replace

private real estate group, has group, has egy, which was approved last month by the current board wanted to sak Olympia & York planned to solicit proxy votes from stockholders to replace Southern Pacific railroad and other assets to finance a special

Volvo agrees to sell foundry

VOLVO, the Swedish motor, clearly used feetile group, has reached preliminary agreement to sell one of the foundries to other motor companies foundry after intermet takes of the foundries to other motor companies foundry after intermet takes over.

Intermet Corporation, the largest indispendent foundry companies in Europe. Intermet, which has a total foundry expectity of 375,000 tonnes a year, operates foundry after intermet takes over.

Volvo wants to sell the Kockmins Giuteri foundry, based in Kallinge, Sweden, because it has spare capacity for which Volvo has no need.

Volvo has no need.

Skr100m (\$16.5m) in the Kockmins Giuteri foundry over the thylopropane (TMT), a chemical plant in the past two years to make it more paints and lacquers.

The Kockmin Giuteri foundry

The foundry makes components from the to buy components from the to buy components from the to buy components from the toundry after intermet takes over.

Persterp, the chemicals group, plans to invest Skr250m in a chemical plant in the US.

The group said it would continue to buy components from the foundry after intermet takes over.

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The group said it would continue to buy components from the foundry after intermet takes over.

tonnes.

The Kockoms Gjutari foundry

The foundry makes compohas a capacity of 25,000 tonnes
although at present it only pro
reached break-even.

The foundry makes compowould make Perstorp the
nents for engines and rear
axles.

TMT.

The group said the plant would be built in Toledo, Ohlo,

Record profits for Reynolds

or skr16bn.
Moelnlycke and Peaudouce
have a similar products range
and complementary geographical markets, Mr. Rydin
said.

RETNOLDS METALS, the second diargest US aluminium producer, has reported record earnings for the fourth quarter of 1987, and the year as a whole, reflecting "the unprecedented strong demand for aluminium worldwide."

The company also cited improved aluminium prices, revenues from gold operations, increased packaging, can and consumer product sales and the "cumulative benefits of ongoing cost reduction measures."

In 1986, net profits were rules, and \$22.2m in tax-loss carryforwards.

Aluminium shipments totalled 1.2lm tonnes in 1987, up 10 per cent from the 1.09m tonnes shipped in 1986. Fourth-quarter of 1986 as shipped in 1986. Fourth-quarter shipmeots rose from was \$219.5m or \$4.38 a share, on record revenues of \$4.32bm. The result included extraordinary credits of \$18.8m or 38 we enter the new year, aluminimality benefits of ongoing cost reduction measures.

In 1986, net profits were a lesser extent West Germany and the UK, Peandouce is the market leader in France where it has eales of FFri.7bn against Moelnlycke's sales in France of SKr300m.

In addition, Peandouce will almost double Moelnlycke's sales in the UK and will open up a position in Greece.

inventories are at historic lows. Despite restart of idle capacity

Mitel agrees to buy RCA Telephone

up a position in Greece.

Mochnycke is one of SCA's
fastest growing subsidiaries
in the past decade its sales
have grown by about 20 per MITEL, the Ottawa telecommunications sentiment maker controlled by British Telecom, said a substidiary has signed a non-binding "memorandum of intent" to buy RCA Telephone been made on whether ECA sell equipment not made by Systems, a private branch exchange sales company, from General Electric of the US, for an undisclosed price.

RCA Telephone had sales of US\$121m in 1986, the latest year available, and distributes Mitel and other private branch exchanges in the US.

The acquisition would give Mitel full sales and service covcent syear.

Mr Dann said it was very important for Moelnlycke to increase in size through acquisitions so it could put more into research and development and meet competition from the big US names in hygiene, such as Procter and Camble, Kimberly-Clark, James River and Scott.

Westinghouse earnings advance 9.9% in quarter

James River and Scott. SCA has seen the expansion

of the hygiene products divi-sion as an important priority

WESTINGHOUSE, the diversiand raise profit margins in the fied maker of electrical equipast four years, reported net ment, reported a 9.9 per cent income for 1987 of \$738.9m or increase in fourth-quarter net \$6.12 a share, against \$670.8m income to \$223.3m or \$1.54 a or \$4.42, on revenues of share on an 8.8 per cent \$10.68m, against \$10.78m.

The Pittsburgh group, which said all divisions reported higher sales in the December quarter, said that its order book was higher than at December 1986 and it expected another successful year.

Westinghouse said that in the fourth quarter operating made made another which has made to be a second to be a s

Investcorp heads buyout of aluminium producer

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

THECLA INDUSTRIES, the other companies, works as a French aluminium extruder, subcontractor for Renault and investors headed by investcorp, the Bahrain-based investment ium and zinc-aluminium alloy bank, for FPrö7.6m (\$10.1m).

The second will product such as bathroom fitshare on an 8.8 per cent improvement in revenues to \$3.12bn.

The Pittsburgh group, which said all divisions reported higher sales in the December quarter, said that its order book was higher than at December 1986 and it expected another successful year.

Westinghouse said that in the fourth quarter operating profits at its industrial and counter. Westinghouse, which has made great efforts to cut costs.

Canadian cable group plans big **UK** deal

VIDEOTRON OF Quebec, Canada'e second largeet cable television operator, is planning a big investment in the UK cable industry.

The company, which has more than 900,000 subscribers - many of them in Montreal - is believed to be seriocely considering an investment in Britain of

investment in Britain of well in excess of £100m

well in excess of £100m (\$180m).

The company has been having detailed talks with Mr Robert Maxwell's British Cable Services, a company which operates 36 old cable franchises in the UK, two new multi-channel franchises and layer stakes in chises and large stakes in two cable channels.

Talks on Videotron taking a 49 per cent stake in British Cable Services are understood to be at an advanced stage and the signs are that a deal will be

agreed.
This would require the This would require the permicelon of both the Cable Anthority, the cable regulatory body, and the Department of Trade and Industry.

Mr Maxwell has been seeking partners to help

finance a big expansion of cable television in the UK.

The publisher of Mirror Group Newspapers has already been awarded franchises in Guildford and Cardiff and had a large stake in

diff and had a large stake in Premiere, the cable film channel and a 51 per cent stake in MTV (Europe) the pop music channel.

Videotron confirmed yesterday that it was seriously interested in a major investment in the UK. The company is publicly quoted and bad revenoes C\$289m (U\$\$567M) last year.

If Videotron goes ahead

If Videotron goes shead the move will provide a big boost for the British cable industry which has been increasingly looking to the North American market to for large-scale funding.

Leading US banks differ on provisions accounting

LEADING US banks reported ment to the developing countivergeot fourth quarter results yesterday, drawing attention to the wide rift in attitudes to Third World loan Morgan enjoyed an 17 per losses which has opened up among US bankers.

Citicorp and J.P.Morgan, respectively the biggest and the best capitalised of the New York movey centre banks, both announced higher earnings in the fourth quarter, choosing not to impair their reported

their non-trade related lending.

Citicorp reported an 87 per

Morgan enjoyed an 17 per cent improvement in fourth quarter net income to \$224.1m or \$1.21 a share. This compared with profits of \$190m or \$1.02 a year earlier. Morgan did not increase its reserves for Third World loan losses beyond the \$875m provision which it had made in the second quarter.

not to impair their reported profits by boosting provisions against troubled Third World loans.

These provisions currently stand at betweeo 20 and 30 per cent of Third World exposure for the leading US banks. By while, Melloo and Wells Fargo, the largest US bank ootside two of the leading regional banks which are far less exposed to international lending have added eubstantially to their Third World loss to their Third World loss to their Third World loss to their Third World reserves. In this respect they whole, Wells Fargo made \$50.8m or 52 cents a share, egainst \$273.5m or \$5.03 in 1986.

On Monday, First Chicago, the largest US bank ootside New York and California, regional banks which are far less exposed to international lending have added eubstantially to their Third World loss of \$1.57 a share for the fourth quarter. lending have added cubstan- reserves. In this respect they that their Third World followed the precedent set last reserves, typically boosting month by Bank of Boston and, them to around 50 per cent of more recently, by Security followed the precedent set last month by Bank of Bostoo and, more recently, by Security Pscific, First Chicago and NCNB, a large bank holding company in North Carolina.

quarter, after adding \$240m to Its Third World reserves. These reserves now stand at \$1.32bn, or 56 per cent of non-trade related LDC lending.

For 1987 as a whole, First Chicago lost \$570.7m or \$10.71 a share compared with a page 18.

the US and abroad, but the bank noted that its reserves for Third World lending now stood at \$621 m or 45 per cent of its exposure in the LDCs.

Wells Fargo made net profits of \$11.2m or \$1.95 a share in the fourth quarter, compared with \$78.4m or \$1.36 the year before. The fourth quarter result included an addition of \$39m to Third World loss reserves, boosting their total reserves, boosting their total value to \$550m, equivalent to 50 per cent of non-trade related LDC exposure.

Citicorp reported an 87 per cent improvement in earnings to \$642m or \$1.89 a share in the fourth quarter. This compared with \$306m or \$1.01 the pared with \$306m or \$1.01 the year before.

Citicorp ooted that certain other banks had decided to add to their Third World provisions, but stated that it regarded its current reserve levels as "adequate and appropriate" in the light of its long-term commitcurrent reserve levels as "adesion for possible credit losses. year before. Its full year profits quate and appropriate" in the light of its long-term commitiation's lending problems both in \$198.8m or \$2.63 against.

Cap Gemini ahead 38%

BY GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS CAP GEMINI SOGETI, the lead-

ing French compoter services of SESA, the systems integragroup, has reported a 38 per tion company which it bought cent rise in net profits in 1987 in July last year, Cap Gemini on sales of FFr4bn (\$705.5m).

Provisional unaudited net lar margin oo sales, giving net profits in 1987 reached FFr266m, compared with FFr193m in 1986, maintaining a computer services empire the same 6.6 per cent margin on sales as in the previous year and a series of acquisitions. Turnover, however, has proved to be less than the FFr4.5bo originally forecast.

Spanish bank jumps by 20% For 1988, after consolidation BY DAVID WHITE IN MADRID

expects group sales of about FFr5.4bn. It also expects a simi-

A SHARP improvement in Spanish bank profits for last year was confirmed yesterday when Banco Santander announced a rise of just over 20 per cent in group net earnings to Pta26.7bn (\$243m).

The bank proposes to lift its total dividend to Pta110 per share, up 22 per cent Late last year it increased its capital from Pta43.69bn to Pta48.32bn

from Pta43.69bn to Pta48.32bn in a one-for-10 rights issue.

BankAmerica International

a wholly owned subsidiary of

Bank of America NT & SA

has sold its interest in

United Overseas Bank Holding SA
(a bank holding company incorporated in Switzerland)

Banque Nationale de Paris

and

Dresdner Bank

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to Bank of America in this transaction.

MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL

December, 1987

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

ANGLOVAAL GOLD QUARTERLIES

887 15.24 7,946 66.77 1,983 6.61

After-tex profit (kg) (Fim) per share)
Dec 87 Sep 87 Dec '87 Sep 87 Dec '87 Sep 87

11.02 50.82 10.71

Gold produced



International Income Fund

Short Term 'A' Units

Distribution Units - in Bearer Form

Distribution Units - in Bearer Form Long Term Units - All Holders

Midland Bank Trust Corporation (Jersey) Limited as Trustee of the above mentioned Fund has declared the following dividends per Unit for the financial period ended 31st Decnber, 1987, payable on the 29th January, 1988, in respect of Units in issue on 31st December, 1987.

Short Term 'A' Units - Distribution Units Nil Dividend

Short Term 'B' Units - Distribution Units Nil Dividend

Long Term Units US\$2.00 per Unit - payable egainst Coupon No. 27. Unit holders should send their Coupons to either the Trustee at 28/34 Hill Street, St. Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands or to one of the following Peying Agents:-

EBC Trust Company (Jersey) Limited, EBC House, 1-3 Scale Street, St. Helier, Jersey, C.I.

Bankers Trust Company, One Bankers Trust Plaze, New York, N.Y. 10005. Sangue Générale du Luxembourg S.A., 14 Rue Aldringen,

Arrangements have been made whereby holders of eli Long Term Units in issue at 29th Jenuary, 1988 may reinvest the dividend pold at thet date in additional units at a purchase price equal to the Net Asset Value per Unit at 24th January, 1988 (es en indication, the Nat Asset Value per Unit was US\$30.87 on 10th Jenuary, 1988). This right will be terminsted at the close of business on 29th February, 1988. Long Term Unit holders who desire to reinvest their dividend should advise the Trustee or Paying Agent accordingly when presenting their coupons for payment.

> **Midland Bank Trust Corporation** (Jersey) Limited

> > Dated 20th January, 1988

Anglovaal lifts gold production First-half increase by Shin-Etsu

ALL THREE of the gold mines grade. During the quarter it managed by Anglovaal concentrated on increasing gold propagate of the plant into production to process duction in the December quarter of 1987 as a means of material grading 0.62 g/t. The off-setting rising operating low-grade plant is designed to process 120,000 t/month of low grade plant is designed to process 120,000 t/month of low grade material at full capacity operations.

ET Cons, which operates the castern transvaal town of Barberton, increased lits gold recovery grade to 10.4 g/t from the September quarter's 10.0 g/t. And though this was accompanied by a lower mill throughput and by a lower mill throughput and bright will open up Princeton's which will open unit working costs, the operating profit increased due to the higher gold production.

The company is developing a fourth mine, Princeton, although development has been delayed by bad ground encountered in the 3.9 kilometre adit which will open up Princeton's

Chemical

PRE-TAX PROFITS of Shin-Etsu Chemical, a leading Japa-nese organic chemical maker, reached ¥10.8bn (\$83m) in the five months to November 30, up by 21.1 per cent compared with the first six months of the

previoue year. On the same comparison, sales were 4 per cent higher at Y110.2bn.

It was the first time sales had

grown in three years, thanks mainly to the strong recovery

Chemical sales were up by 6.4

per cent, mainly because of improved demand for vinyl

chloride, while electronics materials sales rose by 1.8 per

Profitability also improved

because of lower raw material prices, an improved operating rate, and the effect of rational-

rate, and the effect of randomi-isation measures taken last year. Net profit in the chort-ened first half was up 28.5 per cent to a record Y5.3bn.

The company forecasts a pre-tax profit of Y17.4bn on sales of Y185bn in the current

10 months to its new fiscal year-end, March 31. It plans to pay an unchanged Y5 dividend for the period.

•Fujl Heavy Industries has acquired 30,000 shares, or 0.55 per cent of the capital, of Polaris Industries Partners of

the US in an attempt to move into the snowmobile market.

Polaris, a leading snowmobile maker based in Minnesota, is capitalised at \$97.6m.

f the domestic economy.

By lan Rodger in Tokyo

companies, Eastern Transvaal operations. Consolidated Mines (ET Cons), Consolidated Mines (ET Cons), lifted gold production by raising its gold recovery grade. Forward gold sale hedging contracts matured during the quarter and no more were taken up.

Hartebeestfontein, the largest of the group's mines, milled a slightly lower tonnage of underground ore at an unchanged 9.8 grams/tonne (g/t) recovery

grams/tonne (g/t) recovery

RANDFONTEIN ESTATES Interruption. Uninterrupted returned to normal in last underground ore production year's December quarter after the labour disputes and three-week strike by black miners in the September quarter. However, Mr Ken Maxwell, the mine's managing director, remains cautious. "I perceive an agenda on the part of the union to create more disruption," he said in Johannesburg yeater day. He said the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) was trying to re-establish its membership in the mine after strikers who had not re-applied for the service of the substantion affected production. Mill throughput fell to 872,000 gold price hedging cost the substation affected production. Mill throughput fell to 872,000 gold price hedging cost the substation affected production.

Mill throughput fell to 872,000 gold price hedging cost the substation affected production.

Mill throughput fell to 872,000 gold price hedging cost the substation affected production.

Mill throughput fell to 872,000 gold price hedging cost the substation affected production.

Mill throughput fell to 872,000 gold price hedging to tomes, from the previous quarter who had not re-applied for their jobs had been dismissed. Nevertheless, gold production has been restored and the ura-

Randfontein Estates back to normal

JCI group, suffered a greater ward gold sales have matured						
	JC	GOLD	QUART	ERLIES		
	Gold produced (kg)		After-tex profit		Earnings (cents per share)	
	Dec 87	Sep 87	Dec '87	Sep '87	Dec '87	Sep 87
Randfontsin Watm Areas	6,150 2,878	4,847 3,230	66.73 (10.4)	36.88 (2.96)	486.9 (42.3)	(92.6) (34.2)

which will open up Princeton's

In the Orange Free State, the Loraine mine lifted mill throughput slightly and held the gold recovery grade unchanged at 5.3 g/t. A slightly lower average gold price of Rands 30,495/kg combined with a 2.4 per cent increase in unit costs to cut the operating

costs to cut the operating profit.

Development of Joel, the gold mine being developed in the Orange Free State, has been delayed by about two months by faulting and intersection of underground water. Stoping is now expected to begin only in June or July. Mr Bob Bertram, the consulting engineer, says that underground development sampling has indicated grades of 1,000 centimetre g/t and that reef widths of between 60cm

nium plant, closed during the August strike, operated without El Helal Investment Company collapses

BY TONY WALKER IN CAIRO

EL HELAL Investment Com-many a member of Egypt'e fast No reason was given in the

pany, a member of Egypt's fast growing Islamic investment sector, has collapsed and the head of the company has disappeared, according to reports in the Egyptian official press.

A proposed takeover of the failed company by El Rayan, zine, the head of El Helal was in worse ahepe than at first according to a Cairo magazine, the giant Islamic investment house, is not proceeding.

El Rayan, Egypt'e biggest deposit taker in the non-banking financial sector, announced on January 10 that it was abandoning its plan to purchase El Helal had promoted itself as an investor in agriculture

Egypt's parliament of a new law governing the burgeoning investment sector which is largely unregulated.
The new regulations include

and food processing

the requirement that investment groups form joint stock companies and convert depositors' funds into shares. It also specifies much closer official supervision of the these groups, some of which are holding hundreds of millions of dollars of investors' money.

The company's collapse coincides with the introduction in

Existing companies will be given one year in which to comply with the regulations which also require publication of balance sheets, the depositing of funds with the Central Bank and official appropriate for money and official approval for money to be held abroad.

to be held abroad.

Egyptian authorities have watched with concern the phenomenal growth of lelamic investment houses which have offered high rates of return on depositors' funds. The Government fears that the collapse of one of these companies could provoke a run on the others.

Secondquarter advance at MIM

DESPITE A continuing drag DESPITE A continuing drag from its troubled coal operations, MIM Holdings, the diversified Australian mining group, improved its pre-tax profits growth rate by 70 per cent in the Decem-ber quarter.

ber quarter.

The company reported net profits of A\$40.1 m (US\$28.4m) in the December half, up only slightly on the A\$38.9m earned in the previous corresponding half. But, before a tex bill which jumped from A\$32.1m to A\$45.5m in the half, curnings were up a healthier 20 per cent from A\$71.1m to A\$85.6 m.

This reflected pre-tax earnings of A\$53.0m in the second quarter, an improvement of just over 70 per cant on the first quarter's A\$81.7m.

Assiralian analysts are forecasting after-tax profits of A\$120m to A\$130m for the full year on the back of buoyant prices for copper, lead and zine. MIM is a world-ranking producer of all three metals.

The black epot in MIM's results continued to be its high-cost Queensland coal operations, which plunged from a A\$124.Im profit to a A\$16.5m loss in the half, but a bull point was a resumption of dividend by its 24.4 per cent-owned US affiliate, Asarco.

The results were over-shadowed by an oxchange lose of A\$70.8m, which, under Australian account-ing conventions, must be taken above the line.

This meant that MIM techrepart that man eccurically reported a A\$30.2m loss for the period (A\$11.2m loss previously), even though the exchange losses are almost entirely unrealised and therefore have no cash effect.

MIM has declared a eteady 2 cent a share interim dividend but it will be paid on bonus-increased capital, lifting the payout from A\$12.2m to A\$19.6m.

LAZARD FRÈRES & Co.

announces the opening of a new office in Chicago

2 North LaSalle Street Suite 2205 Chicago, IL 60602 (312) 704-6400

J. IRA HARRIS

WILLIAM P. GOTTSCHALK

JEFFREY A. GOLMAN

This announcement oppears as a metter of record only.



Northern Telecom Limited

£60,000,000

9³/₄per cent. Notes Due 1992

Issue Price 1003/8 per cent.

Baring Brothers & Co., Limited

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets ◆ S.G. Warburg Securities

ANZ Merchant Bank Limited •

Bank of Tokyo Capital Markets

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Barclays de Zoete Wedd Limited

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited •

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Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Morgan Stanley International

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Kleinwort Benson Limited

Nomura International Limited Security Pacific Hoare Govett Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

1

December, 1987

مستوافسا للسانات المارات

Faber Merlin plans to diversify to cut losses

With the hotel and property sector expected to remain sluggish for some time, Faber Merlin is finalising plans to diverin is finalising plans to diverin Malaysia, one in the US and sify into such areas as timber one in Thailand.

and engineering, according to

Mr Yusof Abdul Rahman, the alleviate immediate cash flow corporate affairs general man
problems and we are banking

UNY Company Limited

2'4 PER CENT, GUARANTEED BONDS DUE 1991 WITH WARRANTS

Regarding the above treatment fame. Notice is bereby given permanent to the classical 3 and regularly green permanent to the channel 3 and 4 of the instrument executed on 25th June, 1986 (the "Instrument"), as follows.

1944 (see "secrement yes some of UNY 1944), It was morroup held on 194h January, 1949, the Board of Directors of UNY Company Limmed jube "Company" in solved in sealer is free shair distribution to the damendedness of record on the day here helm specified at the rate of 0.05

2) The record date in Japan is 20th February, 1988 and the alcoresald free share distribution will result to un adjustment of the voluntified price of the warrants with such adjustment taking effect in Japan on 21st February, 1988.

The subscription price in effect on the date bereof w 1.876.00 Jupanese Yea per share of common spock of the Company and the price which w 1.676.00 Jupanese Yea per share of common spock of the Company and the price which will break, pursuant to the clauses 3 and 4 of the Instrument, after giving effect for the instrument, after giving effect for the instrument. Share distributions, will be 1,786.70 Jupanese Yea per share of common stock.

THE TOKAL BANK, LIMITED LONDON BRANCH F& O Building. Londonfall Screet.

PISCAL AGENT 30th January, 1988

US\$ 60,000,000

FABER MERLIN Malaysia, of 81.6m ringgit (US\$35.9m) for Malaysia's largest hotel group, the fiscal year ended in June, plans to diversify to cut large after a loss of 64.2m ringgit a losses recorded over the past year earlier. Losses from its two years.

ager.

"Our etrategy is to bring plans to bring the group back to down hotel operations to a profitability." Mr Yusof said more manegeable level and move into areas which will bring in quick cash from minimum investments, he said. bad business deals before 1984. "We expect a complete turn-around by the end of 1988."

A lease agreement on a hotel in Perth, Australia, is due to run for the next 40 years.

Downturn at **Olympus** Optical

By Our Financial Staff

CONSOLIDATED NET earnings of Olympus Optical, a leading Japanese maker of cameras, microscopes and optical medical equipment, fell by 32.7 per cent in the fiscal year ended October 31 to Y5.2bn (\$40bn), from Y7.73bn in the previous fiscal year. Earnings per share dropped to Y25.38, from Y36. Sales grew, however, by 6.1 per cent, to Y165.15bn, from Y155.72bn.

Domestic sales, accounting for 33 per cent of business, dipped 1.6 per cent from the previous fiecal year to Y54.55bn. Overseas sales were Y110.61bn, showing a 1.6 per

We are pleased to announce that

MELVIN L. HEINEMAN

has become a General Partner

Subject to New York Stock Exchange approval

LAZARD FRÈRES & CO. One Rockefeller Plazz, New York, N.Y. 10020

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT APPEARS AS A MATTER OF RECORD ONLY



Western Capital Limited

IS PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE ITS NEW ISSUE OF 2.22 MILLION ORDINARY 50 CENT SHARES FULLY UNDERWRITTEN BY



BANQUE PARIBAS CAPITAL MARKETS LIMITED London

AND PLACED BY THEM WITH EUROPEAN INSTITUTIONS AT A PREMIUM OF \$1.75 PER SHARE RESULTING IN THE RAISING OF

A\$5,000,000

WESTERN CAPITAL THANKS BANQUE PARIBAS CAPITAL MARKETS LIMITED FOR THEIR ASSISTANCE WITH THE PLACEMENT AND WELCOMES ITS NEW EUROPEAN SHAREHOLDERS.

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange and does not constitute an invitation to any person to subscribe or purchase Stock. Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the whole of the undermentioned Stock to be admirted to the Official List. It is expected that dealings in the Stock will commence on 20th January, 1988.

THE FLEMING CLAVERHOUSE INVESTMENT TRUST PLC (Incorporated in England Registered No. 754577)

Issue of £10 million nominal of 11 per cent. Debenture Stock 2008

This advertisement appears in connection with the placing of £10 million nominal of 11 per cent. Debenture Stock 2008 ("Stock"). The Stock is being issued at the price of £99.357 for each £100 nominal of Stock, psyable in full on acceptance.

All of the Stock has been placed by or on behalf of Robert Fleming & Co. Limited.

Listing Particulars relating to the Company and the issue of the Stock are contained in new issue cards circulated by Extel Financial Services Limited and copies of such particulars may be obtained during usual business hours on weekdays (Saturdays excepted) up to and including 3rd February, 1988 from:

Security Pacific House 4 Broadgate, London EC2M 7LE

and the state of the second second

The Fleming Claverhouse Investment Trust PLC 25 Copthall Avenue London EC2R 7DR

and until 22nd January, 1988 from The Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London EC2P 2BT 20th January, 1988

INTL. COMPANIES AND FINANCE

John Wyles on the complex structure of Carlo De Benedetti's master company

Cofide spins a tangled corporate web

THE BOARD of Societé Générale de Belgique has a worthy adversary in Carlo De Bene-

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With 2 winning combination: of opportunism, courage and imagination, and aided by booming stock markets, he has stitched together an industrial and financial empire over the last three years with a system of cross holdings and ahared ownerships which threaten to be as complicated as those developed by the Belgian company in its 150-year history.

For some time the logic of it all defeated analysis and many concluded that he was a brilliant player of markets whose acute eye for a deal guaranteed him the financial and other support he needed.

Gittering names have harely heattated to attach themselves to his bandwagon so that the list of shareholders in Cofide, his key holding company, is spiced with blue chip names from international finance.

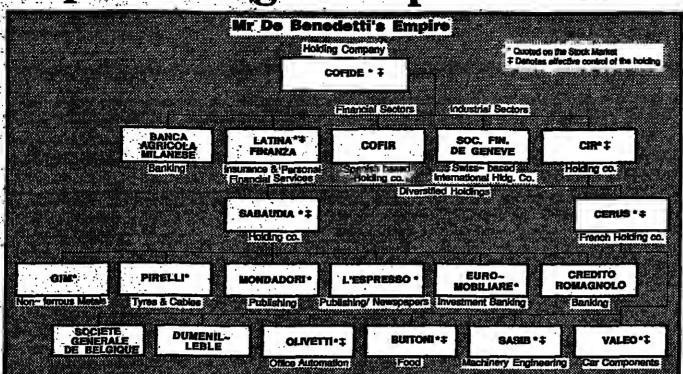
De Benedetit's own personal holding is 47 per cent but family control is assured by an alliance formed last year, after a long estrangement, allowing his cousin Camillo a 15 per cent stake.

Then come international stars.

stake.
Then come international stars like Shearson Lehman of the US with 4 per cent, Nomura Securities of Japan with 1 per cent, the Suez Group of France with 4 per cent and Dreyfus Corporation of the US and SG Warburg, the UK merchant bank, with 1 per cent each.

These are now sitting on top of an industrial and financial group employing more than

group employing more than 100,000 people with combined revenues of around \$14bn. The-atock market crash has wrought some damage to the group's capitalisation, but it stands, nonetheless, at around \$9bn.



Sybn.

The question of what it all adds up to, however, is even more pressing in view of Mr De Benedetti's quest for the highly diversified and far-flung Société Générale.

By the beginning of last year, Mr De Benedetti was insisting that the logic was clear enough.

Société Générale.

By the beginning of last year, Mr De Benedetti was insisting that the logic was clear enough.

If anything, the web of his financial interests is even more tangled although the underlying strategy is said to be directed at building up a transmational financial services and handing supports.

On the industrial side, he was seeking to concentrate on four sectors: office equipment (through Olivetti), food (Buiton), machinery (Sasib) and car components (Valeo).

This did not exclude, of significant publishing interests in Mondadori and L'Espresso.

Mr De Benedetti intended last year of consolidation. Accordingly he raised somewhat fewer funds through equity and bond issues than the \$2bn acquired in 1986, but the rate of development of his industrial interests through acquisitions and joint ventures was startling.

By the end of Angust, Olivetti had announced no fewer than 10 purchases, joint ventures and strategy is said to be recent stake in a paper group. Silice of Société Générale would like to care to serve this purpose, although one would like to know much more about Mr De low low much more about Mr De low much more about Mr De low low into find from the says is his ultimate goal.

Last year, Mr De Benedetti about the foundations for his laid the foundations for h

ing strategy is said to be directed at building up a transmational financial services and banking group.

The operation could now be contacted at building up a transmational financial services and banking group.

The stake in Dumenil-Leblé ber so that this became the key who have joined him in his and the bid for a controlling holding company for Cofide's myriad ventures.

We are pleased to announce the appointment of David T. Gardner Managing Director, U.S. Government Securities Brokerage Division

Cantor Fitzgerald (U.K.) Limited Park House, 16 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7DJ England



For information please return this Financial Times
Conference Organisation

2nd Floor 126 Jermyn Street London SW1Y 4UJ Alternatively, telephone 01-925 2323 telex 27347 FTCONFG Fax: '01-925 2125

The London Motor Conference

-Manufacturing, Components and the Aftermarket

London - 15 February, 1988

DAL completes restructuring

Nord/LB sees 24% decline in profit

DEUTSCHE Anlagen-Leasing (DAL), the once-troubled West German leasing company, has completed its restructuring and is ready to look for new business, according to Mr Horst, Plaschna, chief executive.

DAL's result for 1987, still to be reported, would at least break even, Mr Plaschna said, after, a DM1.8m (\$1m) profit in 1986 and break even in 1985.

In 1984, the company incurred a loss of DM497m. It concentrating on both small-first ran into trouble in the late and large-scale property less.

The Mainz-based company is contracting on both small-per cent stake sold by Dreadner Compared with losses of more than Schlibn for 1986.

Austrian state group holds loss to Sch8bn By Judy Dempecy in Vienna

OIAG, THE Austrian holding company for state-run indusstries, announced losses of Sch8bn (\$675m) in 1987 but still expects to break even by 1991, Mr Rudolf Streicher, the minister for nationalised industries, said yesterday.

and engineering subsidiary, recorded losses in excess of Sch4bn and Vew, the fine steel company, lost more than Sch3.2bn. Chemie Linz, the chemical and pharmaceutical company, accounted for the remaining losses.

NORDEUTSCHE Landesbank in new capital through the (Nord/LB), West Germany's ninth largest bank, expects in order to meet new capital through the 1987 partial operating profits to fall by 24 per cent to about DM250m (\$119m) against DM257m in 1986. Full operating profits, which include gains from own-account trading of securities and foreign exchange, are likely to decline to about DM290m against DM250m in 1986, said MF Bernd Thiemann, chief executive.

The bank is raising DM250m in new capital through the issue of participation certification of particip



Elders Investments Limited

INCORPORATED IN BERMUDA WITH LIMITED LIABILITY

ELDERS INVESTMENTS LIMITED NOTICE OF WARRANTHOLDERS MEETING

TAKE NOTICE THAT a Meeting of the holders of Bearer Warrants to subscribe for Shares of US\$0.05 each of Elders Investments Limited ("the Company") will take place on 11th February, 1988 at 10 a.m. at 18th Floor, Hong Kong Club Building, 3A Chater Road, Central, Hong Kong to consider and, if approved, to pass t following Extraordinary Resolution:-

EXTRAORDINARY RESOLUTION

"THAT such modifications to the Instrument relating to Bearer Warrants to subscribe up to US\$148,000,000 for Shares of Elders Investments Limited and made by Elders Investments Limited dated 14th October, 1987, and the Conditions of such Warrants, as may be necessary to extend the expiry date of the Subscription Period of the Warrants (as defined in such Instrument) from 30th April, 1989 to 30th November, 1990, be and are hereby sanctioned."

NOTE: Warrants may be deposited with (or to the order or under the control of) any Warrant Agent or Co-Warrant Agent (as listed below) for the purposes of obtaining voting certificates or appointing proxies until 4 p.m. on 9th February, 1988 but not thereafter.

> Warrant Agent Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York 4, rue de la Regence B-1000 Brussels, Belgium

Central Registration Hong Kong Limited 19th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

ment by

20th January, 1988

NOTICE OF RESIGNATION

The Royal Bank and Trust Company as Trustee for The Dow Chemical Company £300,000,000 Zero Coupon Notes due May 30.

1997 hereby gives notice of its

resignation as Trustee to take

The Royal Bank and Trust Company

the Company of a Succe

effect upon the appoin

Co-Warrant Agents

Elders Trustee and Executor Company Limited c/o Price Waterhouse 5th Floor, 2151 Spring Street Melbourne, Victoria. Australia

ELDERS INVESTMENTS LIMITED By Order of the Board

US. \$150,000,000



Crédit Lyonnais

Floating Rate Notes Due January 1993

Interest Period

.2

71/2% per annum 20th January 1988. 20th July 1968

U.S. 8379.17

Interest Amount per U.S. \$10,000 Note due 20th July 1988

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Reference Agent





DM 100 000 000 ---Floating Rate Notes Schuldverschreibungen Serie 185-1985/1995

For the three months 10th January 1988 to 9th April 1988 the notes will carry an interest rate of 3.40% (Fibor less 0.10%) per annum with a coupon amount for DM 42,50 per DM 5 000,-note. The relevant interest payment date will be 11th April 1988.

Listed on the Dusseldorf Stock Exchange

DSL Bank Deutsche Siedhungs-und Landesreatenbank Kennedyallee 62-70, 5300 Bonn 2 Telephone 02 28 / 889-215 Teletex 228324 DSL Bank

or write to him at: Merchants House, Wapping Road, Bristol, BS1 4RW

FINANCIAL TIMES

ML TRUST VI Collateralized Mortgage Obligations Floater Class A Bonds

In accordance with the provisions of the Bonds, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 7.8125% for the fifth Floater Interest Period of January 20, 1988 through April 19, 1988. Interest accrued for this Floater Interest Period is expected to amount to U.S.\$12.30 per U.S.\$1,000 Bond.

U.S.\$200,000,000

PRINCIPAL PAYING AGENT

Texas Commerce Bank National Association at the office of its agent at Texas Commerce Trust Company of New York 80 Broad Street New York, New York 10004

TRANSFER AGENT Citicorp Investment Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. 16 Avenue Marie-Therese L-2012 Luxembourg

PAYING AND

New Zealand Forest Products Finance N.V.

1544 Gueranteel Bonds Dec 1992

The Rate of Exchange, as defined in Condition 8 (c) of the above described Bonds, applicable to the Compons due January 17, 1989 from those Roads is U.S. 804550 for each N.Z. Pollar, Each Com-pon in the amount of N.Z. \$157,30 will be paid U.S. \$463, 66.

MORGAN GUARANTY TRI ST (2009/4NY) or manous Principal Paying Agent

Dated: January 20, 1988

Merrill Lynch International Bank Limited

Agent Bank

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BERKSHIRE

The Financial Times Proposes to Publish this Survey on the above on

TUESDAY 23RD FEBRUARY 1988

For a full editorial synopsis and details of available advertisement positions, please contact;

> BRETT TRAFFORD on 01-248-5116

or write to him at:

Bracken House, 10 Cannon Street, London, EC4P 4BY. Telex: 8954871

FINANCIAL TIMES
EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

US. \$50,000,000 Banque Française Du Commerce Extérieur

Floating Rate Notes Due 1991 Interest Period

20th January 1988 20th July 1988

Interest Amount per U.S. \$5,000,000 Note due 20th July 1988

U.S. \$194,638.89 Credit Snisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

NEWPORT

The Financial Times proposes to publish a Survey on the above on MONDAY 28TH MARCH 1988 For a full editorial synopsis and details of available advertisement positions, please contact:

CLIVE RADFORD on 0272-292565

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

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Seven-year \$200m issue in Eurodollars for NTT

المرا وي

NIPPON TELEGRAPH and Telephone tapped the seven-year to be traded interchangeably phone tapped the seven-year area of the Eurodollar bond market yesterday with a \$200m bond successfully pitched at investors interested in extending maturities in the light of last Friday's encouraging US November trade data.

Until this week, extreme nervousness among investors has forced borrowers in the Eurodollar market to confine them-selves to issues with maturities of less than three years, which can be viewed virtually as money market instruments Although a seven-year deal for Caisse Centrale do Cooperation Economique had met little enthusissm when it

met little enthusissm when it was Iannched on Monday, NTT's bond, led by J.P. Morgan Securities, went down well and was bid as high as less 1.45, well within its 1% per cent fees. Dealers said yesterday's 9% per cent issue, priced at 101%, was for the right name and looked attractively priced, since it provided an initial yield spread of 80 basis points over comparable US Treasuries, some 10 basis points higher than CCCE's deal.

Meanwhile, the Eurodollar

than CCCE's deal.

Meanwhile, the Eurodollar market continued firm, aven though US Treasury bonds suffered a correction after Friday's sharp gains. This helped keep Norway'e \$500m five-year bond, launched on Monday, quoted at less 1.70 bid—a discount within its total fees.

discount within its total fees. Unlike Treasuries, the Euro-dollar market seemed impervi-ous to the release of figures showing a widening in Japan's trade surplus with the US in December. These raised some fears of a corresponding set-back in US figures for that month, even though one set of numbers is by no means the mirror image of the other.

Kleinwort Benson spotted that scarcity of paper maturing in more than five years time was also a feature of the Eurosalson arket. So it launched a further £100m tranche of a market as ramours circulated bond, due November 1994, for that a sovereign horrower. the Enropean Investment would shortly issue a sizeable Bank, doubling the size of the original deal which was issued were tipped as the likely borlast July.

to be traded interchangeably Japanese equity warrants, from this November, the bond will be the largest issue in the five to 10-year area of the Engential worker.

Eurosterling market.

Dealers said the new 9½ per cent issue, priced at 99½, looked reasonably attractiva compared with the older tranche which was yielding only a comple of basis points more than the comparable gift. The new tranche traded slightly outside its 1½ per cent fees at less 1.90 bid, providing a yield around 10 per cent. around 10 per cent

INTERNATIONAL 7 BONDS

Banque Francaise da Com-merce Exterieur insued a suc-cessful DKr320m bond in the Danish kroner market, which lead manager Privatbanken said attracted interest from Continental investors as an alternative to the issues for Scandinavian names, which are more common in the sector.

(Securities).

The borrower changed its name from CAECL following a restructuring at the end of last year, when French government ownership was reduced from 100 near court of 27 pages 120 near court of 27 pages

in the buoyant market for

Despite the Eurodollar mar-ket'o optimism. D-Mark bonds saw strong buying from foreign investors yesterday on specula-tion the dollar might drop again. Along with bnoyant domestic liquidity, this pushed prices of domestic bonds as much as 65 basis points higher much as 65 basis points higher at the longer end smid lively

The market was unaffected when the Bundesbank said it would hold a press conference after its meeting tomorrow, as this was expected to focus on the money supply target, rather than directly on West German interest rates.

The D-Mark Eurobond market

The 10% per cent bond, priced at 100%, matures in September 1991 and has a long first coupon. It traded as high as less 1 bid compared with 1% supranational issues.

An Ecn 50m three-year 7% most demand in the Swiss franc foreign bond market. Else-de France (formerly CAECL) also met a fair reception, trading at less 1% bid to its 101 lo-year bond for Nippon Tele-issue price, the same discount as its total fees. It was led by Union. Bank of Switzerland (Securities).

The D-Mark Eurobond market was more subdued than the domestic side, though it continued firm with investors concentrating on some five-year and supranational issues.

Shorter-dated bonds were in most demand in the Swiss franc foreign bond market. Elsewhere, turnover was only moderate. A SFr200m 4% per cent its first day's trading at par, % point below its issue price. This was slightly below expectations.

Credit Suisse led a SFr89m 41/2-year bond for Queensland Government Development Authority, with a 4½ per cent coupon and 100½ pricing. This was quoted in the grey market at less ½ bid, benefiting from the popularity of Australian borrowers with Swiss investors. Morgan Guaranty (Switzer-land) led a SFr75m seven-year 4% per cent subordinated bond for Union Bank of Norway, priced at 100%.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

| DEBTSCHE MARK | STRAIGHTS | Second | I.B.J. D.B. & Y/
18.J 572 92
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Leyland 672 97
Korea Dev 8K 65; 95
Mustayala 61; 94
Oesters Kont. BK 57; 92

Average price change... (in day +0 on week 0 Average price change... On they +0% on week 0

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Closing prices on January 19

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ELB 4% 94.
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Kannal Electric 4% 94.
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Matra sale price set at FFr110 per share

MR EDOUARD BALLADUR

the French finance minister, has fixed the privatisation price of Matra, the electronics and armaments group, at FFr110 a share, valving the company at FFr2.19bn (\$386.5m).

The price is just under 10 per cent above the minimum value of FFr2bn fixed for Matra by the independent privatisation commission, but 10 per cent below the level – after allowing for a 12-for-one split – at which the French finance minis-

level - after allowing for a 12-for-one split - at which shares were suspended on Monday in anticipation of the privatisation. Three months ago, when Mr Balladur was forced to suspend Matra's privatisa-tion at the last minute, in the wake of the world stock wayket crash, the compa-

the wake of the world stock market crash, the company's market capitalisation was 30 per cent higher.

The government is putting its 50.97 per cent controlling stake in Matra up for sale, with 18.8 per cent on public offer, 4.5 per cent for manufactured a market per cent or public offer, 4.5 per cent for manufactured a market per cent or public offer, 4.5 per cent for manufactured a market per cent or public offer, 4.5 per cent for manufactured a market per cent for the per cent of the per

employees and a reserve of 5.6 per cent kept to allow for a loyalty bonns distribu-tion in 18 months' time.

tion in 18 months' time.

A hard core of friendly shareholders will receive a 22 per cent block of shares at FFr121 a share, 10 per cent above the public offer price. Besides MMB, one of the private holding companies of Mr Jean-Luc Lagar-dère, Matra'e chairman, with 6 per cant, the core includes Daimler-Benz of West Germany and GEC of West Germany and GEC of the UK with 4 per cent each, the Wallenberg group of Sweden with 2 per cent and three French financial institutions with 2 per cent

Two candidates for the hard core, one of them foreign, were rejected. Tho Ministry said that one had been refused for competi-tion reasons and the other because of the stakes it had already received in other privatised companies.

Although the cash call on the market is relatively modest, many brokers fear that the Matra flotation may still put undue pres-sure on liquidity.

Individual investors will, as with previous French pri-vatisations, receive one free obsre for every 10 Matra shares they buy at the flotation, as long as they hold on to them for 18

David Thomas writes: GEC regards its investment in Matra as a platform from range of collaborative ven

GEC said it was interested in most of the areas in which its interests overlap with Matra, incinding defence, space, telecommu-nications and transport

GFSA pays same despite lower profit

LOWER RAND-denominated gold prices prunad the interim earnings and profits of Gold Fields of South Africa (GPSA), the offshoot of Consolidated Gold

of Consolidated Gold Fields, in the half-year to December 31, 1987.

Nevertheless, the interim dividend is unchanged and the board believes full-year earnings will be little different from those of the last financial year if current metals and minerals unices persist.

prices persist.

Interim pre-tax profits slipped to R144m (\$72m), from R154.8m, first-half earnings were 161 cents a share, against 166 cents, and the interim dividend was unchanged at 65 cents. Pre-tax profits totalled R335.6m in the financial year to June 30, 1987. The year's earnings were 368 cents and the total dividend 185 cents.

About 80 per ceut of GFSA's income comes from gold and, of this, about 75

gold and, of this, about 75
per cent is derived from the
Kloof and Driefontein Consolidated mines, South
Africa's two richest gold

Africa's two richest gold producers.

The house is allowly diversifying away from gold and was helped during the past six months by stronger copper prices, which sharply boosted profits at the O'okiep and Tsumeb subsidiaries. Gold Fields Coal, the stronger coal arm has sufgroup's coal arm, has suf-fered from low export prices and poor domestic

Black Mountain, the lead/ zinc/copper mine, increased production, but was affected by higher sales

The group's latest diversi-fication is the R559m Nor-tham platinum mine, being developed in the northern Transvaal It is on scheduls to produce its first platimm in 1991 when, competi-tors fear, the world's plati-num market will be Mr Ozal's re-election has pleased banks, reports Stephen Fidler

Turkey keeps financial balance

ing than anyone was predicting a couple of years ago.

At the end of this year, Turkey will have gone through a three-year hump in repayments on its external debt, which totals about \$34bn. After repayments amounting to \$5.5bm in 1986 - some 40 per cent of its foreign currency receipts on the current account receipts on the current seconds

it must find an estimated

\$6.2bn to repay principal and
interest this year.

Most bankers are betting that

Most bankers are betting that

the country will do it, but a sign of the nervousness that surrounds the issue was delivered by the furore which surrounded the reported atter-ances of the deputy chairman of the ruling Motherland Party – not a noted spokesman on economic policy – after its con-vincing election victory in Octo-ber

year sent a temporary shiver of panic through bank creditors.
The report was swiftly denied
by, among others, Mr Turgut
Ozal, the prime minister, and
calm quickly returned.
Turkey has often been cited

by bankers as a success story for the strategy with which they have approached many problem debtor countries in recent years. It returned to cre-ditworthiness and to international borrowing after reaching debt rescheduling agreements, accompanied by an IMF-agreed economic adjustment programme, in the early 1980s. But the 1987 election had

ber. His reported statement, flashed across bankers' Reuters screens, that Turkey might have to reschedule its debt this

over-expansionary economic policy in an attempt to ensure upward trend in estimated \$10bn in party had led many to feel that the country's domestic and external financial position would deteriorate during the as Iraq, is hard to judge.

Invisible earnings – foreign to the figure is accounted for by laggardly payers, such for by laggardly payers, such it is met significant resistance put together anean tions met significant resistance point on the payer.

Turkey's Balance of Payments

TLm TLm TLm 1986

1987*

1986

7,456

Turkey is heiped because it is one of the few sovereign borrowers current on debt repayments which yields banks more than a percentage point over interbank rates.

Bankers also believe the government is imposing more order cometimes chaotic system.

*Jan-Oct only, \$Jan-Aug only,

Source: State Planning Droselection

In fact, only the domestic economy seems to have suffered inflation, by many estimates, is now running at 50 percent or over, and while the official figures for the budget deficit put it at around 2 to 3 percent of gross domestic product, this hides a multitude of hidden public sector borrowings, which bring the true figure closer to 12-15 per cent.

This week, the World Bank cited Turkey's high inflation as evidence of the difficulties which many governments face in consistently pursuing economic reform in the face of the high social and political costs of austerity.

Economic growth roared the difficant in caread and a continuated of the continuation and the seconomic growth roared the difficant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little prospect for significant increases in elither exports or remittances are little power plant to a many have been helped by the fall of the dollar against the build f

worried many of Turkey's credits of the external front, the short-term credits in the short-term credits in the short-term credits in the short-term credits.

In fact, only the domestic currency receipts such as tour-

TURKEY CONTINUES to walk over-expansionary economic Exports wers on a sharp a tightrope on its foreign debt policy in an attempt to ensure upward trend in 1987, rising to encourage bankers is the payments, yet it has proved itself to be far better at balanciated party had led many to feel that \$7.6bn in 1986 – although how eral deals for the country being

Bankers also believe the government is imposing more order on the sometimes chaotic system of project financing, and attempting to impose greater order on its priorities.

Turkey has been a regular visitor to the international lease market for infrastructure.

ioans market for infrastructure finance - including, late in 1987, deals to finance a \$296m project to build a by-pass around Izmir and a DM730m plan to built a power plant at

austerity.

Economic growth roared ahead at an estimated 7 per cent in 1987, but now the govornment is pledged to ensure some cooling this year, with growth of no more than 5 per cent.

This year.

As a result, it is particularly take some of the emphasis off important for the Turkish govornment is pledged to ensure some cooling this year, with not fall away this year. The kind of inflation we are seeing high proportion of the country's foreign debt in the form of short-term credits makes this of nomical for it to make any sense."

L F Rothschild to fire 50

York securities firm, is making more than 50 people redundant in a significant pull-back from the London financial market.

The firm, which lost a quar-ter of its net worth in the Octoter of its net worth in the Octo-ber stock market crash, will be left with 10 people in its Lon-don office, compared with 70 before the cuts were annoonced. A small number will be moved to New York. Its London operations, which had expanded rapidly from the middle of 1986, had been engaged in the sales and trad-

UK and European institutional clients from New York and operations in Eurobonds will be

the firm's London operation, blamed the retrenchment on a significant drop in trading operations in Eurobonds will be limited to clients-only business.

The firm, which is not connected with any of the London or European firms with the Rothschild name, announced in December that it would sack 700 employees, almost 40 per significant drop in trading the significant drop come as a personal blow to Mr Jackson, who joined the firm from Citibank only in Septem-ber, after 23 years with Citi-

Philadelphia options move for Salomon

F ROTHSCHILD, the New ing of US equities and dollar cent of the workforce. It denominated bonds, including announced losses of \$44m in Enrobonds. The ramp of the significant pull-back from the London financial market. The firm, which lost a quarter of its net worth in the October collapse, mainly in the Cathering in trading as principals in equity and debt securities.

L F Rothschild will service its the firm of the workforce. It denominated bonds, including announced losses of \$44m in the October collapse, mainly in the October collapse, mainly in the Cathering in takenounced losses of \$44m in the October collapse, mainly in the exchange's evening sessions. Reuter reports from Philadel

phia.
The exchange said that the move will be effective from February 4 and will be the first time in Salomon's 78-year-history that it will act as specialist in a security traded on an exchange floor.

January 14, 1988

The E.F. Hutton Group Inc.

has been acquired by a wholly owned subsidiary of

Shearson Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc.

The undersigned assisted in the negotiations and acted as financial advisor to The E.F. Hutton Group Inc.

Salomon Brothers Inc

One New York Plaza, New York, New York 10004 Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Zurich.
Affiliates: Frankfurt, London, Tokyo.
Member of Major Securities and Commodities Exchanges.



NHLC to raise £97m for £4bn borrowings ceiling

National Home Loans Corporation, the specialist mortgage lender, plans to raise £97m throught the issue of 100m new throught the issue of 100m new coovertible preference shares. The issue will double the company's capital base, and allow it to support borrowings of up to \$4bn, twice its present limit. Mr Richard Lacy, chief executive, said that the fortification of NHLC's balance sheet would remove any artificial constraint to the company's growth over the osxt two years, during which time NHLC is expected to encounter stiff competition from newly liberalised building societies.

NHLC differs from building societies in that it finances its mortgage lending by borrowing from wholesale money markets, rather than principally from individual savers. Borrowing is limited to 20 times its capital

gages. The investment stood at £1.07bn at the end of last year, against £993m at the end of September.
The new 7.5 per cent convert-

ble preference shares are being issued at par value of £1; they have been conditionally placed by stockbrokers James Capel but are subject to e 100 percent clawback facility for existing shareholders.

NHLC said that the convertible route allowed it to raise money on more favourable terms than it would have achieved by means of a straightforward rights issue.

Sp to 150p yesterday.

The placing and the open offer are subject to shareholders' approval at an extraordinary meeting schedoled for February 11.

base, giving a threshhold of \$250n (on a fully diluted basis) prior to the issue.

Mr Lacy anticipates that borrowings would reach that limit within two years, based on the expected rate of growth in NHLC's investment in mortgages. The investment stood at \$1.07bn at the end of last year, or since \$1.07bn at the end of the dividend would be lower than that of existing bank borrowings.

The issue was designed to give investors e yield higher than that of existing bank borrowings.

The issue was designed to give investors e yield higher than that of existing bank borrowings.

The issue was designed to give investors e yield higher than that of existing bank borrowings.

The issue was designed to give investors e yield higher than that earned on the ordinary shares, with the added sweetener of conversion luto ordinary shares. The open offer will allow shareholders to exist the end of the exist than the exist than the exist that the exist than the

maintain their proportionate

maintain their proportionate interest in the company.

They ere convertible et 167.4p, an 8 per cent premium to the closing bid price of NHLC shares on Monday. Conversion may take place on the last day of any calendar month between August 31 1988 and January 31 2000. The shares closed down

8p to 150p yesterday. The placing and the open

Woolworth launches agreed bid for Tip Top Drugstores

Tip Top Drugstores has Tip Top Dragstores has agreed a takeover offer from Woolworth Holdings, valuing the groop at £13m. Woolworth will merge the 110 Tip Top shops with its 339-strong fast growing Superdrug chain. The directors and their families will accept the offer in respect of their holding of 8,28m shares, 71.4 per cent of the total.

Tip Top also revealed e slump in pre-tax profits in the half year to end-November from £758,000 to £225,000. Sales were 18 per cent higher et £19.8m. The previous year profits totalled £430,000 and its net assets at the end of May 1987 were worth £6.3m.

Tip Top at £19.6m and was 65 times oversubscribed.
Since then Tip Top has been beset by problems, culminating in the discovery last summer that £810,000 of stock was unaccounted for which resulted in some criminal proceedings.

mnaccounted for which resulted in some criminal proceedings. This contioued to affect the first half profits.

The group had also been hit by increased competition within its market and especially by Boots' introduction of a more aggressive pricing policy in September 1986. Costs of developing its own label range also reduced Tip Top's profits. Meanwhile Woolworth's purchase of Superdrug in April 1987 meant that the competition for new sites was fiercer.

Tip Top, a chain of stores selling over-the-counter medicines, toiletries, cosmetics and non-food bousehold items based on the US style of drug stores, went public in May 1986. The offer for sale at 160p valued

Stake in Oceana raised

19.67 per cent of the shares in
South African-controlled
Oceans Development Investment Trust to raise the total
stake held by itself and associstances.

The shares were sold by
retained an option to repurchase them in certain circumstances.

ES Securities has bought ates to 28.1 per cent.

Avis Finance Company

(Jersey) Limited

Gueranteed By:

Avis Europe plc

UNLIMITED EUROCOMMERCIAL PAPER

AND STERLING COMMERCIAL PAPER

PROGRAMME

Arranged By:

FIRST CHICAGO LIMITED

FIRST CHICAGO LIMITED

MIDLAND MONTAGU COMMERCIAL PAPER

MORGAN GRENFELL & CO. LIMITED

SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Issuing and Paying Agent:

gamate with someone." Talks began after Christmas and were coocluded early yesterdey

coocluded early yesterdey morning.

Woolworth plans to convert the Tip Top stores into Superdrug outlets thus gaining economies in buying, distribution and marketing, and bringing forward Soperdrug's expansion programme by e year. Tip Top's strength lies in the North of England and Scotiand while Superdrug is largest in the South East. There is some doplication of stores — about 35 Superdrugs trade against Tip Tops according to a recent

Superdrugs trade against Tip Tops according to a recent report by Verdict, the retail market research firm.

Superdrug achieves a higher rate of sales from its stores than Tip Top; industry estimates suggest that Tip Top's annual turnover of £160 per square foot compares with a figure for Superdrug of £270. Analysts believe that Tip Top could make a pre-tax profit of £2m in a full year under Superdrug's control.

drug's control.

The offer is 110p per Tip Top share in cash or loan notes with an alternative in convertible unsecured loan stock worth 105p a share which the Tip Top directors will accept. Tip Top shares, which had been buoyed by takeover rumours, fell 14p to 106p yesterday.

Bremner chief in surprise tactic

By Philip Coggan

mr James nowinations is no longer chairman of Bremner. After counting the proxy votes at Monday's extraordinary general meet-ing, a proposal to replace Mr Rowland-Jones and two other directors was carried by 6m to 3m votes.

But Mr Rowland-Jones But Mr Rowland-Jones had one more surprise for hie epponente. He announced yesterday that he had stepped down at at a board meeting late on Monday afternoon and had been replaced by Mr Eric Pearce. Mr Pearce was one of these directors covered on Mr Pearce was one of three directors co-opted on the board by Mr Rowland-Jones on Sunday; however, Mr Dennis McGuinness, the Glaegew etockbroker behind the moves to remove Mr Rowland-Jones, disputes

that there was a quorum at Sunday's meeting and thus that the three directors have been properly appointed.

Mr McSuinness is already
on the board; as a result of
the vote two nominees of
his stockbroking firm, Mr T
Stewart Carswell and Mr
Michael Hamilton will join

But Mr Rowland-Jones'e tactics ensure that he is tactics ensure that he is down not yet out. He has also requisitioned an EGM for March 24, at which he will attempt to reverse Monday'e decision. Mr McGainness said yesterday that the new board would discuss whether to hold the meeting in London, as Mr Rowland-Jones requested, or in Glasgow, where Monday's meeting was held.

Falcon Resources

An appraisal of the oil and gas reserves of Falcon Resources, is likely to result in a write down of the book value of its assets. Falcon's accounts for the three years to December 31, 1987 are expected to be available in March.

On Monday, the company assounced that Mr Ronnie Monk was resigning as chairman. The new manage ment hopes that, after a substantial capital recon-struction, the shares will resume trading in "the Nikki Tait examines Sears' protracted courtship of Freemans

A long wait for delivery

FIFTEEN YEARS is e long time to stalk one corporate prey. Small wonder, then, that retail giant Sears should get the tim-ing of its £477m cash bid for mail order group Freemans

As the 315p-a-share offer heads towards its final close this Friday, the widespread—and often regretful—feeling is that Sears has victory in sight. "It's a sad end," comments one analyst, "bot the cold, hard facts are that if you've got cash in this world. It's a winner."

in this world, it's a winner.

Freemans — publicly at least

is not convinced. Indeed, far from bowing to the inevitable and offering a belated recommendation, the mail order group has finally got together the semblance of a spirited defence. The past 10 days have seen three missives to share-holders, couched in increasingly

aggressive tones. Certainly, as stakes in Free-mans break down, there is still something to play for. A key 9.2 per cent interest belongs to GUS, the mail order rival; the holder has made no public statement on the bld, but is widely expected to back the Freemans management. In addition, Freemans reckons that some 15-20 per cent of its register is in family/friendly hands. If that stays loyal – and there is no guarantee – Freemans effectively counters the 29.9 per cent holding built up by Sears.

ers, and the remaining 40 per cent of Freemans shares are spread amongst a relatively small oumber of institutions. Sears needs half those votes to

Sears needs half those votes to win; Freemans, e similar number to survive.

On commercial grounds alone, Freemans is far from indefensible. Even Sears, in its latest letter to shareholders, acknowledges Its target's "creditable" performance in pulling the business back from its profits nadir in 1982/3. Agency recruitment in 1982/3. Agency recruitment has been steady; margins have improved; market share, now 14 per cent, has increased.

SHAREHOLDERS URGED TO IGNORE MANAGEMENT

Sears, the retail, betting and lewellery group waging a \$477m bid battle for mail order group, Freemans, yes-terday sent a further letter to charcholders accusing Freemans management of "narrow-mindedness" and narrow-mindedness and urging chareholders to accept the offer. The bid reaches its final close on Friday, writes Nikki Tait.

In the letter, Sears chairman, Mr Geoffrey Maitland Smith argues that the Free-Smith argues that the Free-mana management's approach "is amply illus-trated by its apparent fall-ure to understand that brand names are at the very heart of high street retail-ing and will play an increas-ing part in the future of home shopping". "It is in the last two years that the management has lost its way," be writes, "culminating in a disastrous year of stagnating profits."

Yesterday, Sears said that it had raised its stake in Freemans by a further 0.39 per cent to 29.99 per cent — the limit to the amount it

But, as Sears energetically points out, the face of mail points out, the face of mail order is changing. High street retailers generally have woken op to the opportunities of extending into this area — most dramatically, in the merger between Mr Georgs Davis's Next and Grattan — and a new trend towards "specialogues" (tightly targeted catalogues) is in vogue. Further on, the industry has its eye on electronic home shopping.

try has its eye on electronic home shopping.

Freemans can justly claim to have kept pace with much of this. The acquisition of fashion retail chain Warehouse, complete with designer Jeff Banks, in mid-1986 was geoerally applanded; largely on the back of that design input, the company expects to put out six specialogues in 1988. The "Bymail" specialogues are being franchised to US retail giant, Sears Boebuck; modest expansion of chised to US retail giant, sears Roebuck; modest expension of the 23-strong Warehouse chain is planned, both in the UK and in the States (where Freemans has a 30 per cent Interest); there is u tie-up with Barclay-

Bot if all that goes in the right direction, Sears' argument is that its additional resources is that its additional resources — mooey, products, property and certain management skills — could do rather more. On the Warehouse front, for example, it talks of doubling the chain in 18 months, against Freemans' chances of walls, Clympus, and Miss interim profits had been flat down oow the Sears raised its terms on the gambling that the retail glant comes back in a year's time at a higher price — or makes the more unlikely move of selling that total bid period has been lust five and a half weeks.

Thirdly, Sears opened the bidder — looks a risky business in these markets. Somehow, the fifteen-year saga seems set to end.

Selfridge would produce new specialogue opportunities; that it could offer more clout on the buying side; and that its own retail network would offer some insurance against Freemans dependance on postal deliveries — something which cost it dearly when the postal strike threatened this autumn.

Those arguments alone might not sway all analysts — Sears, after all, has not always been seen as the most aggressive force in Britain's high streets and has itself been the target of bid rumours. Unfortunately for Freemans, however, the bidder'e timing has been immaculate — on three counts.

Firstly, it launched the bid shortly after the stockmarket collapse, in early-December. Freemans shares had alumped to 185p ahead of the bid against a previous high of 292p.

Secondly, the market conveniently collapsed just before Christmas and Freemans was obliged to post its first defence document in the inter-Christ-

obliged to post its first defence document in the inter-Christdocument in the inter-Garist-mas/New Year period. Having allowed the holiday gap to effectively become a "dead" period, Freemans' chances of mounting a protracted defence were dealt u second blow when Sears raised its terms on the first closing date and set a final close inst seventeen days on.

and that the City was cantious about the full year ontcome. Freemans bas now forecast £33.2m for the 12 months to January 30th, against £32.4m last time, and static earnings per share of 14.2p. That drab progress is blamed ou three "special factors" — a wet June, losing £6m in sales, the postal strike threat (another £3m) and the over-ambitious plan for launching two new specialogues. And while Freemans may argue that such a sequence of events is malikely to recur, u bid battle is scarcely the best time to remind shareholders of the volnerability of their company to external factors.

Inevitably, then, Freemans'

Inevitably, then, Freemans' second line of defence rests on second line of defence resis on price. Sears rightly argues that it is offering a generous 22 times current and historic earings. Freemans counters by suggesting that the business is well-placed to bounce back in 1988. Certainly most analysts are prepared to forecast £40m for 1983/9 — assuming no more unsets — which suggests a proupsets - which suggests a spective exit multiple of 18.

True, if the bid were turned down oow the Sears stake might protect the price fall. But gambling that the retail giant comes back in a year's time at a higher price — or makes the more unlikey move of selling that holding on to another rives.

SHARE STAKES

Changes in company share

changes in company share stakes announced over the past week include:

Johnson Matthey: Charter Consolidated has increased its foterest from 63.55m shares (36.92 per cent on January 4) to 63.82m (37.08 per cent).

Control Securitles: Zelva Anstalt bas acquired 565,300 shares and now holds 9.57m shares (4.1 per cent). Virani UK bas acquired 265,700 shares and now holds 34.06m shares (14.6 per cent). Mr N.G. Virani, chairman of the company, has

chairman of the company, has a

beneficial interest in Virani UK and a material interest in Zelva

American Medical may sell stake in UK operations

BY PETER MARSH

American Medical Interna-tional, a US-owned hospitals group which has expanded rsp-idly in Britain in recent years, may sell a minority stake in its UK operations through a stock said yesterday.

could raise cash to provide for a further growth in the com-pany's activities in Britain, where it operates 13 hospitals and three psychiatric units.

Mr Shah said the selling of shares could help to maintain the momentum of the company's drive in the UK. Another reason to sell a stake

in the company, according to industry observers, could be to provide funds to help the partial Nursing Homes Trust.

Mr Hemant Shah, a health-care Industries analyst at Nomura Scurities in New York, and he Securities in New York,

Nomura Securities in New York, said he thought the sale of hair the stake in AMI's UK considering a possible sale of operations could raise about \$100m.

New York, AMI said yesterdey it was considering a possible sale of part of the company's UK operations and would not coment further.

The company gained revenues from its UK operations of £94m in 1986-87. Competitors in the British private hospitals business inclode British United Provident Association and Nuf-

Star Computer, supplier of computers and software, has ehelved its proposed flotation of Minitips UK maner the Business Expansion Scheme. Mr Jack Schumann, whe was to have become chairman of Minitips, has returned to his position as joint chairman

position as joint chairman and managing director of

Star Computer shelves plan

Era Group: Following the subscription and rights issue, Mr M.G. Gordon and Mr de Beinger, directors, hold 3m ordinary shares (8 per ceut) respectively. Mr D.G. Llewellyn, also a director, holds 2.85m preference shares (33.3 per cent).

M M T Computing: Mr M.J. Tilbrook, chairmuu, sold 155,000 shares at 110p on Jan-uary 14, reducing his holding to 1.5m (14.74 per cent).

Platon International: Mr A.D. Vigar, chairman, on January 13 purchased 10,000 ordinary shares at 65p. His beneficial holding is now 164,207 (4.02 per cent).

Merchants' to take over Irish co-op

BY CLAY HARRIS

MEMBERS OF Bailleboro Co-operative, an Irish dairy co-op based in County Cavan, voted yesterday to accept e takeover offer from Goodman Internatienal, privately-owned meat processor, instead of a rival bid from Killeshandra Co-opera-

Bailieboro will become part of Merchants' Warehousing, the listed company into which

Goodman plans to inject all its non-meat interests. At the suspension price of 200p, Mer-chants has a market value of \$12m.

At their meeting in Carrick macros, Couoty Monaghan, Bailieboro members voted 1,717 to 753 to accept the Goodman offer. The co-op's 12:15m (2:13.4m) debts will be wiped out today through u refinancing package arranged by Goodman.

Lopex in £0.5m expansion

The purchase consideration will be satisfied by the issue of 321,754 new shares, just over

Lopex, marketing and communications group, has bought Displaywork, designer and supplier of point-of-sale merchandising units, for an initial \$2500,000. Further payments are dependent on increased profit levels to the end of 1990.

The purchase consideration ring items of £129.000 on turn-In the year to June 30, Displaywork recorded pre-tax profits, adjusted for non-recurring items, of £129,000 on turn-over of £1.2m. Net assets at the same date were £154,000.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

CHLORIDE GROUP bas operations of the Steiner Corpoacquired for undisclosed cash a 60 per cent interest in Silectron, a privately owned maker of high tech uninterruptible power supplies based in Bologna, ltaly.

operations of the Steiner Corpoacquired for \$1.7m (£958,000) cash.

SPICE is acquiring Alpha Discount Spares for £2.8m, of which £800,000 cash, £1.16m

DOWDING & MILLS has acquired Le Marquand Motor Rewinds for a total payment of 8729,000, with an Initial \$729,000, with an Initial \$573,000, satisfied by \$473,000 cash and 181,818 new ordinary shares, and two further payments in January 1999 and 1990 of \$78,000 each.

INTERNATIONAL PAINT, the coatings business of Courtailds, has acquired Extensor, Swedish-based yacht paint company. Extensor's most significant product is an environmentally accountable antifording tally acceptable antifouling

NO PROBES-The following deals are not being referred to the Monopolies Commission-ICI acquisition of Stauffer Chemical; Ibstock Johnsen purchase raisi of Price & Pierce; Norton Opax 46p. sequisition of Walton Print.

QUARTO GROUP hus sequired Pins and Needles to add to its specialist magazine

RANSOMES SIMS & Jefferies is buying the commercial mow-ing and turf maintenance

SPICE is acquiring Alpha Discount Spares for £2.8m, of which £800,000 cash, £1.16m unsecured convertible loan stock, and £840,000 ordinary shares. Bradford based Alph operates automative cash and carry, distribution and whole saling businesses. In the year to July 31 1997, sales totalled £10m and pre-tax profit £360,000. Net tangible assets £550,000.

THEME HOLDINGS (leisure) is buying Licensing Solutions (pub owner) for maximum £2m including £518,000 indebted-ness. Consideration to be met by £150,000 cash (raised by veudor placing at 45p per share) and 1.5m shares at 50p. Further 2600,000 can be paid by issue of shares at 50p dependent on profits. Theme also raising £126,000 by an issue at

VIKING PACKAGING is buying out its partner in the US joint venture Jordan-Viking Packaging. It is paying \$250,000 for the outstanding 150,000 shares. The business is expected to achieve a monthly profit cycle in the current year.

Twenty two years

On January 18th 1988, Hunterprint Group Pic announced the results of their twentysecond year. During these years HunterPrint has continuously improved profits year by year. Since becoming a public company in 1982 dividends and earnings per share have also increased each year.

> Our 1987 results show another outstanding year:

1007	1006	
(,000)	('000')	
90,943	70,312	UP 29%
5,888	4,294	UP 37%
re 7.06p	5.25p	UP 34.5%
	90,943 5,888	(*000) (*000) 90,943 70.312 5,888 4,294

For more information and a copy of our 1987 Report and Accounts please write to :-

Barnings per share 30.33p 20.71p UP 46.5%

THE FINANCE DIRECTOR. HUNTERPRINT GROUP Plc, OAKLEY HAY INDUSTRIAL PARK, CORBY, NN18 9EX **TELEPHONE 0536 747474**



FIRST CHICAGO The First National Bank of Chicago London Branch

January 1988

CONTROLLING STAKE BOUGHT FROM BUGGE EIENDOM AT 445P A SHARE

Gulliver moves into Jacksons

A PRIVATE hotels company. Argyll Group, owner of the headed by Mr. James. Gulliver has bought control of Jacksons Red in a deal which and property group at \$9.45m. Select Country Hotels, Mr. Golliver and institutional shareholders said yesterday they had bought 60 per cent of Jacksons from Bugge Elendom, the troubled Norwegian property group which had controlled the company since last February.

Any shares tendered in their planned general offer at the same price, 445p per share, will be placed by Barclays de Zoete Wedd, and Jacksons who will be come managing they had brought for the sease seeks into Jackson in the company since last february.

In addition to Mr. Gulliver, three other Select directors are by Charter this year as chairman of the subsequent market crash lis property holdings include an industrial entate at High Doyle.

Although the company since last february in addition to Mr. Gulliver, three other Select directors are to join the Jacksons board. Mr. Gulliver, who steps down had a private placement by Charter these assets into Jackson in recent weeks. In mid-December, he bought 10 per cent of subsequent later this year as chairman of the subsequent market crash lis property holdings include an industrial entate at High Doyle.

Although the company since last few ventual intension is to inject these assets into Jacksons in the third quoted company to attract Mr. Gulliver, three other Select directors are to Join the Jacksons board. They are Mr. Bobin Howard, who will become managing

Ward and Mr Richard Pendrill.

For the six months to last
September, Jacksons reported
pre-tax profits of £301,000 on
turnover of £1.9m, but took an
extraordinary charge of
£704,000 reflecting the fall in
the value of listed investments
in the subsequent market crash.
Its management buy-in at
Waverley Cameron, however,
has yet to be ratified by shareholders of the Scottish statioroo's plan to issue shares to
Sanda Investments, a private
company co-owned by Mr Gulliver, is opposed by a large
minority shareholder, Mr Kevin
Doyle.

in the subsequent market crash. Its property holdings include an industrial estate at High Wycombe and a potential industrial and office development at Bourne End, Bucks. The shoe components activities will be retained.

Jacksons is the third quoted company to attract Mr Gulliver's angle largest investment of the three, "he sees this as the passive end of his activities." Mr Howard, e former Argyll executive, said.

The 445p per share received by Bugge is identical to the price it paid last year for 72.4 per cent of Broad Street Group and became chairman of the USM-quoted public relations cent through e placing.

Russ are constants.

Issued capital: 112 000 000 shares of 10 cents each

Errantum codde

Pulp seated

Codde produced

Veg

Visid

Financial results

Vioridip proft—gold mining

Profit from sales of usarium

codds, pyrite and sulphunic acid

Non-poling incores

of profit.

Development evaluation of the plant will be completed during the plant in 1985.

Development evaluation of the plant will be completed during the Merch 1985 of the plant will be completed during the question are shown expensively. Final commissioning of the plant will be completed during the Merch 1985 quinter.

Quarter.
Financial
to terms of the Company's articles of association, the directors' borrowing powers are
traited to F50 000 000. At 31 December 1957 borrowings attailed F8 475 000 (1966:
F80 071 000) of which long-term borrowings amounted to F80 174 000 (1986:
F6 575 000) and short-term to P801 000 (1986: P396 000).

Nedging transactions
As at 31 December 1987 the Company had no outstanding forward sales contracts in respect of its future gold production.

Dividend Interim dividend No. 64 of 62.5 cents per share, declared in November 1987, will be paid on or about 22 Jenuary 1968.

DAS, COUNT BE Homov D.M.S. (Chelmont), B.L. Bernstein Hon, U.L.D., D.J. Crows, W.B. Evens, E.P. Clock, G.S. Lee, W.W. Males, Ciber S. Marell, T.L. Pratorius Alteresis circulors: J.H.J. Buds, P.J. Busteon, F.S. Clarke, M.D. Herson, K.M. Hanking, J.E. van Nelsant, R.A.D. Wilson

Profit after textation and State's ahaze of profit

For and on behalf of the board B.E. Hersov Directors D.J. Crowe

Easiem Honsvoo

Consolidated Mines Lid

His management buy-in at

Ennex expands US oil interest

Ennex International, the

Ennex International, the USM-quoted gold explorer based in Dublin, is acquiring a 50.4 per cent interest in Oil-Search Corporation through the issue of 4.3m shares at 150p.
OilSearch is a private oil and gas company based in Albuquerque, in which Ennex holds a 4.23 per cent take and the option to acquire majority con-

option to acquire majority con-

obstant to acquire majority control.

OilSearch operates 300 wells in the US with gross average daily production of 700 barrels and 6.7m cu ft of gas. It has proven reserves of 480,000 barrels of oil and 4bn cu ft of gas.

Ennex iotends to use Oil-Search as an operating base

153 173

102 357

306 548

185 961

32 891 312 70 000

103 203

20 January 1988

32 736 6 474

Smurfit expects I£150m profit

Jefferson Smarfit, the directors said the outlook for Irish-based packaging, printing, and floancial services group they were bodgeting for an with a strong interest in the US, is forecasting profits of some I£160m for the year ending healthy with year end debt/equity ratio expected at some 43 This will be ahead of the ner cent.

"healthy conditioo" of the group despite the recent turnover rose to \$853.6m (£773.6m) and pre-tax profits to £106.56m (£35.12m). Earnings were 21.8p (8.4p) per share. Is forecasting promes, and in the year ending Jannary 31 1988.

This will be ahead of the per cent.

This will be shead of the per cent.

This information is contained and compares with \$60m in a second interim report coverance in the previous year.

Looking a stage further, the ber 31 1987, issued to show the local in the first 15 months of owner-ship CCA had reduced \$300m of debt, or 27 per cent of the purchase price, while maintaining substantial capital expenditure and funding higher working capital brought on by volume increases.

AKES

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سسر په د-

Carron Phoenix, kitchen sink manufacturer, is joining the USM via a placing which values the group at \$13.3m. Hambros Bank is placing 4.05m shares, representing 36.4 per cent of the equity, at 120p each.

Carron was formed via a management buyout of the stainless steel products division of the old Falkirk-based Carron industrial group. In the year to a historic p/e multiple of 12.5.

Firstland to join USM

Firstland, independent oil and gas exploration company, is seeking an introduction to of Mexico. It reported a loss the USM. The shares are currently quoted under rule 363.3.

The company's main production interests are in tha US. The company is main production interests are in tha US. In the shares are in tha US. The company is currently proven reserves amount to 3.1m barrels of oil and gas, which have been valued at \$1.0m or 66p a share.

Firstland's exploration interests include acreage in Australia, the Falkiands and the guif is, the Falkiands and

Berry unveils BTR to buy unit plans

Berry Trust and Northern Securities Trust, investment trusts both managed by GT, yesterday invelled their long-awaited plans for partial unitis-

Under the schemes, investors Under the schemes, investors would be able to exchange their holdings for shares in a new investment trust, Berry Starquest, and/or units in three unit trusts managed by GT Management — GT Worldwide Special Situations Fund, GT International Income Fund and GT UK Special Situations Fund.

the world-leading market share of BTR's Stowe Woodward subsidiary.

Nokia's Savio Roll Covering factory near Helsinki is tha leading supplier of roll covers to the Finnish paper industry. Its products are also sold to other Scandinavian countries and to the Soviet Union.

Finnish factory

BTE, the industrial holding company, is to buy a Finnish factory which makes rubber and polyurethane roll covers used in paper machines. The acquisition, from Finland's Nokia Corporation, will add to the world-leading market share of BTR'e Stowe Woodward subsidiary.

Unilever sells offshoots

Unilever, Anglo-Dutch food and consumer products group, is to sell its Ford & Slater companies, which are involved in the contract hire and distribution of Leyland-Daf and Mercedes-Benz commercial vehicles, to Mercantile Credit, finance house subsidiary of Barclays Bank.

Ford & Slater, which became part of Unilever's UAG subsid-

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

	Current psyment	Date of payment	Corres ponding div	Total for year	last year
Adscene Groupint	1.5	Apr 18	- :		. 2.8
Anglia TVfin	10· .	Apr. 25	7.5	- 14.5	11.25
Blickfin	26	Apr 13.	. 2	4.2	2
Clarke Hooper \$int	1.2t	Feb 29	1		25
Clark (Matthew)int	4.5		3.5		9
Electron Housesint	2	Apr 22	1.5		. 3.6 .
Eurothermfin	4.26	Apr 8	3.5	∴ 6	5 : .
Hampson Indsint	0.4†	Mar 7	0.31*		1.15
Harrison Indaint	2.1†	Feb 29	· 1.85	· 🕳	5.75
LPA industriesfin	1.6	Ang 7	1.6	8	3 :
Soundtracs §fin	1.2		1.2	1.9	1.2
Tip Top Drugsint	0.8		. 40.8		2
Wilding Officefin	1.95	Feb 26	1	3.25	-

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue. †On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. §USM stock. ¶Unquoted stock. ¶Third market.

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Overseas Commodities Group Osprey House, 78-80 Wignore St., London WiH OAS, Tal: 01-935 5276. Teles: 883979 Comodi G. Fax: 01-935 2505 (group 2). Ask for reference GF or CB



Steetley pays £26m to expand in France By David Waller

Steetley, construction mate-

Steetley, construction materials group, is to buy a leading French aggregate producer for FFr 256.6m (£25.7m). The Paris-based Societe Carrieres de la Meilleraia is Steetley's fifth in a series of acquisitions in France over the last year, worth a total of £50m. Votes a total of Estim.

La Meillerale has sixteen quarries around Paris and is the country's largest producer of hard rock used for the construction of roads, railways, ports and other infrastructure projects. 1

railways, ports and other infrastructure projects. It has production capacity of 10m tonnes per annum and reserves of an estimated 250m tonnes.

Steetley said that La Meilleraie would be integrated with Garon-Bedel, the existing French subsidiary which operates 28 quarries. Estimated 1987 turnover et La Meilleraie was FFr 380m. Meillerale was FFr 360m, ganerating pre-tax profits of FFr 30m.

Brent Chemicals £2m purchase

Brent Chemicals Interna-tional is to extend its printed circuit board activi-ties through the purchase of 75 per cent of Robertson Chemicals for \$1.95m plus fature profit-linked pay-

Eurotherm boosts profits 37% to £12.8m and beats forecasts

the manufacturer of industrial process control equipment, yes-terday reported a sharp rise in pre-tax profits for the year to October 31.

october 31.
The company's profits were op 37 per cent to a record \$12.8m pre-tax on turnover of \$111.6m (\$99.4m). Orders for this year are already about 20 per cent up compared with the same time last year.

Dr Jack Leonard, chairman tougher, management-led and joint managing director, has toughered the company's approach to its fringe subsidiaries, promising to close or sell any which perform poorly.

In the last full year these companies incurred losses of In the last full year these companies incurred losses of £900,000. An extraordinary item of £550,000 has been set aside to cover potential closure costs.

"We would expect more activity in the core type of business."

"It is the last full year these experience should help Eurotherm to a more aggressive overseas ecquisitions policy. The group's customer and geographical base is very wide, but its reliance on industry for its core business inevitably introduces worries about recession. Historically, Eurotherm's results legisted. last year.

The group's subsidiaries in Europe and the US showed marked progress last year. SSD Corporatioo, which sells systems to control the speed of electric motors, increased US sales by almost 50 per cent and Eurotherm's French and Italian sobsidiaries contributed over \$2.5m\$ to the profits.

In the UK, SSD profits grew by 77 per cent and the TCS group of companies, which supplies instrument and computer systems, increased sales by 42 per cent. Kineron Gaugiog Systems, bought last year, contributed \$510,000 for the five speed of the corporation of the five speed of electric motors, increased US sales by almost 50 per cent and the TCS group of companies, which supplies instrument and computer systems, increased sales by 42 per cent. Kineron Gaugiog Systems, bought last year, contributed \$510,000 for the five speed of the corporation of the corporation

Windsor Securities dips to £0.1m

had been restated to take into account the effects of the programme, the businesses of acquisition of S W Taylor & Co (Holdings) and Frank Bradford nies have been amaigamated

FOLLOWING a year of considerable reorganisation, which included a number of acquisitions and changes in senior management, Windsor Securities (Holdings) reported pretax profits down from £427,000 to £120,000 in the year to September 30 1987.

The directors said the results had been restated to take into

before extraordinaries. The proposed fioal dividend is u ochanged at 0.5p net for an increased total of 0.8p (0.7p).

Angloveo Mining companies' reports - Quarter ende	1 Giordo	All complinies m All financial figure Loraine Gold Min unauched. Rate of exchange Development nos adjustments nosi Shereholdes rec	ritioned are inco s for the quarter a sea, Limited for the on 31 Decembe uts given are the seary in the valuating copies of the	rporated in the and progressive a quarter and fi or 1987; R1,00 or actual earnplin aton of the cor hese reports re	Republic of South Africe. figures for the current year to date, except those of nancial year anded 30 September 1967, are = £0.27, £1,00 = £3.66. g results. No allowance has been made for reservée. gularly each quarter, should write to the 85 Regent Shreet, London W1R 85T.
Horiecesionen Gold Mining Colld	Eastern Transvest Consolidated Mines, Ltd (continued) Capital expenditure	12 618	7 790	20 276 5 396	Consolidated Nurshipes List (continued) Financial The revenue from the sale of antimorry concentrates to be seen to a school sales, which can view consolerable

		Eastern Transvest Consolidated Mirres, Ltd (continued)			
		Cripital expanditure. Dividends	12 618 5 396 19 012	7 760	20 276 5 396 25 772
		Development Advanced	2249	1 574	3 823
d d	Six monits anded 31 Oct 1907	Sampled m Charmel width cm Charmel value ght	697 150 8.7 1 297	720 181 8,0 1 448	1417 166 8.3 1374
0882	1 814 000 15 783	Hedging transactions As at 31 December 1987 the Company had neepect of its future gold production.	o outstanding l	seisa branco	contracts in
1		Disident American No. 75 of 125 burs per sha peid on or about 22 January 1988.	ra, declared in	November 19	167, will be _
8	479 707 197 116 282 591	Capital expenditure Outstanding commitments' at 31 Decembe (30 September 1987; R11 327 000).	r 1987 are e	stimated at F	RB 201 000
=	158 409 96 0,62 18,68	For and on behalf of the board. R.A.D. Wilson: Directors O.J. Crowe			
_	12,99 5,50	Directors: R.A.D. Wilson (Chebrours), D.J. Orome, M.D. W.W. Malen, Chep S. Menell, J.E. van Netark	, Herwon, B.E. He	no DMS,	
-	2 959 2 058 901	Alternate director: B.J. Fureton		20 Jan	nuary 1988
Q	1 814 000				

Presko Coroca Mines (Phyllio

ued capital: 54 000 000 shares of 50 cent			Six months
	Querter ended \$1 Dec 1987	ended 30 Sept 1967	encled 31 Dec 1967
erating results	621 000	650 000	1 271 000
miled	951 000	650 000	12/1000
ncentrates produced	14 234	15 456	29 690
oper	21 867	24 551	45 419
incentrates despetched	5 . 6 .		
(Der 1	12 798	11 949	24 747
£ !	23 201	25 861	48 262
rencial results	F1000	FI000	FR000
erating profit	3 676	5 344	0 020
n-mining moome	624	522	1 146
ofit before taxation	4 300	5 886	10 168
22500	2847	3 573	5 420
Oil after taxation	1 453	2 293	3 746
pital asperuiture/frecoupments)	(7)	(16)	(23
idend	4 320		4 320
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velopment		_	
vanced	633	1 078	1 911
rencial			
spetches, which very from quarter to que	ries, and brough	hi to accoun	t at their esti-

20 January 1968

Capital expenditure
There were no outstanding commitments at 31 December 1967 (30 September 1967: Nf). For and on behalf of the board D.J. Crowe Directors R.A.D. Wison Chector: D.J. Crows (Chelcount, R.P. Pitton, B.E. Hersov D.M.S., R.L. L'Esperance, Chie S. Marrett, E.R.L. Neutrusbel, D.M. Poperon, R.A.D. Wilson Alternate director: D.A. Bielne, A.J. Bétal, M.D. Harmon, W.W. Melen

Consolidated Murchison Lid

The Ha spokerson Textured copital: 5 240 000 shares of 10 or

	Quarter	Quarter	Str Months ended
	31 Dec	39 Sept	31 Dec
	1987	1987	1967
Financial results	R000	R000	R000
Sales of antimony concentrates less			
realisation charges	5 897	5 457	11 354
Gold sales	5 569	4 001	9 570
Sundry mining income	24	59	_ 83
	11 490	9517	21 007
Working costs	10 073	9 987	19 760
Working profit/(loss)	1.417	(170)	1247
Net non-mining income	852	1 039	1 891
	2 259	859	3 138
Prospecting expenditure	309	289	598
income before laxation	1 960	580	2 540
Textion	157	109	268
income after texasion	1 803	471	2 274
Capital expanditure	1 979	2 058	4 037
Dividends	1 872	_	1 872
		2000	<u> </u>
	3 851	2058	<u>5 909</u>

interior dividends No. 80 in respect of ordinary shares and No. 1 in respect of 'S' ordi-nary shares, each of 30 cents per store, were declared in December 1987, payable in

Capital expenditure

Oussanding commitments at 31 December 1967 are extrasted at R1 193 000 (30 September 1967; R1 558 000).

For and on behelf of the board P.F. Retief Directors R.A.D. Wilson Parectos: P. Redof (Chakmon), R.A.D. Wilson (Deputy Chakmen), B.E. Davison (Marsging Divertor), W.D. Clough, V.G. Brey, P.J. Croreham, D.J. Crows. B.E. Hergor D.M.S. Cities S. Menol

Alternate director: P.W.J. Cooren

lordine Gold Mines Lic

Second S		Querter	Quarter	Financial year
Special Section 1987 1987 1988 1989 198		ended	ended	
The content	Construction in color			30 Sept
Solid recovered Ing 2007 1983 9274 Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Solid recovered Part Part Part Solid recovered Part Solid recovere	perating resours			130/
Neid	Sold recovered			
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7730	yrite and treatment of stockoffed calcines		211	502
Tree	fon-mining income	1 566	2 219	8 388
ice benefits 208 1 123 1 762 1 1762 intributing royality payable 2 8 2 38 2 38 2 305		7 730	0818	67 382
The state of profit	nerest peid, stores adjustment and ser-	200	1 122	4 700
Such a profit per	ributing royalty payable	206	1 123	1 /02
inter's sharer of profit	xchange loss	-		38
Prolit after texation 6 514 10 711 48 388 Expital expenditure 5 742 7 901 21 865 Expiral expenditure 5 742 7 901 21 865 Expiral propriation for losin appayments in adjustments for currency (48) (26) (26)	roft before taxation and			1.0
Prolit after texation 6 514 10 711 48 388 Expital expenditure 5 742 7 901 21 865 Expiral expenditure 5 742 7 901 21 865 Expiral propriation for losin appayments in adjustments for currency (48) (26) (26)	late e share of profit			65 576
Applied expenditure				
ppropriation for the reperiments product	rollt after texation	6 614	10 711	48 388
Actuations 29 (48) (26)	apital expenditure	5 742	7 601	21 865
Second S	uctuations	29	(48)	(26)
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Indication Ind		5771	29 648	43 934
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	trannel value p/t	10.9	17.0	13,9
	cm.g/t	620	1 077	962

Quarter ended

Dividend
Dividend No. 10 of 135 cents per share, declared in October 1987 in respect of the pre-vious Snancial year, was paid in December 1987. Capital expenditure
Outstanding commitments at 31 December 1987 are estimated at RS 648 000 (30 September 1987; R4 620 000).

20 January 1965

For end on behalf of the board
O.J. Crowe Directors
R.A.D Wilson
Directors D.J. Crows (Chairmen), W.B. Brens, B.E. Hersov D.M.S., L. Hewitz, K.M. Hosting,
G.C. Krafft, W.W. Malen, Cleve S. Menstl, S.W. van der Cotf, R.A.D. Wilson Attention directors: J.H.J. Suries, F.S. Clarke, P.J. Eusteen, B.J. Fureton, J.J. Geldenhuys. K.A. West, J.E., was Michael.

THIS NOTICE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER FOR SALE AND THE STOCKS LISTED BELOW ARE NOT AVAILABLE FOR PURCHASE DIRECT FROM THE BANK OF ENGLAND. ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT STOCK

The Bank of England announces that Her Majesty's Treasury has created on 18th January 1988, and has issued to the Bank, additional amounts as indicated of each of the following Stocks:

£300 million 8 per cent TREASURY LOAN, 1992 £150 million 91 per cent CONVERSION STOCK, 2005 The price paid by the Bank on issue was in each case the middle market price of the relevant 5tock at 3.30 p.m. on 18th January 1988 as certified by the Government Broker.

In addition, Her Majesty's Treasury has created on 18th January 1988, and has issued in the National Debt Commissioners for public funds under their management, an additional amount of £150 million of

94 per cent Cooversion Stock, 2004. In each case, the amount issued on 18th January 1988 represents a further tranche of the relevant 510ck, ranking in all respects part passe with that Stock and subject to the terms and conditions applicable in that Stock, and subject also to the provision contained in the final paragraph of this notice: the current provisions for Capital Gains Tax

are described below. Application has been made to the Council of The International Stock Exchange for each further tranche of stock to be admitted to the Official

Copies of the prospectuses for 8 per cent Treasury Loan, 1992 dated 5th May 1987 and 94 per cent Treasury Convertible Stock, 1989 dated 27th April 1984 (which contained the terms of issue of 94 per cent Conversion 5tock, 2005) may be obtained at the Bank of England, New Issues, Watting Street, London, EC4M 9AA.

The Stocks are repayable at par, and interest is payable half-yearly, on the dates shown below: Redemption date Interest payment

8 per cent Treasury Loan, 13th April 1992 1992 13th April 13th October 94 per cent Conversion 18th April 2005 Stock, 2005 18th April

The further tranches of 8 per cent Treasury Loan, 1992 and 94 per cent Conversion Stock, 2005 will rank for a full six months' interest un the next interest payment date applicable to the relevant 5tock. Official dealings in the Stocks on The International Stock Exchange are expected to commence on Tuesday, 19th January 1988.

8 per cent Treasury Loan, 1992 will be specified, and 94 per cent Conversion Stock, 2005 is specified, under paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 to the Capital Gains Tax Act 1979 as a gilt-edged security (under current legislation exempt from tax on capital gains, irrespective of the period for which the Stock is beld).

Attention is drawn to the statement issued by Her Majesty's Treasury on 29th May 1985 which explained that, in the interest of the orderly conduct of fiscal policy, neither Her Majesty's Government nor the Bank of England or their respective servants or agents undertake to disclose tax changes decided nn but not yet announced, even where they may specifically affect the terms on which, or the conductions under which, these further transless of stock are instead or said but on making. which, these further tranches of stock are issued or sold by or un behalf of the Government or the Bank; that nu responsibility can therefore be accepted for any omission to make such disclosure; and that such ion shall neither render any transaction liable to be set aside nor give rise to any claim for compensation.

GRANVIL

Соптавлу

206 133 Ass. Brit. loc. Ordinary 207 145 Ass. Brit. loc. CVLS 41 26 Armitage and Rhodes

171 130 Carbonnoun Ordinary
104 91 Carbonnoun Ordinary
180 67 George Star
145 68 Iss Groon
190 99 Jacoson Groon
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41 United Holdings (SE) .

Granville & Company Limited & Lovar Lane, London ECJR 8BP

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On the European Options

Exchange in Amsterdam investors

are now able to trade directly in

Major Market Index options (symbol XM1), also listed on the American Stock Exchange in New

York. It is the first U.S. stock index option being traded outside

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130 CCL Group Ordinary
99 CCL Group 11% Cone.Pref

Record Hides 10% Pref (SE) _

32 Trevan Holdings (USM)

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BANK OF ENGLAND LONDON 18th January 1988

Calor and SHV to join forces in UK oil venture

A NEW independent UK oil agreed in principle to waive the company is to emerge from a normal requirement under takedeal announced yesterday in which the Calor Group and SHV, a private Dutch company, will spin off their oil interests into a separately listed company with net assets of \$270m, writes Steven Butler.

SHV will also, as part of the deal, lift its stake in Calor, the bottled gas group, from 29.9 per cent to 40 per cent, and would retain at least a 34 per cent stake in the new oil company, which is referred to as Newco.

Calor said the deal was aimed directly at lifting share values because the quoted price of the company had failed to reflect the true value of its oil properties. These would now have a separate quotation in an enlarged company.

The Takeover Panel has

Steven Butler on a move to exploit underplayed upstream assets

North Sea interests resurface

FOR ALL the complexities of the dsal in which Calor, the UK gas group, and SHV, the private Dutch company, are merging their oil interests into a separately listed company, there is a simple underlying rationale – that the market values oranges and potatoes more highly if

they are crated separately.
Why this should be so may be something of a mystery, but it is a central factor behind a is a central factor behind a wave of demergers in recent years. At the time Calor was spon off from the Imperial Continental Gas group last year, a commercial logic had been put forward for keeping Calor's bottled gas business in the same stable as the smaller oil exploration and devalonment hostration and development busi-

would move in an opposite cycle to the gas distribution side, which would not be helped

the true value of its oil properties. These would now have a separate quotation in an separate quotation in an enlarged company.

Calor's share price yesterday rose 490p to 530p following announcement of the deal.

Calor is to acquire Dyas UK, which holds the SHV portfolio of UK oil and gas interests, for an estimated £170m, with the final price to be determined by independent assessment. SHV is calor shares of Newco plus a top of UK oil and gas interests, for an estimated £170m, with the final price to be determined by independent assessment. SHV is calor shares after the demerger to be paid in shares, which would be valued at 625p each, and would lift the SHV stake to 40 per cent.

"We've been able to get quite a nice premium for them to get this control," said Mr Brian Wilters and calor finance director yesterday.

The Takesuma Panal have a cach Calor share held, and side, which would not be helped by rising fins! prices, and thus side, which would not be helped by rising fins! prices, and thus or the sable to sell oft the side, which would not be helped by rising fins! prices, and thus side, which would not be helped by rising fins! prices, and thus or the price, and thus or the price, and thus or the market evidently did not accept this logic.

The value of the market evidently did not accept this logic.

The value of the market evidently did not accept this logic.

The value of the Newco plus a interests was effectively submissive at James Calor said that a price for capel, said yesterday.

Capel, said yesterday.

The market, said Mr Gray, valued Calor according to its earnings potential and basically ignored the asset value of the North Sea interests. This made that company a takeover candidate for any predator who would be able to sell off these assets and has made the last year fairly immultuous for the year fairly tumultuous for the Calor management.

Mr Mitchell said yesterday
that the decision to merge Century Light and Power with
Dyas UK, and to seek a separate listing, came after rejecting
a number of other avenues; one
being to develop Century
within the group through acquisitions.
This, however, would have

This, however, would have involved putting substantial resources into a company that Calor did not fully own. Carless, Capel & Leonard did not want to sell its 41 per cent stake at what Calor thought was a reasonable price, and sinking money into the upstream business would have involved a dilution of Calor earnings notil any potential earnings notil any potential could be realised, possibly in

the 1990s.

A simple sale of the assets would have left Calor with more cash than it needed, and a

hefty tax bill.

By creating a merged group, however, Calor is giving birth to an independent oil company of real substance.

On 1987 valuations, the new

company is reckoned to be smaller than Britoil, Tricentrol, or Enterprise, but bigger than Lasmo. With the future of both Britoil and Tricentrol placed in doubt by takeover bids, Newco will instantly become a key player in the sector.

Of course a price has been

All-round

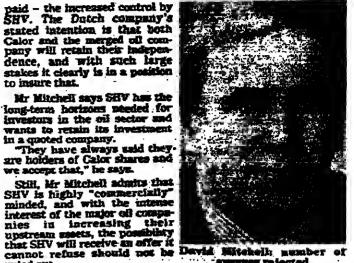
advance for

Mr David Mitchell, Calor's paid - the increased control by chief executive, mosaned more than once that he could not get than once that he could not get ton with running the business for all the fuss about the future of his company.

Mr Mitchell said yesterday that the decision to merge Century Light and Power with

Mr Mitchell says SHV has the long-term horizons needed for investors in the oil sector and wants to retain its investment in a quoted company.

"They have always said they-are holders of Calor shares and we accept that," he says. Shill, Mr Mitchell admits that SHV is highly "commercially" minded, and with the intense interest of the major oil compa-nies in increasing their



Agency side boosts Matthew

BY LISA WOOD

17.4 85 205 55 44 132

Granville Davies Coleman Limited 8 Lover Lane, London ECIR 83P Telephone 01-621 1212

CARRON PHOENIX plc

This advertisement is issued in connection with a placing by Hambros Bank Limited

of 4,047,963 ordinary shares of 10p each at 120p per share

payable in full on acceptance

Carron Phoenix plc has established itself over the last five years as the leading United Kingdom manufacturer of kitchen sinks. It designs,

manufactures and markets a comprehensive range of metal and

non-metal sinks. The Carron group also supplies and services

commercial catering equipment.

Share capital

urdinary shares of 111p each

The ordinary shares now being placed will rank in full for all dividends and other distributions bereafter declared, paid or made on the ordinary share capital of the Company.

Application has been made to the Company.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the grant of permission to deal in the share capital of the Company issued and now being issued on the Unlisted Securities Market. It is emphasized that no application has been made for these securities to be admitted to listing. Conditionally on such permission being granted, 4,147,963 ordinary shares of the company will be placed by Phillips & Drew Lunted and Bell Lawrie Limited.

Particulars of the Company are available in the Extel Unlisted Securities Market Service and copies may be obtained during normal business hours on any weekday texcluding Saturdays) up to and including 3rd February, 1988 from:

Hambros Bank Lunted

Bell Lawrie Limited

Phillips & Drew Limited
131 Moorgate
London ECIM 6XP

and from The Company Announcements Office. The Stock Exchange, London EC2P 3BT.

Dated: 23th January, 1988

Twenty blue chips in Amsterdam

Member of the Stock Exchange

Matthew Clark and Sons truck rental division. (Holdings), wines and spirits manufacturer and distributor, yesterday reported pre-tax profits of \$2.93m for the six months to October 31 1987 compared with \$2.62m.

Earnings per share increased from 10.1p to 12.5p with the board declaring an increased interim dividend of 4.5p (3.5p)

per share.
The largest contribution came from Matthew Clark's agency business where brands include Martell – the object of a take-over battle between Seagram and Grand Metropolitan - Janneau Armagnac, Macallan malt whisky, Benedictine and Taitinger Champagne. Sales of West Coast cooler, a mixture of wine and fruit julces, improved after the heavily-promoted brand adversely affected profits last year although the market has not grown as quickly as Matthew Clark and the judustry

had forecast. Mather, Matthew Clark's 52 per cent-owned British wine and sherry business, returned slightly lower profits which accounted for the reduction in profit attributable to minority interests.

Sealark Transport, the south east England distribution business.

east England distribution business, saw a considerable growth in the number of cases handled with growth also in its

Issued and now being issued fully paid
f No. of shares
1,110,416.20 11.104,162

Bell Lawrie Limited AN Queen Street Edinburgh EH2 4AE

The Major Market Index is

Please send me information

composed of twenty U.S. "blue

Clark to £2.9m at half year

plier, had record sales and prof-

Losses of the group's Australian company I H Baker were
reduced, John Ansell, insurance
the agency be lost it should broking subsidiary, returned only take out growth for a year lower profits, while Malcolm or so - a message which may Cowsn, specialist drinks sup- have contributed to the slight rise in the company's share price yesterday. The set-back at Mathar appears temporary The poor performance of Matthew Clark's share price over the past few mooths has been largely attributed to concern over the company's agency for Martell, the Isading UK cognac brand, ownership of which is the object of an intense take-over battle. It is likely that whichever international drinks business eventually acqoires France's second largest cognac house it will want to take over the UK agency with Matthew Clark receiving little compensation because of the lengthy but fairly informal relationship after strong pressure on mar-gins with the business looking to new growth areas such as low alcohol drinks. New prod-uct development elsewhere

Second-half lift at LPA

A STRONG second half helped

LPA Industries, USM-quoted the second half were almost industrial electrical accessories \$500,000 up on the first half, company, to pre-tax profits of the forward order book was \$712,713 in the year to end-september 1987, an improvement of \$79,795. Turnover forward order book could rise edged ahead from \$5.79m to to over \$2m, a record for the company. company.

The directors said turnover was held back by the disposal of Jarneta, its troubled infraproposed, making 3p for the year Carnings per 10p share in year. Earnings per 10p share in the latest period were 8.74p the latest period were 8.74p (5.96p). A one-for-five scrip is proposed.

Hampson advances 57%

Hampson Industries Mr John Wardle, chairman, reported interim pre-tax profits ahead by 57 per cent from \$945,000 to \$1.49m\$. Turnover and he continued to be pleased with the progress of three earindustrial cleaning was \$19.67m for the six months to the end of September 1987, against \$14.23m\$.

Earnings per 50 share came

Mr John Wardle, chairman, said that the two most recent acquisitions had started well and he continued to be pleased with the progress of three earingustrial cleaning was comfortably better than the first.

against 24.25m.

Earnings per 5p share came
out at 2.4p (1.79p) and the
interim payment is being £3,250 (£1,030) attributable
increased to 0.4p against an
adjusted 0.3125p.

After tax of £568,000
(£354,000) and minorities of
interim payment is being £3,250 (£1,030) attributable
profit was £918,000, against
£439,601 last time.

Holographics still in red

Applied Holographics ran up a further loss at the pre-tax level for the opening six months of the 1987-88 year despite achieving a sharp increase in sales.

The directors said, however, that in general prospects for gross profits totalled \$470,201 new orders covered a large variety of industries which should not only benefit the company's future development tax losses worked through at but should also minimise adverse consequences such as 5p share emerged at 3.8p the recent cutback in the US (4.1p).

Tidying up loose ends

Two companies eager to tidy up loose ends have launched bids for outstanding preference and dabt issues inherited in take-over battles.

Norton Open is offering a total of \$1.2m for four issues two of preference shares and two of unsecured loan stock -by McCorquodale, the larger printing group it bought for 2155m in November 1986. Avana, the foods group taken

over last year by Ranks Hovis McDougall, said it would pay a total of \$2.36m for debenrares and preference shares origi-nally issued by Robertson, the jam company, which Avana bought in 1981.

Yearlings at 91/2%

The interest rate for this

week's issue of local authority bonds is 9½ per cent, down ¼ of a percentage point from last week, and compares with 10½. per cent a year ago. The bonds are issoed at par and are redeemable on January 25 1989.

Harrison Reflecting nevences by

Reflecting advances by every division, a 21 per cent improvement in pro-tax profits, from £1.42m to £1.72m, was smoonced by Harrison Industries for the six months ended September 30 1987.

Tarnover for the Cheshire-based industrial holding company showed a 25 per cent increase to £15.08m against £12.07m.

The interim dividend is lifted from 1.85p to 2.1p and earnings per 10p share worked through at 9.3p (8p).

(8p). Mr Ken Harrison, chairman, said that the directo aim was to maintain the strong profits and earnings increase, and on prospects, said that enquiry and order levels for all divisions were good and continuing growth was expected in the s

The directors were seek-ing further acquisitions of companies with compatible activities both in the UK and abroad.

North American boost for Clarke Hooper

First-time contributions from last year's North
American acquisitions
helped Clarke Hooper,
USM-quoted marketing and
sales promotion consultancy, lift pre-tax profits in
the six months to end-October by 35 per cent to
\$657,000.
The ontcome was

S657,000.

The Ontcome was achieved on turnover up 73 per cent from £5.04m to £8.73m. Tax accounted for £273,000 (£182,000). An interim dividend of 1.2p (1p) is to be paid from earnings per 5p share of 4.84p (4.26p).

Mr Barry Clarke, chairman, said that Joseph Potoman, said that Joseph Potoman, and Associates of California, and Markoting and

formia, and Marketing and Promotion Group, based in Canada, had realised all expectations.

Mowlem makes first US move

John Mowlem, the British construction group, has made its first entry into the US paying \$500,000 for a 70 per cent stake in Charter Builders, contract management specialist, with offices in Dalias and Atlanta.

Mowlem which earned pre-tax profits of \$30m in 1986 said the value of Charter's business was higher than the purchase price indicated as the British group had also agreed to guarantee contractors' surety bonds up to a value of \$100m.

Charter specialises in the construction of high rise buildings up to \$60m in value and until a management buy-out was formerly the contracting arm of Van-tage Propetles.

Jan 25 Jan 25 Jan 25 Jan 28 Jan 28 Jan 28 Jan 28 Jan 23 Jan 23

BOARD MEETINGS

Interins - Fleraing Tech. Inv. Tst.F.Copeos. Estates Prop. Inv. Norbain Eacl., Karyon Secs. Kawai Systems, Stanley Lolaus. Firate - Marc Teckis. Crown TV Procks., Derby Trust, First Lessure, Lockers, Microgen, Spice

GOLD FIELDS OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration No. 05/04181/06)

1	INTERNA REPORT FOR THE S	K MONTHS EN	DED 31 DEC	MBER 196
	CONSOLIDATED INCOME S		Securethi	Year
		ended 31 Dec. 1987	ended 31 Dec 1986	ended 30 June 1987
İ	-	Rm	Rm	Ren
ı	income from investments income from fees, interest and	140.0	134.9	304.4
l	other sources	\$7.9	69.1	129.6
ı	Expenditure and write off	197.9 53.9	204.0 49.2	434 0 98.4
Ì	Administration, technical and	1		
l	general Interest	36.5 2.4	35.5 2.5	67,5 4,9
ŀ	Drilling and prospecting Written off	15.0	11.2	25.7 0.3
	Profit before tax Tax	144.0 5.1	154.8 11.9	335.5 20.8
	Profit after ter: Minority shareholders' interest	138.9 0.5	142.9 0.3	· · 314.8 0.8
	Profit attributable to Group Preference dividend	138.4 6.5	142.6 6.5	3)4.0 13.1
ŀ	Profit attributable to ordinary			
I	Extraordinary kem	131.9 13.4	136.1	(62.8)
		145.3	136.1	238.1
ľ	*Unandited Earnings per ordinary share-cents	161	166	368
	Dividends-per outlinery share-cents -stoorting-lim -times covered	53.1 2.5	65 53.1 2.5	185 151.2 2.0
	CONSOLIBATED BALANCES		-	
		*At31 Dec	*Ar3X	At 30
		1987	1966	1987
I		Rm	Rm	Rm
ı	Fixed assets . Investments	79.1 860.1	69.5 . 653.2	75.8 795.4
	Properties and ventures	63.1	63.0	62.9
	Loans advanced Net current assets	60.7 93.6	250.0	60.1 64.1
	Current assets Less current liabilities	170.2 76.6	328.8 78.8	191.5 127.4
		1,156.6	1,053.7	1.058.3
	Ordinary share capital. Reserves	8.0 975.9	8.0 880.0	8.0 883.9
١		983.9	888.0	891.9
1	Preference share capital Minority sizareholders' interest	130.7 3.3	130.8 1.9	130.7 3.2
I	Loss received	38.7	33.0	32.5
		1,156.6	1,053.7	1,058.3
	Investments Listed-market value -excest over book value	6,504.4 5,765.6	5,778.7 5,265.7	7,131.4 6,448.4
1	-book value	738.8	513.0	683.0
1	2.20			

 Including provision for dimination in value of R74.1 million. NOTES.

Net assets (as valued) per ordinary .
share-cents

Unisted book value

1. Dividends. (i) The final dividend (No. 79) of 120 cents (35.786328p) per ordinal (i) The final dividend (No. 79) of 120 cents (35.786,325p) per ordinary share in respect of the year ended 30 June 1987, absorbing R98.1m, was declared on 18 August 1987 and paid on 7 October 1987.
 (ii) A dividend (No. 7) of 145 cents (39.897656p) per preference share in respect of the six months ended 31 December 1987, absorbing R6.5m, was declared on 10 December 1987 and is psyable on 3 February 1988.

4,503,716 4,508,500 4,508,500 auber of ordinary shares in issue 81,754,669 81,749,885 81,749,885

121.3

8.631

140.2

112.4

4.508,500

In accordance with the company's accounting policy the surplus of R13.4m on realisation of investments which accrued throng the six months ended 31 December 1987, is regarded as an extraordinary item.

At presently prevailing metal prices, earnings per ordinary share in respect of the current financial year should not differ materially from the earnings in respect of the year ended 30 June 1987.

DECLARATION OF INTERIM DIVIDEND. Dividend No. 80 of 65 cents per ordinary share has been declared in South African currency, payable to members registered in the books of the company at the close of business on 5 February 1988.

Warrants payable on 9 March 1988 will be posted to members on or about 8 March 1988.

March 1968.

Standard conditions relating to the payment of dividends are obtainable at the share transfer offices and the London office of the company.

Requests for payments of the dividend in South African currency by members on the United Kingdom register must be received by the company on or before 5 February 1988 in accordance with the above mentioned conditions.

The register of members will be closed from 6 to 12 February 1988, inclusive.

On behalf of the board

R. A. Pinmbridge Directors A. M. D. Goodde

75 For Street

London Office: 31 Charles If Street, St. James's Square, London, SW1Y4AG

United Kingdom Registrar Hill Samuel Registrars Limited 6 Greencust Place. London, SWIP IPL



the U.S.A.

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

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Country:_

Anglia TV beats City forecasts

Anglia increased programme expenditure by 20 per cent over 1967, and expects an increase of 30 per cent this year. One particular success was the Sleeping Beauty ice spectacular, which was sold for \$300,000 (£169,000).
Only £1.4m of a committed investment of £11.5m has been subscribed so far to British Sat-

ellite Braodcasting (BSB).
Earnings per share were
45.34p (34.65p). A final dividend of 10p has been proposed,
making a total of 14.5p for the
year (11.25p).

comment

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j

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Adscene Group, which came to the market last July, almost doubled pre-tax profits from \$4203,000 (\$158,600).

Mr Harry Lambert, chairman, said that since November trading bad continued at an encourage level and he looked forward to \$ good result from the 28 weeks to November. The Kent-based free newspaper group declared a maiden interim dividend of 1:5p and the board anticipated a final of 2.5p. Earnings increased 75 per second half, although it was unlikely that the company that cash balances of obtain a larger share of an increases of the first 25 weeks the South-East economy. East Anglia finds itself in a fortunate location. Near enough to London to be within commuting distance, far enough away to be an attractive spot for a to be an attractive spot for a second home. The mixed attractions of Luton and Stanstead Airports have also helped the region's expansion. Thus the company admits that location has had as much to do with its increased share of advertising revenue as the efforts of its sales force, but the increase is likely to continue Anglis is Wilding Office Equipment for the first three months doubled and currently showed an increase of 40 per coming to the market in December. 1986 increased pre-tax period. There was excellent potential to \$2.02m for the year to last September.

Turnover rose 39 per cent accelerate this by acquisition as from \$22.21m to \$30.85m. the same suitable opportunities arose. The period out at 11.7p (7.6p), a 54 per cent increase; and there is a shops were opened plus s sales final dividend of 1.95p making office and distribution centre at a total of 3.25p, as forecast at the time of flotation.

Wilding Office Equipment for the first three months doubled and currently accounted for almost 20 per cent of turnover. Tax amounted to \$740,948 (\$497,736) and interest payable and similar charges to \$82,471 (\$115,326).

DALKEITH HOLDINGS: Mr Clive Richards and Mr Peter Baker have acquired 52.94 per cent increase; and there is a shops were opened plus s sales a total of 3.25p, as forecast at the time of flotation.

Mr Terry Wilding, chairman, concessions, with two further sales force, but the increase is likely to continue. Anglia is right to devote more of its resources to programme development as independent TV companies are likely to present an increasing challenge to the contractors. Assuming national advertising revenue grows at around 9 per cent this year, Anglia is expected to make \$13.8m for the year, which val-£13.8m for the year, which val-ues the shares on a prospective p/e of eight. An historic yield of 5 should limit the downside. but the rating is high enough

STRONG OPPOSITION LEADS TO RAPID WITHDRAWAL OF £12.2M OFFER

Multitone rejects Blick approach

With £12m

By Header Farmirough

JUST OVER a week after the launch of television's first-Stock Exchange quiz programme, The Stocke and Shares Figures which exceeded market expectations.

Net advertising revenue rose 14.5 per cent above the industry average—and helped boost pro-tax profits for the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick in the industry average—and helped boost pro-tax profits for the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits for the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits for the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits for the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits of the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits of the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits of the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and beloed boost pro-tax profits of the year to October 31 by 42 per cent to Elick's full-year figures, and the full year figures, and the document of Elick's full-year figures, and the document its growing impatience over full to discuss of Elick's full-year figures, and population growth of East Anglia increased programme

Anglia increased programme

By Header Farmirough

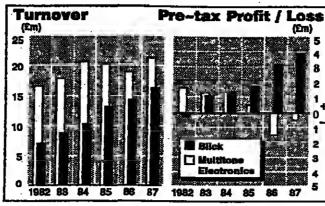
All the thick believed fellow, radio of paging eystems, particularly to National Health Service Hospitals are proved to National Health Service Hospitals to National

Mr Ian Karten, his counterpart at Multitone, confirmed that he had rebuffed previous of the one-for-two share offer envisaged by Blick. "fishing expeditions" by Mr Elliot. "We have told him each time—that—we are not interested," Mr Karten said. He described Blick's public announcement as "bigarre" and "extraordinary" under these circumstances. The Blick approach was rejected as an attempt to buy cheaply the potential of Multi-

nominal 0.1p full-year divi-dend.

The rejection depressed Mul-tltone sharee, which had jumped to 79p after Blick's announcement. They finished the day only 5p higher at 68p, compared with the 80.5p value of the one-for-two share offer

Adscene up to £0.9m midway



In time recording equipment, still Blick's largest activity, only 10 to 15 per cent of customers have made the transition so far from electromechanical to the higher-margin lcal to the higher-margin electronic and computerised products, Mr Elliot said.

Two acquisitions in the com-munications field contributed a pre-tax total of only \$20,000, because of losses and relocation costs at one of them, Trusound, a maker of public address and

At the year-end, it had gross future rentals receivable of £24.4m, an 18 per cent 25.1 per cent to 13.79p increase, on leases averaging (11.02p). A final dividend of seven years.

2.6p (2p) will make a total of in time recording equipment, 4.2p. The previone year's still Blick's largest activity, interim of 1.075p was paid before Blick came to the market in June 1986.

in June 1986. Blick is advised by Kleinwort Benson, Multitone by Arbuth-not Latham. Shearson Lehman, stockbroker to both companies, stayed on the sidelines yester-day. Kleinwort Grleveson, Blick's joint broker, picked up the baton on thet side and Laurence Prust stepped in for

Sales growth lifts Soundtracs 30% to £0.69m

Soundtracs, the USM-quoted electronic sndio equipment manufacturer, reported a 30 per cent expansion in taxable profits to £691,303 in the year to November 6 1987.

Mr Todd Wells, chairman, said a downturn in the US, where sales represented 18 per cent of total group turnover compared with 30 per cent in the previous year, was more than offset by growth in south east Asia and Central Europe where sales increased by some

Turnover rose from £2.63m to £2.91m. After tax of £245,847 (£212,985), earnings per 5p share worked through at

A final dividend of 1.2p is proposed, making 1.9p for the year. In 1986 a single dividend

Substantial half-term growth for **Electron**

Electron Honse, the USM quoted electronics distributor, achieved significant growth in the six months ended November 30 1987, with turnover and profits more than doubled. The interim dividend is lifted

from 1.5p to 2p.
Turnover came to £24.19m
(£11.92m) and profit to
£1.1m (£441,000), and the
directors expressed optimism
for the year

for the year.

Mr Robert Leigh, chairman, said the growth forecast for the semiconductor market was in the region of 10 per cent. With increases in new franchises in all four operating countries he was confined. ing countries, he was confident that the group would exceed those expectations. Demand for computer products

was usually stronger in the second half, and he believed that would be enhanced by increasing market share and benefits from continued progress in the role as a distributor. The eemiconductor market

grew steadily in 1987. Accounting for half the turn-over, this had assisted the component businesses. The computer and peripherals businesees, representing about one-third of sales, benefited from s rapidly expanding market.

Earnings for the period worked through at 5.32p (1.98p). In the 1986-87 full year profit was £945,000 and the total dividend 3.6p.

Freehold property in Orpington is being sold for £950,000. generating net cash of £500,000 and e profit of some £200,000, to be credited in the second half.

Ace Belmont profit surges to £2.84m

Ace Belmont International, North Humberside-based car-avan maker, more than dou-bled pre-tax profits to \$2,84m in the year to end-August agsinst £1.3m previously. Turnover rose by 20 per cent from £42.26m to £50.73m.

Earnings per share were 80.9p (29.51p) sfter tsx of 5929,000 (£464,000). Extrsordinary Income amounted to \$28,000 (£1,3m) and extraordinary charges were £152,000 (£105,000).

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the grant of permission to deal in the whole of the issued share capital of Norton Group PLC in the Third Market. It is emphasised that no application has been made for these securities to be admitted to listing or to the Unlisted Securities Market.

Norton NORTON GROUP PLC

SHARE CAPITAL

£3,300,000

in Ordinary Shares of 5p each

fully paid £2,585,783

Introduction by SCHAVERIEN & Co Instructed by **INDUSTRIAL FINANCE**

The principal activities of the Group are mechanical engineering and the marketing of specialised goods and services. Transactions in the Ordinary Shares of the Company will be effected in accordance with the rules and regulations governing the Third Market of The Stock Exchange. This investment may carry a high

AND INVESTMENT CORPORATION PLC

Particulars of the company are available through the Extel Third Market service. Copies of such particulars can be obtained until 3 February 1988 from:-

Industrial Finance and Investment Corporation PLC Well Court House 8/9 Well Court London EC4M 9DM

Schaverien & Co 18½ Sekforde Street London EC1R OHN

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock

FIRSTLAND OIL & **GAS PLC**

(Registered in England under the Companies Acts 1948 to 1981, No. 1816646) Introduction to the

UNLISTED SECURITIES MARKET

CGS SECURITIES LIMITED

Share Capital Issued & fully paid

1,662,153.50 Ordinary Shares of 10p Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for

the grant of permission to deal in the issued Ordinary Shares of the Company in the Unlisted Securities Market. It is emphasised that no application has been made for these securities to be admitted to listing. Dealings in the Ordinary Shares are expected to commence on Monday

Copies of the particulars of Firstland Oil & Gas PLC have been circulated in the Extel Unlisted Securities Market service and sent to shareholders, Copies are also available until 12 February from: CGS Securities Limited Corabill Secretaries Li 28-25 Glassbouse Yard St Paul's St Paul's House Warwick Lune

cent increase; and there is a shops were opened plus a sales final dividend of 1,95p making office and distribution centre at a total of 3.25p, as forecast at the time of flotation. Mr Terry Wilding, chairman, concessions, with two further said the board viewed the current year with confidence. Sales Office furniture sales had Baker have acquired 52.94 per cent of the OTC-traded investment company. The duo are making an offer of 25p a share for the outstanding equity, and intend to seek a listing for the company on a recognised market. **Company Notices**

Amount payable per share (LLK. Currency)

RANDFONTEIN ESTATES GOLD MINING COMPANY.
WITWATERSRAND, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) Registration No. 01/00251/06

DIVIDEND No. 105 ON SHAPE WARRANTE TO BEARER

CIN SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARING.

Pursuant to the notice published on 21st December, 1987 members are informed that the rate of exchange at which perments of the above dividend are to be despetched by the United Kingdom Peying Agents on 23st Potoury; 1986 is 1 randol 100 cents equals 23st 778599 united Kingdom currency. The gress dividend psystile by the United Kingdom Peying Agents is therefore, equivalent to 84.5355p per share. Holders of stars viernauts to beard are informed that promote of Device 108 at the London Bearer Office of Hill Serves & Co. Ltd., 48, Beach Street, London EC2P 21.X.

Coupons must be fisted on forms obtainable from the London Beaser Office and dep examination on any week day (Saturday excepted) at least assum clear rises habited and the saturday excepted) at least assum clear rises habited.

NOTES:

(1) The gross amount of the dividend for one for United Kingdom facome and Surfax purposes is 44.5359 or 100 purposes is 44.5359 or 100 purposes is 44.5359 or 100 purposes is 54.5359 or 100 purposes in 50
NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Norwest Oversess Capital Corporation N.V.

12%% Notes due 1991

Auren, Sourn Arnoan Non-Resident Shareholders Tibs applicable to the dividend is ble as a credit against the Linded Kingdom Tibs payable to respect of the dividend solucion of the air the reduced rate of 12% instead of at the standard rate of 27% onts an allowence of credit at the rate of 15% in respect of South African sedight Shareholders Tibs.

98, Bishopegase.
LONDON ECZM 30E.
18th Jensery, 1968
Mos. A. F. Smith
MOTES.

BRISA AUTO-ESTRADAS DE PORTUGAL S.A.R.L. Emprunt de EUA 15.000.000,- 8 3/4 % - 1974/1989

We inform bolders of obligations that the 6th February 1988 redemption for the amount of EUA 1.500,000.- has been carried out by drawing lots. The lots drawn on 8th January 1988 in the presence of Mrs Jeanne HOUSSE, Public Officer, Luxendourg, for 1.500 obligations of EUA 1.000.- each which carry the numbers:

. 13277 to 14288 1839 to 2395 lusive, taking account of numbers already drawn for preceding instalments, will be reimbursed at par, with coupons due fall February 1989 and ulterior ecupons attached, firsts 6th February 1988, date at which they cease to accrue interest. These obligations will be redeemable and interest to 4th February 1986 paid at the tolkowing banks:

CREDIT LYONNAIS, Lizembourg - CREDIT LYONNAIS, Paris - KREDIETBANK SA. LUXEMBOURGEOISE, Lizembourg - COMMERZBANK A.G., Frankirri am Main - BANQUE BRUXELLES LAMBERT S.A., Bruxelles - AMSTERDAM - ROTTERDAM BANK NV, Amsterdam.

We recall that the following obligations from earlier drawings have not yet been presented for redemption:

Gdi February 1985; No 4684, 4879 to 4880, 5931 to 5032, 5865 to 5069
68th February 1986; No 11639, 12629 to 12643, 12741 to 12742, 12819, 12821 to 12825,
68th February 1987; No 242, 274, 248 to 301, 305 to 306, 306 to 314, 317 to 327, 325,
334 to 335, 356 to 301, 364 to 368, 375, 380 to 314, 317 to 327, 325,
334 to 335, 356 to 301, 364 to 368, 375, 380 to 322, 397 to 484,
413 to 417, 421, 423, 425 to 428, 471 to 468, 473 to 464, 470 to
477, 485, 524 to 533, 581 to 584, 593, 679 to 677, 695 to 665, 672,
681 to 682, 672 to 493, 777, 771 to 724, 742 to 743, 764 to 766,
772 to 783, 786, 797, 802 to 803, 839 to 848, 839 to 864, 879 to
880, 918, 923 to 924, 958 to 940, 956 to 973, 975 to 977, 7011 to
1072, 1060 to 1065, 1072 to 1073, 1076, 1091, 1106, 1113 to 1184,
1281, 1282, 1284, 1066 to 1466, 1156 to 1776, 1781 to 1174, 1181 to 1188,
1291, 1209 to 1213, 1279, 1234, 1252, 1256 to 1239, 1262 to 1265,
1283, 1286, 1406 to 1410, 1564 to 1565, 1509 to 1570, 1778 to 1787,
1792, 1796 to 1797, 1763 to 1764, 1766 to 1776, 1778 to 1787,

The amount remaining in circulation following this 14th redemption is: EUA 1.500.000. THE FISCAL AGENT CREDIT LYONNAIS LUXEMBOURG

> WEST RAND CONSOLIDATED MINES LIMITED (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africe) Company Registration No. 01/01978/05 COUPON NO. 112 (DIVIDEND NO. 112)

HOLDERS OF SHARE WARRANTS TO SEARER are informed that they will, on or after 29 January 1985 be paid 4.79792 per alters, viz. 5.6445 to the amount declared per alters, eas 0.94890 being South African non-resident shareholders' tax of 15% against surrander of Coupon Ao. 112. Coupons must be deposited for FOUR CLEAR DAYS for impection before permissit will be seeded.

in London at Gencor (LLK.) Limited, 30 Ely Place, London, ECIN 6UA in Paris at Credit du Nord, 646 bouleverd Haussmarn, Paris (84) in Beals at Series Bank Corporation In Zurich et Credit Sulses

Listing forms can be obtained from the office of the London Secretaries. per pro. GENCOR (U.K.) LIMITED London Secretaries L.J. (JAINTES

NOTE: Under the double tax agreement between the United Kingdom and the Republic of South Africa, the South African non-resident shareholders' tax applicable to the dividend is allowable as a credit against the United Kingdom tax payable in respect of the dividend. The deduction of tax at the reduced rate of 12% instead of at the basic rate of 27% represents an allowable of credit at the rate of 15%.

Clubs

EVE has outlived the others because of a policy on fair play and value for money. Suppor from 10-5.30 sm. Disco and top transitions, glashrous hotherses, exciting theoreticus. 189, Regent St., W1.01-784

Personal

ALCAN AUSTRALIA LIMITED U.S. \$75,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1989 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby goest that the rate of interest for the period 19th January 1985 to 19th July 1985 has been fixed at 7.5125 per cent per experience.

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Annual.
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and Savings Association, as Trustee (the Trustee), and Sunshine Acquisition Corp. (Delaware) (Sunshine) executed a Supplemental indenture to the Indenture, dated as of December 15, 1879 (the "Indenture, dated as of December 15, 1879 (the "Indenture, dated as of Spectra N.V., Spectra and the Trustee, On August 5, 1987 Spectra was marged with and into Sunshine (the "Merger") and Sunshine that gad its restanding common stock of Sunshine changed its name to Spectra-Physics, Inc. All of the outstanding common stock of Sunshine is careed by CIBA-CEIGY Corporation or its affiliates. As a recuit of the Merger, under the terms of the Indenture, each \$1,000 principal amount of Debartures, which was convertible immediately prior to the Merger into 23.36 shares of Spectra, is now convertible into U.S.\$853.80 in cash.

Michael R. Gautha

MANAGEMENT EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Publication date 22 March 1988 Copy Date 8 March 1988

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COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

Kuala Lumpur plans cocoa contract

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

There is a lot of interest among Malaysian growers and cocoa traders on the proposed contract, and some want the lnunch as early as March, although for practical reasons, the cootract is likely to be introduced in the second half of the year," said an exchange official.

Malaysia is currently the world's fourth largest cocoa groducer, after the ivory Coast, Brazil and China, with production estimated at 150,000 tonnes last year.

The KLCE official said the currency for the cocoa cootract had oot been finalised, with some traders favouring Malaysian ringgits, some US dollars and some stering.

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The KLCE official said the currency for the cocoa cootract had oot been finalised. There is a lot of interest

THE KUALA Lumpur Commodities Exchange has drawn up a discount of US\$45 a tonne. Cocoa futures contract which it hopes to launch later in the the contract because traders year. It will be the sixth contract to be introduced on the those countries was not as good ax that of Malaysian cocoa, crude paim oil, palm kernel oil, which itself is being traded at a RS\$ No 1 rubber, SMR 20 rubber and tin. York for the same reason.

The KLCE official said the

tonnes last year.

Under the terms of the contract cocoa beans from Malaysian and Papua New Guinea will be delivered at par, but beans from Indonesia, the Phil
It (£265) a tonne mark at the start of the month, compared with 750 ringgit a year ago. and tract cocoa beans from Malaysian policity in anticipation of lower Malaysian palm oil outbeans from Indonesia, the Phil
Put for January and February.

Malaysia has no plans to join agreement

membership would work to our disadvantage," Dr Lim Keng Yalk, the Malayelan Primary Industries Minister, commented following last week's ICCO meeting, where non-ICCO producers were called on to join the agreement.

the agreement.
The meeting also decided that consumer members of the organisation should not buy the

MALAYSIA HAS no immediate plans to join the international Cocoa Organisation, writes Wong Solong.

"We fear as soon as we join include the production when we still our production when we still the production when we sti Wong Solong.

"At this juncture, we feel have n lot of potential to membership would work to our expand. We would also be at a

countries in terms of market access to the European Community," Dr Lim explained,
Malaysiam officials said Malaysia was alrendy contributing to the ICCO buffer etock fund, because all cocoa exports to consumer members attracted. organisation ehould not buy the commodity from non-member a levy which went towards the producers for a period of six fund.

WEEKLY METALS

ANTIMONY: European free market 99.6 per cent, \$ per tonne, in warehouse, 2,290-BISMUTH: European free market, min 99.99 per cent, \$

per lb, tonne iots in warehouse, CADMIUM: European free market, min 99.95 per cent, \$ per lb, ln warehouse, ingots 2.98-3.05 (3.08-3.13), sticks 3.00-3.08 (3.08-3.13).

COBALT: European free market, 99.5 per cent, \$ per ib. in warehouse, 7.10-7.30 (7.10-

MERCURY: European free (same).

All prices as supplied by Metal Bulletin (last week's prices in brackets). market, min 99.99 per cent, \$ per 76 lb flask, in warehouse, 303-310 (300-310).

MOLYBDENUM: European free market, drummed molybdic oxide, \$ per lb Mo, in ware-bones, 2 15-3.20 (3.05-3.10). SELENIUM: European free market, min 99.5 per cent, \$ per 1b, ln warehouse, 9.05-9.30

TUNGSTEN ORE: European free market, standard min 65
per cent, \$ per tonne unit (10
kgs) WO1, cif, 49-58 (same).

VANADIUM: European free
market, min 98 per cent V2Os, cif, 2.80-2.90 (same). UBANIUM: Nuexco exchange

'baron' wins fight for co-op

By Kleran Cooks in Dublin

Irish beef

WHAT HAS been billed as a David and Goliath tuesin hetween big agribusiness and small farmers in the rish Republic ended last night with farmers in the north-east of the country voting to allow Goodman International the EEC'e largest meat processing and exporting company, to take over their local Bailieboro Co-operative.

The decision marks the first takeover of an Irish co-operative hy private laterests and there are fears in some quarters that the structure of the countries accountable section. try's agricultural sector could now change as big business moves in.

The Goodman takeover

also marks the company's diversification into dairy products, a sector in the Republic which until now has been dominated by the

The loser in the Bailie-boro takeover hattle was another co-operative, Kille-shandra. In an often stormy and vitriolic campaign both eldes made unprecedented radio, TV and press pleas to the 4,500 Bailieboro share-holders and spent consider-ahlu time doorstepping

farmers.

Bailfeboro ran np dehts estimated at ir £15m after a correestimated at ir \$15m after a feta cheese making operation ran into difficulties in 1985. Goodman said it would refinance the Bailleboro debt, guarantee farmers minimum milk prices of 92 Irish pence per gallon and give farmers access to Goodman markets in the EEC and the Middle East.

The company is believed

The company is believed to have paid Ir \$10m for

Bailieboro.
In a last minute move,
Goodman also offered Bailieboro farmers shares in its
quoted enbeldiary, Murchants Warehousing. Goodman says it will use Merchants Warehousing to
create a meat, grain and
milk business conglomerate
with annual eales of ir
\$100m.

Killeshandra offered continued farmer control and what it described as the best milk prices in the area. The Irish Co-operatives Organisation Society and against the Goodman take-

Goodman's chief executive Mr Larry Goodman, known in Ireland as the Beef Baron, is one of the country's leading tycoons. A reclusive figure, be started his commercial lifu trading offsis as a teenager. He now controls more than 80 companies and has five meat processing plants in

m, 99.7% party (\$ per torne

m.90.5% purity (£ per tonne)

India set to import grain after drought

fNDIA EXPECTS to have to import food grains during the next two or three months to supplement its drought-reduced 1987-88 harvest

in living memory record pro-duction is expected from the coming winter crop, known as the "rabi", which is the main source of wheat. That would help to offset some of the food grain losses incurred in last

Friday that he did not expect to have to import rice.

Buffer stock

1987-88 harvest.

The first import orders since 1984 are likely to be placed soon for up to 3m tonnes of wheat as the country tries to bolster its total grain buffer stocks. These have already shrunk to 15m tonnes from a peak of 23m tonnes last July.

The Government now estimates that the 1987-88 crops will total 135m-140m tonnes, only 10m to 15m tonnes below target. Although the country has suffered the worst drought

rice and 1.8m tonnes of wheat were imported.

A good rabi crop will not be sufficient to offset the overall economic impact of last year's disastrous monsooo failure, which affected nearly a third of the country and 290m people. Public spending has ricen sharply, inflation is approaching 12 per cent, and there are eevere problems in the dry western states of Rajasthan and Gujarat.

food.
Following the drought, efforts are to be made to speed up the coverage of irrigated land area beyond the present 30 per cent and to improve organised water usage in the remaining dry land farming areas. Increased research is planned into types of seeds which are less ensceptible to

which are less ensceptible to variations in rainfall.

The Planning Commission, in a mid-term review of the country's 1985-90 five year plan, last week estimated that agricultural current must rise to last week estimated that agri-cultural output must rise to 175m tonnes of food grains and 16m tonnes of ollseeds by 1990-91 If the country is to meet its overall economic tar-gets. It warned that there would be a shortfall of 2m to 2.5m tonnes on the foodgrain figure if expansion of irrigation was not speeded np.

source of wheat. That would help to offset some of the food grain losses incurred in last autumn's poor kerif crop, which produces most of the country's rice. Oil seeds production has also improved, but cotton output is down.

India is proud of its record as a country basically self-sufficient in food grains and Mr T.S.

Broca, chairman of the Food Corporation of india, said last

which affected nearly a third of the country and 290m people. The current optimism about the current optimism about the rabic crop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation the Ministries of Food and Agriculture's economic directorate. The recent karif crop is now the rabic crop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation the ministries of Food and Agriculture's economic directorate. The recent karif crop is now the rabic crop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation the current optimism about the rabic crop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation the Ministries of Food and Agriculture's economic directorate. The recent karif crop is now thought by the Government to high prices. The Government to high prices. The Government to have yielded between 70m and 73m tonnes, considerably less than 1983-84 and the 81m to 85m tonnes achieved in early a third of the country and 290m people. The current optimism about the rabic crop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation the ministries of Food and Agriculture's economic directorate.

The recent karif crop is now the rabic rop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation the wisner's economic directorate.

The current optimism about the rabic rop is based on good rainfalls since October in central and southern India. Irrigation is effects are far less and tubewells, plus surface and underground water, are expected to make up for poor rainfall in the 89m t

Uttar Pradesh. Production of between 67m Production of between 67m and 70m tonnes of rabi foodgrains ie being forecast, although this has not yet been announced officially. Some international agencies with observers in New Delhi believe the total could be as low as 61m tonnes, but this is discounted by the Government, which is worried that low forecasts could encourage hoarding.

The precise figure will depend on the amount of winter rains later this month in the northern agricultural states. Although less than n 76m-tonne original target, this would be considerably higher than last year's rabi output, now estimated to have been 62.5m tonnes, according to revised figure will the stream of the country and the

tonnes, according to revised figtonnes, according to revised figtures published last Friday by
the Ministries of Food and Agriculture's economic directorate.

The recent karif crop is now
thought by the Government to
have yielded between 70m and
73m tonnes, considerably less
than the 89m tonnes produced
in 1983-84 and the 81m to 85m
tonnes achieved in each of the
following three years.

of the karif would produce foodgrains totalling between 137m and 143m tonnes, which Ministry of Agriculture forecasters are rounding down to estimatee of 135m-140m.

tonnes.

Ministry of Food figures suggest that this would include 46m to 50m tonnes of wheat, 55m tonnes of rice, 22m to 23m. tonnes of coarse grains such as maize and sorghum, and nearly 12m tonnes of pulses (lentils).

Oil seeds

Low oil seed production from groundnuts has been partly offset by n sharp increase in production of rape seed mustard and sunflowers, helped by sunflower seed imports from the Sovlet Union. Farmers have switched to the mustard and sunflower parts have switched to the mustard and sunflower parts have seen as heaves of

Malaysia warned about palm oil 'profiteering'

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

INDIA HAS warned Malaysta that it would switch to Europe for cheaper sources of edible oils if the price of palm oil continued to eurge.

The warning was delivered by Naving Tieses of the part 19.

by Mr Narain Tiwari, the Indian Finance and Commerce Minister, who has just ended a visit to Southeast Asla.

"Our adversity should not lead to profiteering," he told a meeting of Malaysian and Singapore palm oil traders, in reference to the prolonged drought in India last year which has been a major factor in pushing

per cent of its palm oil needs nnder the proposed contract, details of which are being worked out by a committee headed by Mr Raja Alias, head of the Federal Land Development Authority, the biggest single palm oil producer.

In a normal year Indian buys between 1.2m and 1.3m tonnes of edible oils for its huge population. But because of the drought its imports last year were estimated at 2m tonnes.

were estimated at 2m tonnes.
Indian trade officials say the
country's purchases of Malaysian palm oil exceeded 1m

tonnes last year, which meant that India alone bought more than a quarter of Malaysian

exports.

Traders say that, for a while,
New Delhi authorities managed
to cover up the effects of the
drought. But when its consequences were appreciated in the final quarter of last year, palm oil prices shot np with a

ply-demand situation. The lower exports were dnn to lower production cause by reduced fertiliser inputs. Dr Lim said that Malaysia was trying its best to buy more Indian goods and services to reduce the trade imbalance, which is strongly in Malaysia's

which is strongly in Malaysia'e favour. But he pointed out that Malaysia had only 16m people, so its purchasing power was limited.

vengeance.

Dr Lim said that, apart from the Indian drought, Malaysian palm oil exports last year fell by 10 per cent to 4.1m tonnes, thereby aggravating the sup-tight supply situation.

Weather hits world crops

BY DAVID PLACKWELL

THE SOVIET Union will import 20m tonnes of wheat in the current season, compared with 16m tonnes for 1986/87, according to the Economist Intelligence Unit. In its report on the 1988 outlook for food, feedstuffs and beverages, the unit says that Soviet leader Mr Mikhail Gorbather's "dood start" in acricult.

chev's "good start" in agricul-ture owed more to his statisti-The Soviet crop is measured before drying for 1987 it was wet and much of it is unsuitable for food use.

Bad weather elsewhere in the world will also lead to rising demand for imported wheat and cuts in the amount avail-able for export, says the report. In addition to drought in China, floods in Bangladesh and rains in Europe at harvest time, wheat acreages are down in the US, Canada and Australia.

The scene is set for sharply higher prices for good quality bresd-making wheat, the 5bn people only

The bad weather will also cut world rice output by 3 per cent, and international rice prices will be about 15 per cent higher

Greenhouse effect The report suggests that the bad weather has not been a

freak occurrence, arguing that semi-tropical areas could become more arid because of the greenhouse effect of rising atmospheric carbon dioxide. The northern hemisphere's

(Prices supplied by Amalgamated Matal Trading) US MARKETS

Ring tumover 27,825 torne

WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

AM Official Kerb sides Open Interest

climate was likely to be more erratic as a result of a tug of effect, which lifts temperatures, and air pollution, which don WIA 1DW.

"Since the world can carry
5bn people only because agriculture is putting more non-renewable energy in than it takes
out as food energy, any long
-term weather-related decline
in winder multiple energy and the second in yislds spells catastrophe," savs the report.

it is optimistic about the prospects of genetic engineering raising crop yields - but points will be along lines determined by the needs of rich countries. Urging that more attention be given to improving Third World crops, the report points ont that "adapting the potato to the needs of the crisp manufacturer is not going to help Peru."

World Commodity Outlook 1988: Food, Feedstuffs & Bever-ages. £95. Economist Intelli-

Swiss bank sees dull year for commodities

BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

WORLD COMMODITY prices materials.

stock-market crash and the fall materials as rubber and cotton.
of the dollar will weaken the economies of most industrial and the fall materials as rubber and cotton.

A slight increase is expected, however, for the price of cere-

demand for commodities than ter of sanual world consump-1987, the UBS study points out that the last months have seen npward adjustments in produc-tion schedules and plans to expand capacities on the part Eisewhere, modest price

CRUDE OIL (Light) 42,000 US gats Scharrer Chicago

are unlikely to show any marked increase this year, metals, where prices roce according to a study published by the Union Bank of Switzer-land.

Bank of Switzer-land. and. Decreases are also considered
The bank believes that the likely for such agricultural raw

A slight increase is expected, reduce inflationary fears which awited for the 1987/88 seamight have boosted commodison, although stockpiles should als. locreased destocking is with slower growth in still be equal to about one-quar-

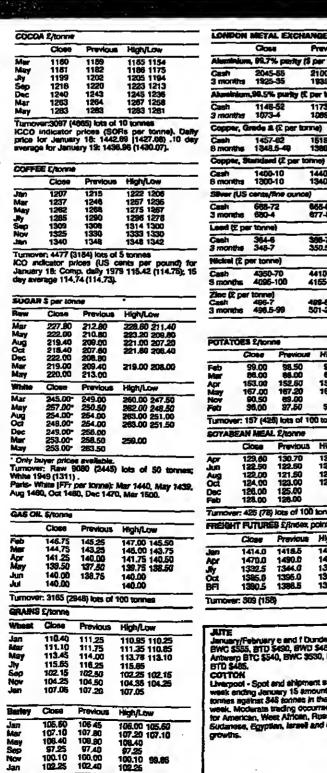
of suppliers in various sectors.

All in all, it forecasts "only a and sugar after the drastic slight average price increase" decline of the price level last during 1988 for non-fuel raw year.

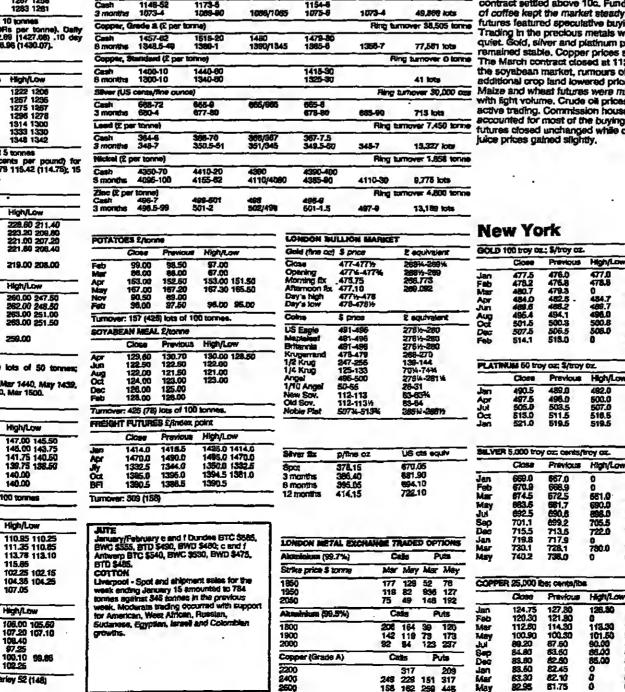
and the same of the same **LONDON MARKETS**

BOTH THE coffee and cocoa markets virtually ignored yesterdsy'e moves by their commodity organisatione to bol prices. Following last week's agreement the International Cocoa Organisation by the international cock manager (ICCO), the buffer etock manager returned to the market for the first time eince June last year, buying 4,000 tonnes of cocos st prices in line with current physical rates. But the markst was geared up for his return, and prices stock buying could delsy any significant downturn in prices in the near-term dealers said. The international Coff Organisation cut its total export quota by 1m bags to 54.5m bags, but the cut had aiready been discounted, dealers said. Only speculators who do not watch coffee requiarly were willing to buy on the news. The cut was triggered by the fact that the iCO Indicator price was 114.74 cents a lb for January 18 - well below the 120 cents s lb level which the organisation is trying to defend.

Rubber (Mar) 9	SPOT MARKETS		
Dubrai S15.90-5.90y +0.275	Crude oil (per barral FOB)		+ or -
### T.J.(1 pm est)	Dubai	515.80-5.9	
Oil products (NWE prompt delivery per tonne CIP) + or - Premium Gascine Gas Cil \$145-147 +1.5 Heavy Fuel Cil \$71-73 Naphtha Patroleum Argus Estimates Other + or - Gold (per troy ozl-6 Silver (per troy ozl-7 Silver (per troy ozl-8 Silver (per troy oz			
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Maphitia	Gas Of		+1.5
### Pairoleum Argus Estimates Other Gold (per troy oz) Sheer (pe	Naphtha	5147-15D	+2.0
Solid (per troy oz)	Patroleum Argus Estimates		
Silver (per troy oz)	Other		+ or -
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Leed (US Producer) Nickel (theo market) 350c -5 Tin (European tree market) 23910 -20 Tin (Kura's Lumpur market) 379.5c -20 Tin (New York) 319.5c -2.0 Zinc (US Prime Western) 44.25c Cattle (New weight) 104.950 -23.85 Sheep (deed weight) 138.06p -23.85 Sheep (deed weight) 138.06p -23.85 Sheep (deed weight) 138.26p -1.09 London daily sugar (raw) 244.20w -3.00 London daily sugar (white) 224.50w -1.50 Tate and Lyle export price 2244.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) 2110.00 Tate and Lyle export price 2244.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) 2110.00 Tate and Lyle export price 238.75u +0.75 Pubber (US Dark Northern) 298.75u +0.75 Pubber (Sher) 9 67.50p -0.50 Pubber (NLR) 9 67.50p -0.50 Pubber (KL RSS No 1 Feb) 280.50m -1.50 Coconut oi (Philippines) 5380.00 -15.00 Copra (Philippines) 5380.00 -10.00 Copra (Philippines) 5380.00 -10.00 Copra (Philippines) 5380.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index Super) 5030 -0.70 Woothops (64s Super) 5030 -0.000 Teams (Color Super) 5030 -0.70 Woothops (64s Super) 5030 -0.000	Aluminium (free market)		
Nickel (free market) 350c -5	Copper (US Producer)		- 1/2
Tin (European free market) 23910 -20 Tin (New York) 319.5c -2.0 Sinc (US Pride) 42.5c -2.0 Sinc (US Prime Western) 44.25c -2.0 Cattle (New weight)† 104.950 -23.65 -1.09 Sheep (deed weight)† 138.06p -23.65 -1.09 Sheep (deed weight)† 138.06p -23.65 -1.09 Sheep (deed weight)† 138.06p -23.65 -1.09 London daily sugar (white) 5242.00w -1.50 -1.50 Tata and Lyle export price 2244.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) 2110.00 -2.00 Matze (US No. 8 yellow) 2135.00 -2.50 Matze (US Dark Northern) 298.75u +0.75 Pubber (NER) ♥ 67.50p -0.50 Coconut of (Philippines) 5280.50w -1.50 Coconut of (Philippines) 5380.00 -15.00 Copra (Philippines) 5150.00 -0.50 Copra (Philippines) 520.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.70 Woolkops (64s Super) 503p -0.50 Common (64s Super) 503p -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.70 Woolkops (64s Super) 503p -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.70 Woolkops (64s Super) 503p -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.70 Woolkops (64s Super) 503p -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 520.			-5
Tin (New York) 318.5c 2.0	Tin (European free market)		-20
Zinc (Euro. Prod. Price) S850-900 Zinc (US Prime Western) 44.25c			-20
Zinc (US Prime Western) 44.25c	Tim (New York) Time (Euro, Prod. Price)		
Sheep (deed weight)† 138.06p 23.66* Pigs (tive weight)† 83.26p -1.09* London daily sugar (raw) 2242.00w -3.00 London daily sugar (white) 2247.50w -1.50 Tate and Lyle export price 2244.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) 2110.00 2135.00 Wheet (US Dark Northern) 298.75u +0.75 Pubber (sport)* 64.00p -0.50 Pubber (sport)* 67.50p -0.50 Pubber (KL RSS No 1 Feb) 280.50w -1.50 Coconut of (Philippines)* 530.00 -15.00 Pain Of (Meleysiart)* 530.00 -10.00 Copta (Philippines)* 5150.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 50.30 Cotton "A" Index	Zinc (US Prime Western)		
Sheep (dead weight)	Cattle (live weight)†		u/c°
London daily sugar (raw) London daily sugar (raw) London daily sugar (white) S247.50w -1.50 2244.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) S247.50w -1.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) S248.50 -1.50 -2.00 Berley (English feed) S288.75u -0.75 Rusber (sport) Fusber (Fesh) Fusber (KIL RSS No 1 Feb) S288.50m -1.50 Coconut oil (Philippinea) S380.00 -15.00 -15.00 -15.00 Copra (Philippinea) S380.00 -15.00 -	Sheep (deed weight)?"		
London daily sugar (white) \$247.50w -1.50 Tate and Lyle export price \$244.50 -2.00 Berley (English sext) \$2110.00 Matze (US No. 8 yellow) \$135.00 Wheet (US Dark Northern) \$298.75u +0.75 Pubber (English \$64.00p -0.50 Pubber (Feb) \$77.5p -0.50 Pubber (Mar) \$77.5p -0.50 Pubber (Mar) \$82.50m -1.50 Coccourt oil (Philippines) \$540.00 -15.00 Paim Oil (Melaysian) \$380.00 -15.00 Copta (Philippines) \$380.00 -15.00 Copta (Philippines) \$2158.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index \$500 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index \$500			
Table and Lyfe export price 2244.50 -2.00	London daily sugar (raw)		
Barley (English feed)	London Gally Sugar (willio)		
Matze (US No. 6 yellow) 2135.00 +0.75 Wheet (US No. 6 yellow) 298.75u +0.75 Rubber (Esh) ♥ 67.75p -0.50 Rubber (Feh) ♥ 67.50p -0.50 Rubber (KL RSS No 1 Feb) 282.50m -1.50 Coconut oil (Philippines) \$540.00v -1.50 Copra (Philippines) \$490.00 -15.00 Copra (Philippines) \$380.00 -10.00 Scyabears (US) \$155.00 -0.50 Cotton 74 Index 72.00c -0.70 Wookops (64s Super) \$539 +15		P110.00	
Wheet (US Dark Normen) 598.701 -0.50	MARIE A IS NO S VARION?		
Rubber (epot) 64.00p -0.50 Rubber (Feb) 9 67.75p -0.50 Rubber (Mar) 9 67.50p -0.50 Rubber (M. RSS No 1 Feb) 290.50m -1.50 Coconut oil (Philippines) 5540.00 -30.00 Paim Oil (Philippines) 5490.00 -15.00 Copra (Philippines) 5380.00 -10.00 Copra (Philippines) 5158.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 503p -15 Woolhops (64s Super) 503p -15 Cotton "A" Index -15 Cotton "A" Inde	Wheat (US Dark Northern)	£98.75u	+0.75
Fubber (Feb) 97,75p			
Rubber (KI, RSS No 1 Feb) 280.50m -1.50	Rubber (Feb) ♥		
Coconut oil (Philippines) \$540.00 - 30.00 - 15	Rubber (Mar) V	280.50m	
Paim Of (Melaysiant)\$ 5490.00 -15.00 Copra (Philippines)\$ 5380.00 -10.00 Seyabeans (US) 5155.00 -0.50 Cotton "A" Index 72.00 -0.70 Wookops (64s Super) 503p +15			-30.00
Copra (Philippines)\$ 339.101 - 11.001 Seyabeans (US) £156.00 - 0.50 Coiton "A" Index 72.00c - 0.70 Wookops (64s Super) 503p +15	COCOURT OF (Laterblaues)A		-15.00
Soyabearis (US) 2130-000 Cotton "A" Index 72.00c -0.70 Woothops (64s Super) 503p +15	Copra (Philippines)§		
Wooltops (64s Super) 503p +15	Sovabeans (US)		
and a second property of the control	Cotton "A" Index Montens (64s Super)		
LA MILLE CHECOO CHICATON CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE	The second secon	stated, p-cer	ce/kg
		D/MH/L Y-Jan	UFOUL
Everage latetock prices. Charge from a week	Sverege latatock prices. "G	ent & CIF R	perdam
Builton market close, m-Maleysian/Singapore	& Buildon market cityse. III-M	alaysian/Sin	Dathous



Turnover: Wheat 287 (203) , Barley 52 (148) tots of 100 tonnes. EL.-3



_					_	Close	Previous	High/L	~					
		and cocc			Feb	17.87	_			- SOYA	BEANS 5,	000 bu min;	септо/60	to bushel
		vier than I			Mar	17.24	17.33 17.30	17.54 17.57	17.24 17.20		Close	Previous	: High/	Low
				ert Sugar	Apr	17.18	17.17	17.47	17,11	Jan	62460	: 622/4	627/0	
DIFFCE	S BOLVER IC	ed on tra	CO BING	Lincoln	May	17.15	17.07	17.36	17.05	Mar	629/4	630/2	634/4	615/0 622/4
		ouse buy			Jul	17.23 17.19	16,99 16,92	17.30 17.20	17.00 16.92	May	639/4	640/4	643/4	63240
				nd buying	Aug	16.98	16.85	17.00	16.92	Jul	644/6	.647/4	650/0	
		ed specul		ty. Cocoa	Sep	16.95	16.78	17.00	16.85	Seo	645/6	648/0	648/0	642/0
				Was very	Oct	17.00	16.71	16.80	16.80	Nov	84214	851/4	646/0 651/0	640/0 640/4
Chief	Court all	ver and p	TOTAL OF	Was very	Nov	16.85	15,64	16.85	16.85	Jan	640/4	657/0	856/2	648/0
remai	ned stab	te. Coppe	er prices	s slipped.	HEATE	G OIL 42	,000 US gai	is cents/	US cells	New	6 57/0	685/0	680/0	657/0
The N	Asrch co	ntract clo market, n	sed at 1	12.80c, In		Close	Previous	High/L		BOYA	REAN OIL	60,000 lbu;	cents/fb	
		land low			Feb	51.30	50,71	51.50	60.55		Close	Previous	High/L	OW
		est future			Mar	49.50	49.01	49.95	46.80	Jan	22,70	23.30	22.90	22.50
				es rose in	May	47.60 46.30	47.15 45.91	47.95	47.00	Mar	22.77	23.32	22.95	22.60
active	trading.	Commiss	sion hou	ISAS	Jun	45.75	45.06	46.75 45.70	45.85 45.00	May	22.97	23.47	23.12	22.78
accou	nted for	most of t	he buvir	ng. Cotton	34	45.90	45.01	45.50	45.23	Jul Aug	23.02	23.57 23.60	23,18	22.85
future	s closed	unchange	ed while	orange	COCOA	10 tomos	e:\$/tornes		_	Sep	22,95	23.50	23.1e 23.20	22.90 22.85
		ined sligh				Close	Previous	High/L		- Oct	22.96	23.55	28.15	22.85
					Mar	1918	1902	1923		- Jan	22.97	23.65	23.25 23.30	22.80
					May	1943	1928	1949	1899 1926			_		
					Jul	1974	1967	1977	1957	SOYAL	SEAN MEA	L 100 tone;	\$/100	
					Sep	1994	1977	1996	1978		Close	Previous	High/L	OW/
					Mar	2027	2008 2043	2026 2056	2010	Jen	186.2	182.6	188.5	
					May	2065	2068	2075	2043 2068	Mar	183.2	180.5	184.5	181.5 179.0
										May	182.4	180.0	163.7	178.5
M	V-				COFFE	"C" 37.5	00ths; cent	e/fbe		Jul	182.7	160.8	184.0	180.0
MG,	w Yo	TK				Close	Previous	High/Lo		Sep	184.0 184.0	182.0 184.0	. 186.0 185.0	180.5 182.4
										- Oct	183.7	184.0	185.5	183.0
GOLD		L; S/troy oz			Mar May	129.18 131.72	129,49 132,08	130.10 132.65	128.95 131.00	Dec	185.0	165.2	186.0	188.6
	Cioee	Previous	High/Le	DW .	Jul	134.00	134,49	134,90	134.00	Jan	185.7	187.5	185.5	196.0
Jan	477.5	476.0	477.0	477.0	Sep	136.10	136.50	136.70	135.06	MAIZE	5,000 bu 1	nin; cents/5	610 bush	
Feb	478.2	476.8	478.8	478.4	Dec	139.25	139.63 141.50	136.70	139.25		Close	Previous	High/L	
Mar Apr	480.7 484.0	479.3 482.5 .	484.7	482.2	Mar	141.30	142.50	0	ŏ	Mar	200/6	200/6	201/0	199/0
Jun:	489.5	488.2	489.7	487.5			11" 112,000			May	207/0	207/4	207/2	205/2
Aug	495.4	494.1	496.0	494.3	200						271/0	211/0	211/2	205/2 209/0 210/6
Oct	501.5 507.5	500.8 506.5	500.8 508.0	500.8 508.3		Close	Previous	High/Lo	W	Sep Dec	212/0	212/2	218/4	210/6
Dec Feb	514.1	513.0	0	0	Mar	10.18	8.45	10.20	9.63	Mar	215/4 222/4	218/0 222/6	218/0 222/4	213/6 220/6
. 40			-		May	9.94	e.35	9.95	9.42	May	225/6	226/2	226/0	224/2
					Jul -	9.71	9.27	9.77	9.42					
PLATE		y oz: \$/20y			Jan	9.74	8.24	0	0	WITEA		min; cants/f		
	Close	Previous	High/L		Mar May	9.50 e.54	9.35 9.38	9.81	9.47		Close	Previous	High/Lo	3W
Jan	490.5	489,0	492.0	490.5	arey.			•	•	Mer	328/2 327/4	327/2	390/4	325/4
Apr	497.5	498.0	500.0	490.0	COTTO	60,000;	cente/fre			. May Jul	319/0	326/8 317/0	329/2 320/4	324/6
Jul Oct	505.0 515.0	503.5 511.5	507.0 516.5	499.5 507.0				18-6-6		Sep	322/4	820/C	323/4	315/4 319/0
Jan	521.0	519.5	519.5	519.5		Close	Previous	High/Lo		Dec	332/0	330/0 -	332/4	327/0
					Mar	64.45	63.95	65.10	69.60	Mar	336/0	334/0	0	0
					May	65.15 65.25	84.27 64.40	65.69	64.30 64.50	FINE C	TTLE 40.0	100 iba; can	ts/ibs	
SELVE	5,000 tro	y oz. cents/	ach or		Oct	63.78	62.60	63.40	68.10		Close	Previous	High/Le	-
	Close	Previous	High/Lo	THY .	Dec	82.75	61.96	63.05	61,98	Feb	68.42	67.90		
Jan	669.0	667.0	0	0	Mar	63.95 64.05	63,45	64.10	63.80	Apr	69.20	89.15	68,47 69,40	67.65 68.35
Feb	670.9	666,9	ŏ	ŏ	May		63.67	0	0	Jun	68.50	68.70	68.90	68.15
Mar	674.5	672.5	681.0	669.0	CRANGE	JUNCE 1	5,000 lbs; c	ents/Ros		Aug	65.80	66.02 -	66.25	65.50
May	683.6	681.7	690.0	678.0		Close	Previous	High/Lo	w	Oct	64.75	64.90	65.20	64.65
Jul	692.5	690.6	0.898	687.0	A desc					Dec	65.26	65.50	65.50	85.25
Sep	701.1	699.2	705.5	698.D	Mar	176.75	173.90	177.00	173.90	-				
Dec	715.5 719.8	713.6	722.0	715.0	May	178.10	174.50 174.70	176.10 176.00	174.65	LIVE H	X45 30,000	ib; cents/it	36	
Mar	730.1	728,1	780.0	730.0	Seo	173.65	172.05	173.25	172.50		Close	Previous	High/Lo	w
May	740.2	738.0	0	Ö	Sep Nov	172.25	170.75	171.05	170.75	Feb	48.87	48.22		
-					Jen	165.70	166.78 166.75	167.00	166.50	Apr	45,42	45.55	48.90 45.50	48.00
	R 25 MM 8	te; cents/ib			Mar	166,70 166,70	166.75 166.75	0	0	Jun	45.42 48.72	49.05	49.10	45.02 48.55
	Ciose							•		Jul Aug	48.85 47.77	49.20 48.07 -	49.10 48.25	48.60
		Previous	High/Lo		HOLCE	3				Oct	42.25	42,75	43.30	47.50 42.05
	124.75	127.80	125.50	124.50			September	19 1004	100	Dec	43.20	43.40	43,40	43.00
	400 00	121.80	118.30	110.90	PEDIE					Feb	42.12	0	42.12	42.00
Feb	120,30	114 20			4	Jan 18	Jen 15	menth ago	yr ago	PORK B	ELLIES 38	.000 the; ce	nte/ib	
Feb Mer	112.50	114.30	101.50	97.4G									-	
Feb Mar May Jul	112.50 100.90 89.20	100.30 87.50	101.50	97.40 85.50		1760.1	1735.4	1697.6	1588.2		Cinee	Browley	Alberta C -	
Feb Mer Mey Jul Sep	112.50 100.90 89.20 84.80	100.50 87.50 83.60	101.50 90.00 85.00	85.50 81.75	DOW H					Fat	Close	Previous	High/Lo	*
Feb Mar May Jul Sep Dec	112.50 100.90 89.20 84.80 83.80	100.50 87.50 83.60 82.60	101.50 90.00 85.00 85.00	85.50 81.75 81.00	! ——	NES (Sa	se: Decemb	er 31 197	4 = 100)	Feb	56.22	58.35	59.45	<i>57.</i> 95
Jan Keb Mer Mey Jul Sep Dec Jan Mer	112.50 100.90 89.20 84.80	100.50 87.50 83.60	101.50 90.00 85.00	85.50 81.75	DOW JO	132.50	ee: Decemb			Feb Mor May				

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Pound steady but cautious

STERLING MAINTAINED its recent stability in currency markets yesterday. Its exchange rate index moved just 0.2 from the opening high of 74.8 to the day's low of 74.8 to total affect sterling sentiment which would in turn afford the outlet in turn afford the anthorities greater room for manoeuvre, when considering any possible need for higher base-rates.

Sterling improved against the dollar in 1987/88 is 159.45 to 121.35. December average 128.45. Exchange rate index 288.6 in 1987/88 is 159.45 to 121.35. December average 128.45. Exchange rate index 288.6 in Down DM2.9825. It was also lower against the dollar to \$1.7785 from \$1.7745 by an improvement in Decembrancy of ophiclos, unsettled by a possible overheating in the UK economy. Retail sales were lower than expected, while manufacturing output, released yester day fell by 0.5 p.c. in November. However, cantion remained of New York provided no surpost to the US rose by 11.8 to push the dollar either way in the morning, preferring to wait for the opening of US markets, after Monday's partial closure. However, the opening of US increased by 27.8 p.c. in 1887, imports from the closure. However, cantion remained

day fell by 0.5 p.c. in November.

However, caution remained the byword. While dealers conceded that sterling had successfully negotiated a further two hurdles, potentially the main stumbling block is the release tomorrow of UK money supply and bank lending figures.

These are not expected to be very encouraging, with the narrowly defined MO moving towards its upper limit. However the situation here remains less than clear, for as one analyst pointed out, spart from last Angust's surprise one point rise in base rates, interest rates have been increased on sterling's weakness rather than expanding money supply. Sterling is currently not weak.

•	ı	UEM	TUKK	7	٠.	1
	Jan 1	,	Latest	7		Clos

Jac 19	Latest	Previous Close
2 Spot 1 month 3 months 12 months	1,7775-1,7785 0.25-0.24pm 0.75-0.72pm 2.95-2.85pm	1,7750-1,7765 0,26-0,24pm 0,79-0,75pm 3,00-2,90pm
Forward press dollar .	uns and discussion	apply to the US
STERLII	NG INDEX	
	Ji-	29 Previous

1111

DTHER CURRENCIES

MONEY MARKETS

Pressure eases

THE CITY was left somewhat bemused about the prospects for UK interest rates after yesterday's reconomic news.

The most worrying figure was the rise in November unit labour costs, but other news on industrial production and public sector borrowing suggested fears about overheating in the economy may have been overdone. Speculation that the Bank of England will push for a rise in UK bank base rates this week tended to fade.

After looking at the general picture Mr Chris Tinker, economic news at the general picture Mr Chris Tinker, economic news.

UK clearing bank base tending rate 2% per cant from December 4

The fining rates are the artimatic and Silling under to Mentally westerday's news.

The Bank of England initially of the westerday's news.

The anney market short-wested this to \$350m at noon, and provided total help of only \$187m.

Before lunch the authorities for lunch the authorities bought \$177m bills outright, by way of \$234m bank bills in band 1 at 8% p.c.; and \$133m bank bills in band 1 at 8% p.c.; and \$133m bank bills in band 2 at 8% p.c.

The such rational form of the authorities for the such rational form of the authorities did not operate in five westerday's news.

The Bank of England initially MONEY RATES

NEW YORK (Lincktime)

Wetaniste are the artimatic and westerday's news.

The Bank of England initially to \$250m and a noon, and provided total help of only \$187m.

Before lunch the authorities for the au

mist at Phillips and Drew, sald the main pressure for a change in rates remains international He does not expect any early movement in rates, but believes the next move could be down if

movement in rates, but believes the next move could be down if there is renewed nervousness in equity markets.

On balance most City economists appear to believe base rates will move higher, but after yesterday's news and the December retail sales figures, there is no longer as much pressure.

Ms Evelyn Brodie, at Morgan Grenfell, said the PSBR in December may lead to better than expected money supply supply figures tomorrow.

Three-month interbank was tificates by 0.10 p.c. to 8.45 p.c. In Frankfart call money was steady at 3.20 p.c., as the domestle money market remained well supplied with liquidity, following recent foreign exchange intervention by the West German Bundesbank. Doubts about future liquidity levels encouraged the Bundesbank to offer a securities repurchase tender running for only 14 days, against the usual 28 days, according to dealers. The result of the tender, at an unchanged fixed rate of 3.25 p.c., will be announced today.

January 28. If bad, these could affect sterling sentiment which would in turn, afford the authorities greater room for manoeuvre, when considering any possible read for higher base-rates.

Sterling improved against the dollar to \$1.7785 from \$1.7745 but eased marginally in terms of the D-Mark to DM2.9800 from DM2.9825. It was also lower against the yen at Y228.75 from Y230.75. Elsewhere it finished at SFr2.4275 from SFr2.4325 and FFr10.0475 from SFr2.4325 and FFr10.0476 from SFr2.4325 and FFr10.0476 from SFr2.4325 and FFr10.0476 from SFr2.4325 and FFr10.0476 from Sfr.24325 and Ffr10.0476 from Sfr.24

EMC CHOODEAN CHODENEY CHAT BANK

7.7	Ecu control rates	Carrency amounts egalest Eco Jac.39	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Disergence limit %
elpher Franc erose O-Mark rench Franc outh Colider ith Punt attac Lira	42.4582 7.85212 2.05653 6.90403 2.31943 0.768411 1483.48	43,1803 7,92604 2,06746 6,97036 2,37243 0,777187 1,516,84	+1.70 +0.94 +0.45 +0.96 +0.13 +1.14 +2.24	+0.95 +0.19 +0.32 +0.21 +0.21 +0.39 +1.95	21.5344 21.5404 21.0981 21.3674 21.5012 21.6684 24.0752
haryes are for Eco, the distingut calculated by	refore positive du Financial Times.	inge denotes a we	ak currency		

DOLLAR SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

0.75-0.72 pm 0.43-0.35 pm 0.45-0.49 pm 1.54-1.35 pm 2.30-2.80 pm 2.30-2.80 pm 2.50-3.80 pm 1.50-1.20 pm 1.50-2.20 pm 1.55-1.60 pm

POUND SPOT- FORWARD AGAINST THE POUND Close

0.25-0.22pm 0.01-0.09cm 11-1.cm 20-2cps 5pm-leneth 10.05pm-pm 15-11-pm 119-262cm 72-101cm 129-262cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 14-5cm 1.99 -0.26 4.48 -0.20 -0.32 -5.76 -5.14 -1.65 -5.15 -0.91 -0

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CURRENCY FUTURES EXCHANGE CROSS RATES DM Yes FAL SAL HAL Lin CS SAL e 1 1.779 2.980 229.0 10.05 2.63 3.35 2188 2.288 62.38 5 0.562 1 1.675 128.7 5.449 1.366 1.883 1230 1.296 35.05

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Yen per 1,000: French Fr. per 10: Lies per 1,000: Beigins Fr. per 100.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING C11.00 a.m. Jan199 3 months US dollars

LONDON MONEY RATES

Chift Artenion measure							
In Brussels the Belgian National Bank cut the interest	9 [104	Overpight.	7 days. antice	One Month	Three Meaths	Six Ploates	One Year
rate on one-month; two-month; and three-month Treasury cer-	Intertenk Offer	74	82	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	3000	32822	498.94
tificates by 0.10 p.c. to 8.45 p.c.	Sterilas CDs. Local Authority Deps	8	570	6 5	3	4	9.
In Frankfart call money was	Local Authority Boads Discount Mix Deps	81 ₂	8			-	-
steady at 3.20 p.c., as the	Company Deposits	82	85	. 84 85	28	뢇	92
domestle money market remained well supplied with	Treasury Bills (Bay)	-	-	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		-
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eign exchange intervention by	SDR Lieled Dep Offer	:		7.0 50	7,10	64	7,70 65 65
the West German Bundesbank.	SDR Linked Dep Bid ECU Linked Dep Offer	:		3	esses flowers	333	93
Doubts about future liquidity levels encouraged the Bundes-	ECU Listed Dep Bid	-		4		96	62
bank to offer a securities repur-	Trengury Bills (sell); per cent; three months B	and-month &	per cent; the	ee menths (5)	per cent; But	uk Billis (sell): 	one-month 84). • ECGO Flank
chase tender running for only	Rate Sterling Export Flor February 23 , 1988, Sch	auce. Make ur	der Decembe	r 31 . 1987. <i>1</i>	lacered takes in	المنظر إنوادي د	L 60 1,400 m
14 days, against the usual 28	1007 to Percentur47 1	987. Salama	IV: 8.830 a.c.	Lacal Author	de and Financ	≠ Hencec code	A 6265 DOGGE,
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FINANCIAL FUTURES

Little reaction to UK news A RISE of 2.4 p.c. in year on essarily point to a slow down in were of a cyclical

A RISE of 2.4 p.c. in year on year UK unit labour costs in November provided the main worry for financial markets Hannah, economist at County yesterday. Ms Evelyn Brodie, Senior UK economist at Morgan Granfell, suggested that productivity gains could not be expected to keep pace with the rise in wage rises, but that the rise in wage rises, but that the first impact from the October news on industrial production and the Public Sector Borrowing Bequirement probably and Drew, agrees there may

was slightly disappointing, according to Ms Brodie, but manufacturing production still appears to be growing at a healthy rate, and does not nec-LIFFE LONG GILT FUTURES OPTIONS

LONDON

Close 94.1B

94.16 94.29

Close High Low Pres, 175,60 179,30 175,30 180,20 179,10 183,70

Close High Low Pres. 1.7675 - 1.7654 1.7600 - 1.7572 1.7520 1.7520 1.7520 1.7495

Est. Vol. (linc. figs. not stenue) 5197(3975) Previous day's open int. 27922 (27958)

defers any need to increase UK have been a slow down in bank base rates.

The fall in industrial output third quarter of last year, but regards the economy as still relatively strong. He viewed the figures as quite acceptable, including the rise in labour costs, which Mr Tinker said

should have been expected. Mr Hannah believes the Chan cellor still has scope for tax cuts, bot Mr Nick Parsons, at Union Discount, suggests the Chancellor may not now have as much to give away. At the same time he thinks yesterday's figures have taken off the pressure for an immediate rise in bank base rates, but noted there was no reaction from the

were of a cyclical nature, and

there was no reaction from the futures market, where short sterling failed to react.

March three-month sterling deposits eased to 90.79 from 90.81 on Liffe. Long term gilt futures were also weaker, falling to 118-05 for March delivery, from 118-29.

LIFFE US TREASURY DOND FUTURES OFTIONS LEFFE FT-SE 100 INDEX FUTURES OPTIONS Petti-s Jan 0.00 0.00 0.03 Feb 21.22 16.87 12.95

Dec 1.77 1.57 1.38 1.20 1.03 0.87 0.73 CHICAGO

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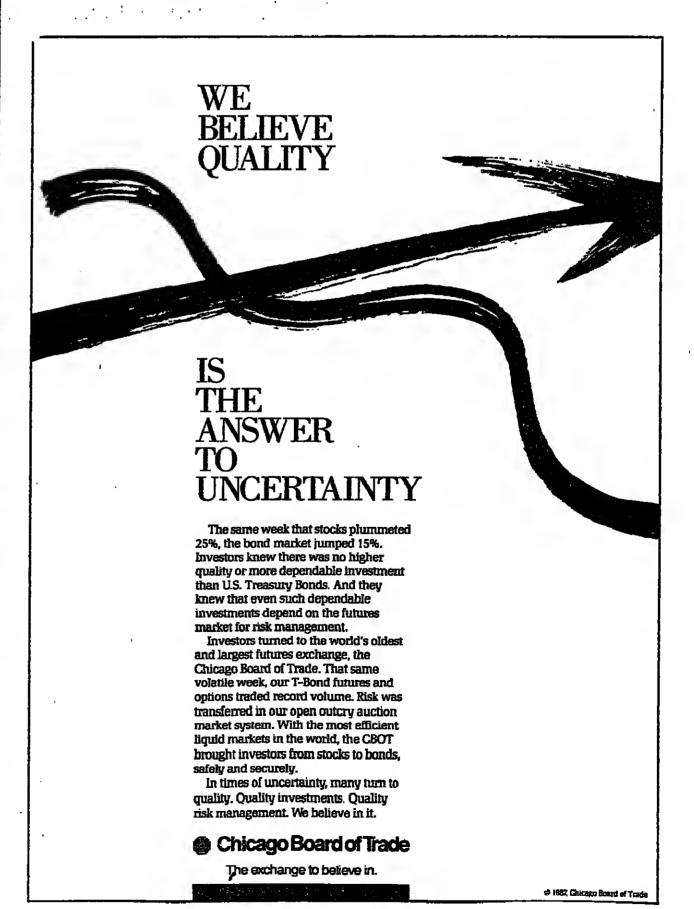
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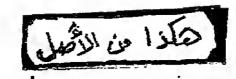
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FT 30 FTSE 100 Jan, 1411/1423 - 22 Jan, 1954/1966 - 28 Mar. 1415/1427 - 23 MaMar. 1795/1766 - 6-28

Prices taken at 5pm and change is from previous close at 9pm

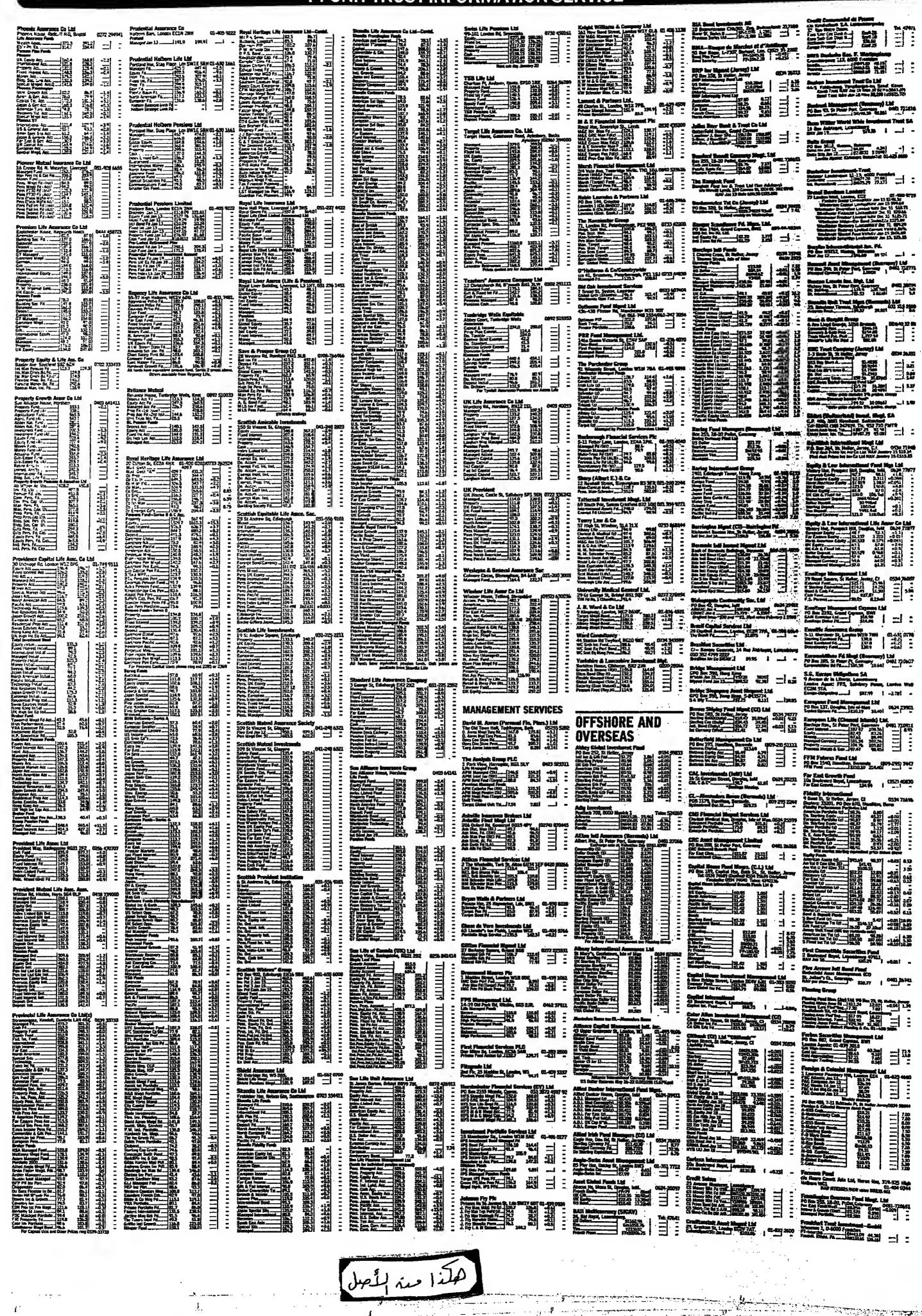


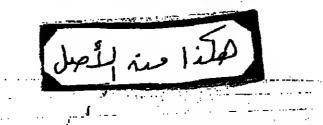


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INFLUENTIAL NEWSPAPERS Independent consultancy and broking services for UK and international media JOHN LAWTON FINANCIAL COMMUNICATIONS 16 Hatton Garden, London EC1N 8AT Tel: 01-404 4812 Fax 01-831 9186 Telex: 896462	Asian 25 Feb. 1 20 Feb. 2
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pered round the bush (5) 22 This individual requires a fee by the month (8) 24 It's freezing here in French New Guinea (5) 25 Ideal person to put up English clergyman? (7) 27 Intelligent person will admit it may be the state we're in (7) 28 Match point gone — it showed lack of character (12) DOWN 2 It peels off to reveal a letter ending to prayer in New Testament (8) A Night and tuck? (4)	## Service 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1

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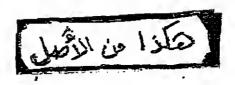
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40	LONDON SHARE SERVICE	Financial Times Wednesday January 20 1988
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LONDON SHARE SERVICE

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185 83 Sellineth Group Sq. 115 142 24 5.0 11.0 21.1	26	185 Secretary lawer & Da. 195 10c 0.28	Eastern Rand	NOTES Unites principles indicated, prices and net dividends are in pence and demonstrations are 25p. Estimated price/earnings ratios and covers are based on latest annual reports and accounts and where possible, are updated on half-yearly figures. P/Es are calculated on "net" distribution basis, earnings per share being computed on profit after languistic and unrelieved ALT where amplicable; bracketed fligares indicate 10 per cent or more difference in calculated on "net" distribution. Covers are based on "wandinger" distribution; this compares pross dividend costs to profit after Location, exclusions exceptional profits/losses but including estimated extent of distribution; this compares pross dividend costs to profit after Location, exclusions exceptional profits/losses but including estimated extent of distribution; this exceptional profits/losses to middle prices, are gross, adjusted to ACT of Z7 per cent and allow for value of declared distribution and rights. **Highs, and lows marked thus have been adjusted to allow for rights issues for cash interim since forceased or resumed interim since forceased or resumed to some since forceased or resumed. **Transfer for the processed of the ferered to difficulty UK (lasted; dealings permitted under rule 535(4)(a) Programs or report awanted **United States of the programs of the program of subjected to same degree of regulations as listed securities.
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Account Dealing Dates Las: Account First Declarations Dealings Jan Jan S Jan 21 Jan 22 Day Jan 18 Feb 1 Jan 25 Feb 4 Feb 5 New time dealings may take place am two business days carrier.

THE UK SECURITIES markets turned in a dismal performance yesterday after the disciosure of the latest monthly surplus on dapan US trade re-awakened netvousness even prospects for the dollar. Equities fell sharply on the expediation of a poor opening on Wall Street but closed above the worst levels. Profit-taking in Government bonds intensified towards the close as Dr Henry Kaufman, the departing economics guru at Salomon Bres, the US securities and banking firm, was believed to have warned a London seminar that interest rates could soon head upwards.

Statistics on the domestic economy continued to discournge the equity market. Novem-ber falls of 0.5 per cent in UK manufacturing output and of 0.35 per cent in industrial output gave fresh indication of a sluggish economy. However, the unnouncement of a Public Sec-tor Borrowing Requirement of

2248m for December had little impact on Gilts. The FT-SE 100 Index closed 22 down at 1765, having rallied 22 down at 1765, having ramed from a mid-session level of the top when, as so the top when t

The fall in the equity sector, while not of great proportion by recent standards, was accompanied by bearish noises from the marketpiace. The surplus on Japan's trade with the US east a shadow ahead of the US trace figures for December, due in about three weeks. And, on the domestic front, the City is cautious ahead of the Government White Paper on Expenditure, expected today, and the latest UK money supply statistics due comorrow.

cs due tomorrow.

The lack of turnover appears of indicate the absence of buyto indicate the absence of buying support from the institutions, according to Mr Michael Howell of Salomon Bros. The US securities firm has monitored cash inputs to the London market since the turn of the year, and calculates the daily average at only \$10m - barely one tenth of bull market levels.

Losses were well scattered among the international favourites. Shell,IC1,Glaxo and Unilever all closed well on the downside, although none of these major names suffered any significant selling pressure.

The leading oil stocks had a quieter session as speculative interest switched to some of the second-liners. Financial stocks were easier as bearish comment from brokerage houses suggested that fresh loan provisions will hit the earnings fig-

Widespread falls in equities as cautious mood erament bonds over the past week brought in profit-taking

brings easier trend in Gilts

	F	NAN	CIAL	TIME	S STO	CK IN	DICES				during the last stakes of the blo for Distillers exerted downward pressures and the shares fell 10
	Jan.	Jan	Jan.	,Jan.	Jan.	Year		7/88		aubyarros	to 297p.
	19	18	15	14	13	Ago	High	LZYer	High	104	Matthew Clark, the wine and spirit distributor, which has
Government Secs	88.19	88.45	87.96	87.56	86.97	85.53	93,32	83.73 119/10/87)	127.4	49.18	been under a cloud since the contested battle for the French
Fraced Interest	94.44	94,42	94.55	94.44	91.46	91.65	99.12 (1516/87)	90.23 (2/1/67)	105.4	50.53 (3/1/75)	Martell group, enjoyed slightly brighter conditions. Profits for
Ordinary ¶	1423.0	1440.1	1436.7	1398.7	1391.1	1399.0	1926.2 (16/7/87)	1232.0 (9/11/87)	1925.2	49,4 (26/6/40)	the half-year of \$2.9m were
Gold Mines	284.1	283.4	294.5	284.1	286.1	335.4	497.5	(P/17/82)	754.7 (15/2/831	43.5 (26/10/71)	higher than anticipated but the major prop was the chairman's
Ord Dis Vield	4.39	4.33	4.33	4.45	4.48	4.09		S.E AC	TIVITY		accompanying statement. He said "until ownership of Martel
Earnings Yist Sidfell)	10.99	10.85	10.83	11.14	11,21	9.59		edices	Jan.18	Jan.15	has been resolved, it is not pos-
P/E Ratio (pet)(*1	21.25	11.30	11.32	11.00	10.93	12.78		Bergains	138.5	138.6 173.3	sible to state what the eventual arrangements for the distribu-
SEAQ Bargains (5pm)	23,749	29,870	27,832	20,191	20,826	38,294	Equity Valo		2003.9	2208.0	tion of the brand will be. What
Equity Tornover (Em)		991.43	1092.37	990.56	858.29	1244.47	5-Day avera	ge	125.9	120.7	ever the outcome, the Matthew
Equity Sargants	-	31,655 436.3	26,753 43L8	21,104 314.2	22,624 373.8	50,127 462,9	Envity Barg	2 alas	165.1)64B	Clark group is a broadly based business and the directors are
310FE) 1780FE CHII7 :		*36.3	431.6	3142	3/15	402.7	Equity Valo	·	1931.5	1932.6	confident of continued growth
♥ Opening 10 a		11 a.m		p.m.	1 p.r		2 p.m.	3 p.m.		p.m.	in the future". In reply the chares edged away from the
1431.0	3.8	1427.9	1 14	126.2	1425	3	1423.9	1416.	0 14	19.7	recent 1987/88 low to close 6 firmer at 3380.
Basis 100 Gost,	Sect 15/1	_	High 1			low 14:		alto 1974 o	MU-11 04		Interest in the Building sector failed to expand from the
								, = //-3			recent low levels. Among the
LONDON	REPOR	T AND	LATE	ST SH	ARE II	NDEX:	TEL O	L-0898 :	123001		occasional movements, Beliway firmed 3 to 214p in response to

252p and the "new" 11/2 to 75p. Ultramar eased a couple of pence to 215p but dealers said there was little in the way of selling pressure after the heavy buying interest of recent days. Profit-taking lowered Enter-prise 7 to 284p and LASMO

dropped 8 to 313p.

Activity in Pilkington, the St Helens based glass company, fell away further as recent speculation that BTR may make speculation that BTR may make a 150p.

Bank shares retreated with Rank a notable weak began to wane.

A number of market commentators are taking the view that BTR is unlikely to return to the fray and the Pilkington share price drifted back to close 8 down at 240p in a volume of around 3.3m shares. This compares with 4.3m on Monday and around 10m last Friday - but some traders in the stock are

not wholly convinced.

Cable & Wireless were a particularly weak market in the electricals sector and closed a net 12 lower at 363p after a turnover of 4m shares

The downturn followed a recommendation by Mark Loveland's electronics team at Warburg Securities for clients to "reduce" their holdings in the stock. C & W have outperformed by 9.5 per cent over the month, Warburgs say, and "Can only underperform from here". National Home Loans, the quoted mortgage loans investment group, weakened after the

with inetitutional and other investors but, under the terms of an open offer, they will first be made available to shareholders and loan stockholders at shareholders approval.
National Home Loans existing ordinary shares closed 8 down group, became a prime target

Barclays Bank a notable weak spot and finally 11 off at 488p following market rumours that the bank is about to launch a \$1.2 bn bid for Irving Bank Corp of the US currently under seige from Bank of New York. Lloyds remained very active and dipped back 9 to 253p as the recent buying interest dried up. NatWest were a steady market, however, and settled 4

higher at 598p. TSB were unsettled by a "sell" recommendation by Kleinwort Grieveson whose Norrie Morrison and Graham Moyse say "It is difficult to see any earnings growth next year in fact we are forecasting a fall in earnings per share from 14.9p to 14.5p". Standard Chartered lost 10 to 510p despite the Bank of England statement on the Lloyds bld.

Life assurances were mostly easier except for Snn Life which rose 10 more to 983p on the recent good new life figures. Composites showed Sun Alliance still buffeted by the

new Convertible preference recent downgradings and shares of £1 each at par. These have been conditionally placed Robinson Gardener hardened to 154p but the excitement remained in Hogg Robinson Travel which jumped 15 more to 265p, after 276p amid stories that TSB could well renew its bid for the company from Feb-

> group, became a prime target for a bid or demerger when attention was drawn to its undoubted break-up appeal. Considerable interest was aroused with persistent demand for the shares leading to a squeeze on market supplies of stock, a situation reflected in the share price rise of 17 to turned to Wolverhampton & Dudley, up 9 at 375p. as a second choice while a light demand took Young & Co. "A" higher

Leading Brewers hovered around the overnight positions with the exception of Guin-ness. Commencement of the legal action by Guinness asking the High Court to overturn a Drugstores, valuing the latter Takeover Panel ruling made at £13m; dealers and analysts

agreed the deal looked good for both parties given the disap-pointing profits released by Tip

Second-line electricals contained numerous features, nota-bly Eurotherm which settled 7 ressures and the shares fell 10 pirit distributor, which has een under a cloud since the ontested battle for the French soared to 79p on the bid at 317p, while B.C.Cook, which approach from Blick- conditional on Multitone board approval but dipped back to close only 4 up at 67p after the rejection of the offer by the Multitone heart Multito lartell group, enjoyed slightly righter conditions. Profits for he half-year of \$2.9m were gher than anticipated but the

ngner than anticipated but the najor prop was the chairman's occompanying statement. He aid "until ownership of Martell as been resolved, it is not posis oven resolved, it is not pus-ible to state what the eventual rrangements for the distribu-ion of the brand will be. What-ver the outcome, the Matthew switch into Tesco or other food retailers. A fair trade built upover 4m shares were traded but with sellers having the edge the ASDA price eased 2½ to 170p. Tate & Lyle encountered ver the outcome, the matthew lark group is a broadly based susiness and the directors are onfident of continued growth in the future". In reply the hares edged away from the ecent 1987/88 low to close 6 increases 3380. profit-taking and gave up 13 at 774p but speculative demand helped FII-Fyffes rise 5 to 93p.
Trusthouse Forte were afforded only a "hold" recommendation following assessment of the profits of the profi irmer at 338p.
Interest in the Building sector ailed to expand from the ecent low levels. Among the ccasional movements, Beliway ment of the previous day's pre-liminary statement, but the shares enjoyed a two-way pull which left the shares fraction-ally harder on balance at 219p. firmed 3 to 214p in response to the company's report of a dramatic increase in house sale activity in the North of England. Steetley held firm at

passed another drab trading session. Losses, however, were assisted John Mowlem which firmed a few pence to 381p. Among Chemicala, ICI remained a friendless market usually modest despite the lack of a firm lead from Wall Street in the early dealings yester-day.Beecham were one of the hardest hit atocks, closing 8 cheaper at 460p in response to a sell recommendation from Salomon Brothers, the interna-tional securities house. Hanson drifted back 44 to 1384p in a volume of some 7m shares fol-

shares with a large selling order said to have been well lowing the annual meeting while Glazo closed % lower at absorbed at the lower level of \$104 Elsewhere, Jacksons Bourne around 177p before sustained buying interest brought the End featured a jump of 31 at • For Settlement May 3
460p in the wake of the bid for For rate indications see end of
the minority at 445p per share

London Share Service share price back up to 180p – a net fall of a penny. Other leading stores were left with marginal losses over the session. Woolworths lost 6 to 254p from Select Country Hotels. Select proposes to keep the list-ing of JBE and Mr. J. Gulliver after announcing an agreed 110p a share bid for Tip Top will be appointed to the board as non-executive chairman. Among the anti/Aids stocks, Wellcome reacted 8 to 392p and London International a similar amount too 282p. Pearson reacted 15 to 728p as News Corporation formally stated

ing in Pearson above 25 per cent or making an offer for the company. Rank Organization firmed a few pence more in anticipation of the preliminary figures expected shortly. The good run in Lucas Indus-

tries was reversed as sellers, probably profit-takers, became more active and the close was 14 lower at 610p. Other Motor tained numerous features, notably Eurotherm which settled 7 laguar casing 9 to 333p and after the preliminary profits Recently. Strong Lex Service optimistic forecasts. Maittane was another casualty, down 7 soured to 78p on the bid approach from Blick- condi-

close only 4 up at 67p after the rejection of the offer by the Multitone board. More than doubled profits lifted Electron House 13 to 138p.

ASDA-MFI suffered as analysts took a negative view of splash of colour, rising 13 to prospects after Monday's first-half results and advised a profits plus a full-year dividend switch into Tesco or other food

Courtsulds was among the many bine chip issues to be affected by currency influences. After a relatively quiet trade, the shares ended 9 off at 342p, while Dawson International slipped 5 to 209p and Lamont eased back 5 to 204p. Most investment Trusts went lower as the underlying securineous Financials resisted the trend. Revived expansion hopes lifted AC Holdings 13 to 386p London Merchant Securities 5 Volume totalled 5.3m shares.

Hard Book International to 335p and fund management rebounded after Monday's setback to end 14 np at 108p.

The major internationals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals and deals another deals another deals another deals another dea

Close followers of Overseas Traders descended on Inchespe following recommendations recently from a couple of investment houses and the shares bucked the trend with a rise of 13 to 649p. Elsewhere, demand in a restricted market raised REA Holdings 14 :0

Traditional Options

• First dealings Jan 18 • Last dealings Jan 29 • Last declarations Apr 21

A relatively lively interest developed in the Traditional option market. Stocks dealt 10 for the call included Theme Holdings, Amalgamated Financial Investments. Pavion, Inococ, Plysn, Osso-roy Estates, AFI, Pressac, Joseph Webb, British Petroleum new, Ragalan Property, Ferranti and Ashley Industhat it had no present intention trial Trust. No put of increasing its aggregate hold-options were reported. trial Trast. No put or double

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

Esterprise (N) 120
Fiscos 1100
Gen. Accident 223
Gen. Estet 5,300
Glano 1,300

res due next month. The gains chalked up by Gov 454p. BP "old" dipped 5 to proposal to raise around \$97m net via the issue of some 100m FT - ACTUARIES INDICES

sellers as the market began to shy away ahead of the UK

money supply statistics. The

PSBR figure was not too far from market estimates, and thus had little direct impact.

Some houses, however, had hoped for a zero PSBR figure.

at first met by some retail buy-ing, which led to a healthy

(we way trade for most of the day. Demand was sufficient to

draw off some of the two new

which were offered at the market opening.
Most of the £150m 915 per cent Conversion '05 was taken up after the bank responded to

tranchettes from the Bank.

tenders by selling stock at 99% and then at 99%. The \$300m of

Treasury 8 per cent 92 attracted less attention but was

There was a sell-off in late dealings when US bonds stumbled, and net losses of 14 were

marked throughout the range by the end of the day.

Index-linked had an erratic

session, moving up sharply at first despite this week's indica-tions of reduced Inflationary

selling of IL issues, which ended with net gains of only 1/2

or so.

Calor Group wrested from

Britoil, BP, Enterprise et al, the accolade of dominating attention in the oil sector, after dis-

elosure of a complicated deal with Dutch group SHV and Car-less Capel. Calor Group shares and those of Carless Capel were

barely traded first thing as

word of the proposed deal went

to close a net 40 up at 530p.Ca-

pel began at 114p but ended the session 8th higher on bal-

ance at 114p.

After the various angles of

the deal had been untangled a

leading analyst in the oil sector said " After a long hard look,

said " After a long hard look, this is good for Calor, but I'm less enthusiastic as far as Car-

Other oil and gas shares were

upset by the general retreat by

equities but tended to close

above the lows as oil pricesres-

ponded to a denial by the UAE oil ministry that It had been

offering discounts to Japanese

customers.
Reports that an encouraging

oil strike on block 9/23b could

when the Britoil defence docu-

ment is issued failed to sustain

well be announced this week or

less are concerned"

After the terms of the deal

Traders said that sellers were

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actua

	EQUITY (Tues	day Jan	Jan 18	Fri Jan 15	Jan 14	(approx.			
FI	& SUB-Si gures la parenthes stocks per	es show :		f Index No.	Day's Chang		Gross Div. Ylek?% (Act at (27%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Net)	nd adj. 1988 to date	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.
1	CAPITAL GOODS	(208)		743.4				12.96	0.15	749.53		731.61	
2	Building Material Contracting, Contracting	15 (30)	(33)	9821				12.40	0.43	991.68		961.68	
4	Electricals (12)							14.19	0.00	2062.15		1998.43	
5	Electronics (32)			1530.0				12.51	0.00	1540.24		1524.90	
6	Mechanical Engir	neering (571				4.29	13.00	0.14	387.36			
8	Metals and Meta							12.61	0.00	454.18			
9	Motors (15) Other Industrial I			1261				20.74 14.37	0.00	284.28 1273.68		273.34	291.87 1281.21
21	CONSUMER GR							14.86	0.28	1043.82			1009.03
2	Brewers and Din							11.22	0.02	990.13			
25	Food Manufactur			844.	2 -1.	0 9.32	3.82	14.06	1.86	853.23		837.93	
26	Food Retailing (2079		7.75		17.15	0.00	2978,46			
27	Health and House		ducts (10) 1780. 1179.				18.10	0.00	1897.61 1183.22		1743.49 1151.64	
31	Packaging & Pap							15.47	0.24	503.71			
2	Publishing & Prin							19.45	3.39	3494.24			
34	Stores (35)			334.1	5 -0.	9.03	3.63	24.86	0.83	139.35	234.36	827.02	284.05
35	Textiles (17) OTHER GROUPS	100		591				10.40	0.00	606.35			
Ю								11.85 19.57	0.03	888.35 1123.47			867.87 1194.77
11 12	Agencies (19) Chemicals (20)			2109.: 1877.				12.96	0.14	1160.48			
43	Conglomerates ()	13)		1173				11.36	0.00	1197.47			1179.12
15	Shipping and Tra	insport (1	1)	1819.6		-,		14.26	0.00	1839,72		1784.54	1663.24
17	Telephone Netwo	xks (2)		925.4				11.44	0.00	938.08	923.91	896.00	
8	Miscellaneous (2						-	9.21	9.00	1180.05			1285.34
9	INDUSTRIAL 61							13.42	0.17	936.20	_	911.96	_
1	OII & Gas (15)			1715	2 -1	6 9.69	5.74	12.73		1743.29		2699.86	
9	500 SHARE IND				4 -1.	1 9.43	4.09	13.31	0.16	1004,60	1001.22	978.74	973.90
1	FINANCIAL GRE						4.80	-	6.11	660.64			652.19
2	Banks (8)			668.6				6.67	0.00	673.01		458.46	
5	Insurance (Life) (Insurance (Compo	(8)		977.6 507.3			4.71 5.43	-	0.00	985.91 575.10		956.63 504.63	
6	Insurance (Complete)	rs) (8)		926.1				10.68	0.00	938.28		928.57	1206.3
8	Merchant Banks					-	4.84		8.00	353.19			
9	Property (521			986.3				23.98	8.10	998.49		981.50	833.19
o	Other Financial (301		393.4	_		_	13.58	0.64	398.68		395.46	
7	(nvestment Trust	s (86)		831.1			3.06	11.10	0.32 0.08	843,48 455,41	836.11 453.40	818.69 455.41	912.68 374.24
11	Mining Finance (Overseas Traders							12.60	0.00	1022.57		991.34	820.56
7	ALL-SHARE IN			902.5			417		0.15	912.60	909.36	890.22	887.75
-	ACCUPATION IN		1	lodex			Day's	Jan	See	Jan	Jan	Jan	Year
-	FT-SE 100 SHA	RE INDE	X 4	No.	Change	e High	Low	18	15	1743.4	13	12	290 1778.9
-						1	AVER	AGE GRO	SS	T	Tae	Mon	Year
	FI)	(ED I	NTE	REST			REDE	MPTION	YIELD\$		Jan 19	Jan 18	(approx
	PRICE	Tue	Day's	Mon	xd adj.	xd adj. 1988		Coverage	nt 5 years	T	8.98	8.94	9.44
	HOICES	Jan 19	change %	Jan 18	today	1988 (2 Couper	6	15 years		9.51	9.48	9.81
_		 	70	 +	-	W COAR	31		25 years.		9.33	9.28	9.81
	British Government	ļ					4 Medies		5 years	 -	9.61	9.56	10.36 10.05
- 1	E uage	122.13	-8.89	122.49	0.25	1.68	5 Compos	5	15 years. 25 years.		9.52	9.48	9.88
1	5 years		-0.17	138.05	- 1	0.62	7 High		5 years		9.73	9.65	10.45
	5-15 years	137.81			_ 1	9.00	8 Couper	5	15 years		9.86	9.81	10.22
	-	137.81	-0.38	147.40	_ ,		9		25 years		1		
2	5-15 years Over 15 years	146.84			_	0.00			en Jeme		9.56	9.50	
3	5-15 years Over 15 years Irredeemables	146.84 161.14	-0.71	162.30	-	0.00	10 irredec	eables	جسور ت		9.35	9.50 9.28	
3	5-15 years Over 15 years Irredeemables All stocks	146.84	-0.71			0.68	LO irredec	inted			9.35	9.28	9.75
3 4 5	5-15 years	146.84 161.14 135.08	-0.71 -0.19	162.30 135.42	0.09	0.68	LO irredec Index-I	inted a rate 5%		Syrs.	9.35 2.53	9.28 2.56	9.75 3.62
3 4 5	5-15 years	146.84 161.14 135.08 124.10	-0.71 -0.19 +0.10	162.30 135.42 123.98	0.09	0.68	intex-l Inflatio Inflatio	inhed a rate 5% a rate 5%	Ove	5 ms.	9.35 2.53 4.10	9.28 2.56 4.68	9.75 3.62 3.74
2 3 4 5	5-15 years	146.84 161.14 135.08 124.10 112.19	-0.71 -0.19 +0.10 -0.14	162.30 135.42 123.98 112.35	0.09	0.68 0.00 0.36	intex-l infex-l inflatio inflatio	inhed a rate 5% a rate 5% a rate 10%	Ove	5 ms	9.35 2.53 4.10 1.54	9.28 2.56	9.75 3.62 3.74 1.97
2 3 4 5	5-15 years	146.84 161.14 135.08 124.10	-0.71 -0.19 +0.10	162.30 135.42 123.98	0.09	0.68 8.00 9.36 0.33	intes- inflatio inflatio inflatio inflatio inflatio inflatio	inhed o rate 5% o rate 5% o rate 107 o rate 107	Gve	5 yrs. 5 yrs. 5 yrs.	9.35 2.53 4.10 1.54 3.92	9.28 2.56 4.08 1.57 3.91	9.75 3.62 3.74 1.97 3.57
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	5-15 years	146.84 161.14 135.08 124.10 112.19 113.00	-0.71 -0.19 +0.10 -0.14 -0.12	162.30 135.42 123.98 112.35 113.14	- - - -	0.68 6.00 0.36 0.33	intex-l inflatio 12 inflatio 13 inflatio 14 inflatio 15 Bets 4	inhed o rate 5% o rate 5% o rate 107 o rate 107	Que	5 yrs. 5 yrs. 5 yrs.	9.35 4.10 1.54 3.92	9.28 2.56 4.98 1.57 3.91	9.75 3.62 3.74 1.97 3.57
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	5-15 years	146.84 161.14 135.08 124.10 112.19 113.00	-0.71 -0.19 +0.10 -0.14 -0.12	162.30 135.42 123.98 112.35	0.09	0.68 8.00 0.36 0.33	intes- inflatio inflatio inflatio inflatio inflatio inflatio	inhed o rate 5% o rate 5% o rate 107 o rate 107	Gve	5 yrs. 5 yrs. 5 yrs.	9.35 2.53 4.10 1.54 3.92	9.28 2.56 4.08 1.57 3.91	9.92 9.75 3.62 3.74 1.97 3.57 10.93 10.93

n 1771.8; 1 pm 1771.0; 2 pm 1768.5; 3 pm 1759.5; 3.30 pm 1759.7; 4 pm 1764.4

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1987/88

317p helped by news of the

agreement to acquire Societe Carrieres De La Meilleraie, one

of the leading French aggregate producers for around \$25.7m cash. Acquisition news also

and drifted back in quiet trading to close % lower at £11%p.
Amersham, a recent bid
favourite, ran back 4 to 410p.
Interest in retailers was cen-

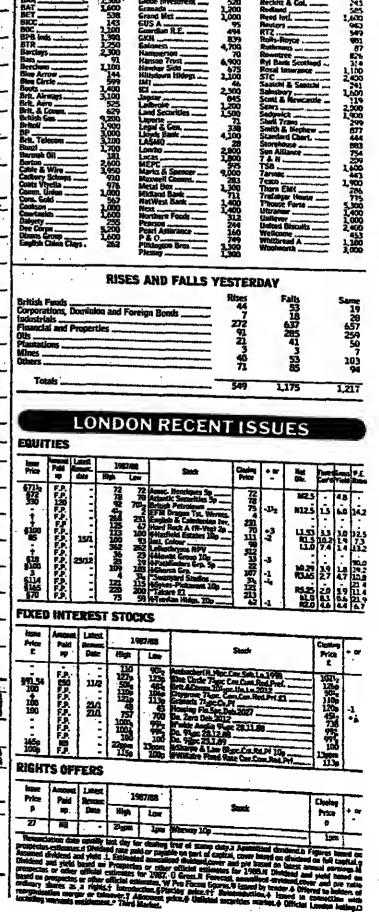
tred largely on Marks and Spencer which attracted a

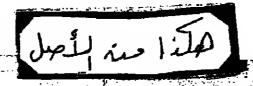
turnover of more than 7.1m

NEW INCOME (4). BRITISH FUNDS (1) Trees. 84pc Ln. "C" 1987 (250pd), AMERICANS (1) Fromerk Ind. Dobson, Dalepek Foods, PROPESTY (1)
Clayform Props, Warrants, TRUSTS (2) German Securities Warrants, Temple Bar &c.
Crv. Uns. Ln. 2002. OVERSEAS TRADERS
(3) GN Great Nordic, MINES (5) Durban
Deep, Randford'n Ests., Harmony, Emperor
Mites, Ayer Hearn, THIRD MARKET (1)Selecte. BRITISH FORDS (1) ITEMS 0-90 LIN UT 1997 (250c), AMERICANS (1) Fremerk Int., INDUSTRIALS (1) Mayne Nickless, TRUSTS (1) Fibrer & Mercamine Stepped Prof. NEW LOWS (14), AMERICANS (1) Image Storaga/Ret, Syst., ELECTRICALS (1) Rose, POODS (2) Barker

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

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1	CALLS PUTS								PUTS						CALLS					
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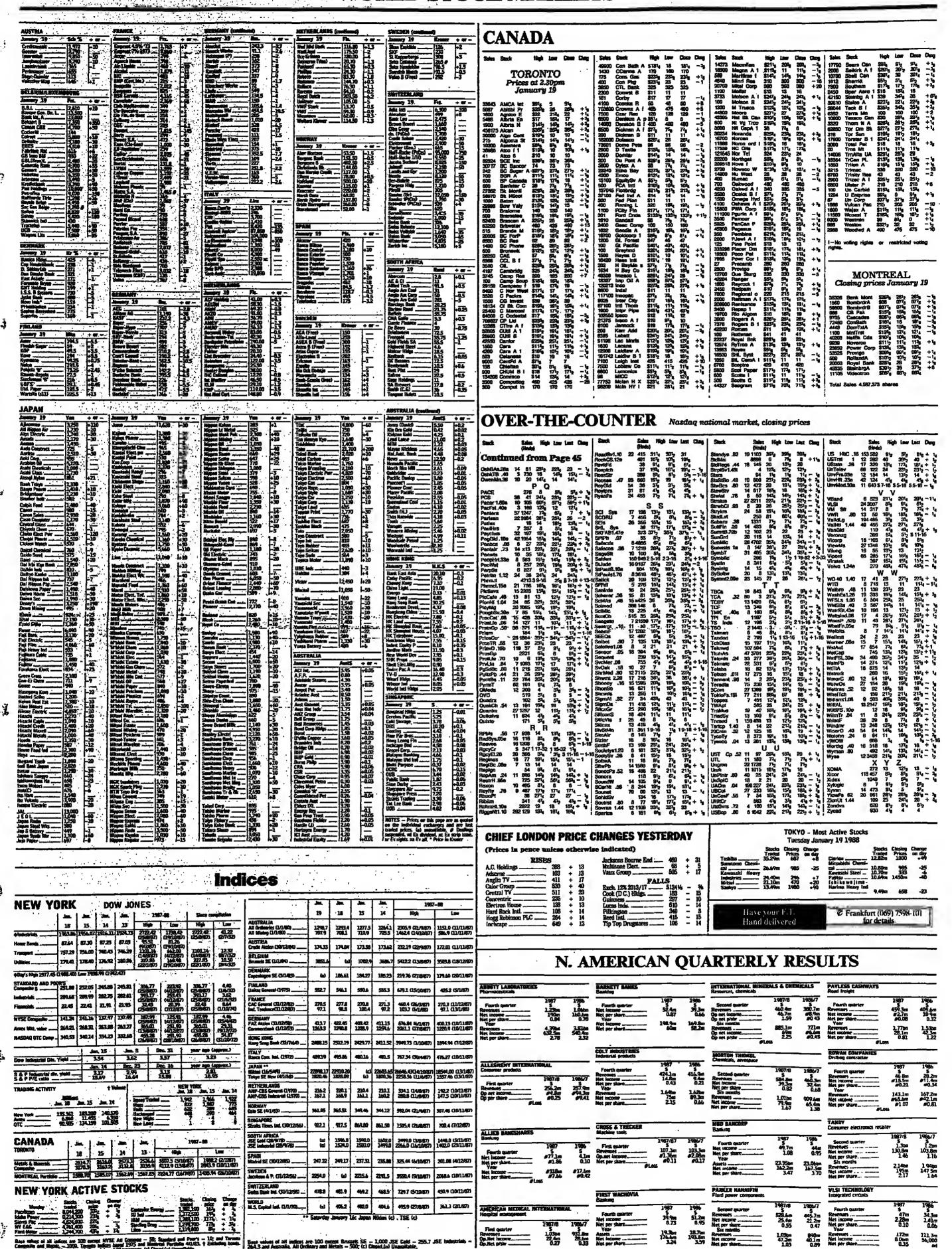




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AMERICA

Doubts on world trade imbalances undermine Dow

Wall Street

GLOBAL TRADE imbalances continued to capture the equity market's attention yesterday as desiers tried to glean information about the US trade performance in December from figures released on Japan's trade performance last month, writes Janet Bush in New York. The Japanese Finance Minis-

try announced that Japan's bilateral surplus with the US was \$4.91bn compared with \$4.74bn in December 1986.

The news immediately sent the dollar lower in Tokyo and it recorded its day's low of Y128.28 in New York before recovering to around Y128.55

in late trading.

The weaker dollar and the trade news from Japan under-mined stocks in early trading and at one point the Dow Jones Industrial Average stood nearly 26 points below Monday's close.

The index recovered some of those losses by midsession, but drifted lower in afternoon trad-After a sudden dip just before the close the Dow finished

27.52 points down on Monday's figure, at 1,936,34. Activity continued to be subdued and only about 154m shares changed hands. The US bond market

reopened after Monday's holi-day in memory of Martin Luther King.
Prices moved lower in what dealers saw as a correction after Friday's substantial gains

on the release of figures showing a sharply narrower US trade deficit in November. Bond prices were also reacting to the dollar's dip.
The Treasury's 8.875 per cent

benchmark 30-year issue closed is point lower to yield 8.81 per

Another point of interest for the bond market is tomorrow's Bundesbank press conference which will be held after the West German central bank's regular council meeting.

The Bundesbank sald the press conference would explain the council's decision on its 1988 monetary target. The US bond market will be watching that meeting carefully for any clues about current thinking within the bank on interest rate policy.

Among other economic news, Group said it planned a proxy

Among other economic news, capacity utilisation for factories, utilities and mines rose slightly to 82.1 per cent in meeting and had filed a law December compared with 82 per cent in November. However, usage in factories alone fell marginally to an adjusted 82.2 per cent last month from

82.3 per cent in November. Strong growth in manufactur-ing output recently has caused concern that companies whose capacity was cut back drasti-cally when the dollar was overvalued, may come up against capacity constraints as output recovers. However, yesterday's figures were neutral overall.

languish from a lack of institu-tional and retail investor

There has been great caution in reinvesting in the market, since last October and the 140 point fall on January 8 provided a further setback to what had seemed to be a gradual recovery in confidence.

Activity is concentrated in stocks which are the subject of takeover bids or companies which are beginning to

announce their latest results.

A number of important results were announced yester-day. International Business Machines fell steadily through-out the day and closed \$6 lower at \$111% after the company announced its fourth quarter

results.
IBM announced net earnings in the fourth quarter of \$3.47 a. share compared with \$2.28 a year earlier. Although these results were good overall, there was some disappointment in rather weak hardware sales and doubt about what some analysts regarded as the rather low tax rate the company used

In its accounting.

Mellon Bank slipped \$1/4 to PROFIT-TAKERS held sway in \$254 after its announcement of fourth quarter results. The bank said it had made a fourth quarter provision for credit losses of \$308m compared with \$99m a year ago. It made a fourth quarter loss of \$234m compared with a net profit of

\$15m a year earlier. Banc One, the Ohio-based bank holding company announced record net income of 208.9m for the year ended December 31, 1987. Fourth quarter net income was also at a record of \$66.7m. Banc One's share price closed \$\% higher at

J.P. Morgan also announced fourth quarter results, reporting net earnings of \$1.21 a share compared with \$1.02 a year earlier. Its share price slipped \$\% to \$33\%.

Sterling Drug rose \$\% to \$77\%, above Hoffman-La Roche's latest offer for the company of \$76 a share. The Swiss drug company increased its offer late on Monday from

its offer late on Monday from \$72 a share, after news that Sterling had started negotiating about a possible takeover by a

fight to elect its own board of directors at Santa Fe's annual meeting and had filed a law plan.

Canada

AS INVESTORS assessed the

December Japanese trade sur-plus with the United States, Toronto stocks closed marginalued, may come up against appacity constraints as output ecovers. However, yesterday's igures were neutral overall. The stock market continues to 3170.50.

SOUTH AFRICA

THE FIRMER financial rand pushed Johannesburg gold shares lower in listless trade as investors stood aside awaiting fresh market signals.

The steady bullion price offered no support for Vaal Reefs, which tumbled R9.50 to

R317, nor for Kloof, off R1.25 at R36.50. Randfontein was R5 cheaper at R250 and Driefon-tein closed R1 down at R37. while Freegold lost R1.50 to R35.75 and Harmony 75 cents

can slipping 50 cents to R50. Gold Fields of South Africa also gave up R1 to R55.50 after reporting a slight decline in earnings to the year ended December 31.

Other mining shares were also softer, with leading diamond stock De Beers edging 25 cents lower to end at R30.50.

Industrials finished mixed with a slightly firmer tone. News that South Africa's major commercial banks were to raise Mining financials eased in their prime rate came too late their wake, with Anglo Amerito affect trading.

George Graham in Paris examines whether a round of drinks takeovers will revive a flagging market Taste for French spirits causes headaches

FAMILY VALUES are strong in France's spirits business. Brokers searching desperntely for signs of life in n flat stock market yesterday ran intn a wall nf family boldings that put a block on the wildest takeover specu-

lations.

Two nf thn few distillers quanted on thn French stock exchange are already in the throes of takeover battles. Martell, the brandy hunse, is being fought over by the two giants of the world wine and aplrits business, Seagram and Grand Metropolitan.

politan.

Meanwhile, Bénédictine,
the producer of a liqueur
invented by Normandy.
monks in 1510, is the unwilling target of a bld from

Rémy et Associés, another family-owned brandy group. But market efforts to extrapolate from this trend and nose out other poten-tial takeover candidates have proved distinctly unrewarding. Moet Hennesseywarding. Most hemsely-Louis Vuitton may be on the lookout for a good premier cru (first growth) Bordeaux chatean, if prices comm down, but it seems unlikely to be drawn into a bourse hateln.

Pernod Bleard, best known far its anis-based drinks, is showing little sign nf life, despite its plan to buy in its own shares. Ark Securities estimates that the share cancellation plan will improve narnings per share by nuly 1 per cent, while the ending of Per-nod's distribution agree-ment with Coca-Cola could cut earnings growth by half

The most promising idea seemed to be Grand Marnier, whose sticky orange liquear has anninted tha end of so many post dinner parties in London's South Kensington.
Grand Marnier shares, which trade on the Paris "hors cote" over-the-counter market.

"hors cote" over-the-counter markst, were changing hands this wank at FFr43,000 (37,580). Looking beyond the end of their brandy glasses to the rest of the foods sector, some enterprising brokers have come up with Ortiz-Mikn, the len cream pro-

ducer quoted on the Paris second market. The only problem with Ortiz-Miko as a takeover target is that 85 per cent is owned by a family holding company.

The market will have to

make do, therefore, with Martell - a complex bidding battle, since the Grand Met offer, although higher, depends on the Martell family switching allegiance away from Seagram - and with the Bénédictine saga. The Normandy liqueur producer, however, is not prepared to lie down with-

ont a struggle and has embarked on what may be France's first experience of an advertising campaign as a takeover defence tactic. The advertisements por-

tray Bénédictine as a dainty maidan sitting on tha ground picking flowers, while Remy Martin marches up behind her holding a bag of money, unaware that he is about to step on a rake. "Safe values always excite desire," runs the slo-

The Rémy Martin bid aims

The Rémy Martin bid aims for 67 per cent of Bénédictine after its proposed capital increase at a price of FFr6,200 a share, valuing the company at FFr668m.

The bid values Bénédictine at over 100 times 1986 carnings, but the company is expected to improve from that low level. Analysts are also speculating about the value of Bénédictine's stocks.



· EUROPE

Profit-takers bite as weaker dollar spreads dismay

Europe, selling bourses gener-ally lower as disappointment over the extent of Japan's trade surplus rekindled longer-term worries over the dollar.
FRANKFURT slid back in a

jittery session as dealers took profits on Monday's strong rise. Fluctuations in the dollar also undermined confidence as the US currency opened more than 1 pfg below Monday's close.
The midsession Commerzbank index ended 27.5 off at 1,263.3.

The FAZ index closed at 413.07, Most sectors succumbed to selling. In cars, Daimler was DM10.50 down at DM562.50, while VW'a loss of DM2.60 to

DM212.20 was softened by news that its sales for its Audi subsidiary rose 14 per cent in Degussa fell DM1 to DM304.

The metals processor found some support on news that it has taken over the management of troubled nuclear group Nukem, of which it holds 35 per cent, on hopes that the change will improve chances of

change will improve chances of Nukem's reopening.
Munich Re outperformed lacklustre insurers with a DM15 gain to DM1,785 on news it had bought 99.8 per cent of Geneva-based Neue Rückversi-cherungs-Gesellschaft.

Elsewhere, electronics bine chip Siemens lost DM7.70 to fell DM6.50 to DM395.50 in an

neasy banking sector.

AMSTERDAM fell with the dollar's lower fix and Wall Street's softer opening. The CBS all-share index ended 1.4 lower at 70.4.

International blue chips were strongly marked down, with strongly marked down, with Royal Dutch falling FI 6.20 to FI 203.50 and Unilever tum-bling FI 5 to FI 105. Akzo was FI 2.30 lower at FI 91 and KLM Philips closed Fl 1 cheaper at Fl 24.30.

Shipper Nedlloyd eased Fl 2 to Fl 175.50 as uncertainty continued over the outcome of a policy battle between the

ZURICH eased slightly in dull trade, largely ignoring the easier dollar.

Hoffmann-La Roche "baby" shares fell SFr60 to SFr9.550 under pressure following the rejection of its bid for Sterling Drug. Roche said it would raise its offer. Chemical group Cibatis of Chemical Concern over shutdowns due to the strike cut Volvo by Skr3 to Skr295, but Saab-Scania defined the gloom to rise Skr4 to Skr152.

OSLO dropped across the board on a technical correction to Monday's rally. The all-share index closed down 3.55 at Sr1.12.

London

DISCOURAGING news and manufacturing ontput combined with pessimism over the direction of US stocks to lead London equi-

ties into a dull fall.

The PT-SE 100 lndex ended down 22.0 at 1,768.0 after rallying from a mid-session low of 1,757.4. Glita fell to profit-taking.

Oerlikon-Bührle lost SFr15 to SFr875 but Alusuisse managed a SFr8 gain to SFr499. Georg Fischer drifted SFr15 lower to

SFr665.
Financials fell away slightly,
Union Bank by SFr65 to
SFr3,050 and Crédit Snlsse
SFr30 to SFr2,420. Insurers
Zurich – which aunounced the
purchase of 50 per cent of a
Spanish insurer – and Winterthur each lost SFr6 to SFr6,180
and SFr4,876 in turn.
PARIS dropped broadly as

PARIS dropped broadly as investors began to cite political uncertainty before the presidential elections as a reason to stay on the sidelines. The 50-share bourse indicator closed 1.70 per cent lower

1.70 per cent lower.
The market was little affected by the announcement of conditions for the sale of Matra shares at FFr110 for

public offer. Electronics sold heavily. Radiotechnique led with a FFr81 fall to FFr785, but Moulinex was off FFr2.10 at FFr40 and Thomsoo-CSF down FFr4 at FFr130 BRUSSELS rose marginally

in quiet trade. The cash market index added 9.24 to 3,851.59. Beserve, the share of Societé Genérale de Belglque, the coun-try's biggest holding company, remained suspended. A decision

on the resumption of trade is due this morning.

Most blue chips succumbed to profit-taking. AG, though, was unchanged at BFr5,250 on news it had bought 28.3 per cent of rival insurer Assubel-Vie.

STOCKHOLM closed mixed group's management and Norweglan investors. Alreraft group Fokker held at FI 20.10.

ZURICH eased slightly in dull possible repercussions of the pattern of the control of

Nikkei hits resistance at 23,000

Tokyo

THE 23,000 mark proved too big a hurdle for the Nikkel

average in Tokyo yesterday and prices sagged as profit-tak-lng took hold, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jif Press. High-technology issues were lightly sold after Monday's buy-ing and consumer issues also

The market indicator closed a net 12.03 down at 22,898.17 on volume of 559m shares, down from Monday's 513m. The index ranged narrowly between a low of 22,805.69 and a high of 22,962.55. Losers outpaced gainers 496 to 383, with 144

issues unchanged.
Institutional investors took and officials at the hig brokerages said the 23,000 mark would be a barrier for the time being. But as stocks suffered only a slight decline despite a smaller than hoped for drop in Japan's trade surplus for last December, one fund manager December, one fund manager said the market's tone was

said the market's tone was unexpectedly strong.
Small-lot selling hit high-tech stocks, reflecting the yen's rise against the dollar. Fujitsu and Hitachi dropped Y40 each to Y1,450 and Y1,270 respectively, while NEC fell Y60 to Y2,080 and Matsushita Electric Industrial closed Y50 lower at tively, while NEC fell Y60 to and the December trade surplus communications – the result of certy group Lease adding Y2.080 and Matsushita Electric registered a smaller decrease Industrial closed Y50 lower at than expected. Dealers also y2.300. Nippon Telegraph and stepped up speculative trading Hong Kong – finished its last profit-taking.

Telephone (NTT) lost Y40,000 on expectations – later fulfilled day 10 cents easier at HK\$15. to Y2.21m. – of a slowdown in Japan's in mixed properties, St Toshiba gained Y8 to Y687, money supply growth for topping the active list with December.

cheapness against the rest of the sector.

Sumitomo Chemical, which had led the market along with Fujitsu, came under pressure, benchmark issue was active, losing Y25 to Y985 on the second heaviest trading of 26.69m shares. Investors sold for profit on the Osaka Securities following the share's all-time Exchange in the absence of high during trading on Monday.

following the share's all-time Exchange in the absence of high during trading on Monday.

Investors sought non-ferrous metals on a reported government plan to produce rare earth on turnover of 82m shares, metals domestically. Mitsui Mining and Smelting leapt Y53 to Y445, in active trade of 21.10m shares. Sumitomo Metal Mining also shot np Y50 to Y1,320, though in thinner trade.

With the decline of high-techs, investors again turned at their attention to favourite speculative issnes for swift profits. Tokyo Rope added Y30

The Rong Kong index fin-trading pulled the Straits index down 5.41 to 912.18.

Times industrial index down 5.41 to 912.18.

Among the bine chips, Singa-pore Airlines lost 20 cents of its 50-cent gain on Monday to end at \$\$9.75, while OCBC shed 15 cents to \$\$6.70.

Second-liners saw Malaysia Mining up 6 cents at \$\$1.43 on 2m shares.

With the decline of high-techs, investors again turned at their attention to favourite speculative issnes for swift.

The Hong Kong index fin-trading pulled the Straits index down 5.41 to 912.18.

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The Hong Kong index fin-trading, Syd-ney shares edged higher on better than extracted domestic bal-

their attention to favourite speculative issues for swift profits. Tokyo Rope added 730 to 71,030 and Japan Synthetic Rubber 760 to 71,100. Clarion finished 749 higher at 71,000, while Toyo Radiator jumped 727 to 7552.

Bond prices firmed as the yen turned up against the dollar and the December trade surplus and the December trade surplus registered a smaller decrease

topping the active list with 35.29m shares changing hands. The yield on the beliwether 5.0 per cent government bond group's development of superconducting products and its cheapness against the rest of the sector.

Simplifying the active list with December. The yield on the beliwether 5.0 per cent government bond due in December 1997 dropped from Monday's 4.300 per cent to an all-time low of 4.225 per cent, but light selling later which is held to 4.240 per cent.

In mixed properties, Sun Hung Kai lost 15 cents to HK\$9.05, while Hang Lung Development added 12½ cents to HK\$4.85.

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Singapore THE MOOD in Singapore turned hesitant as operators viewed Monday's sharp gains as overdone. The dollar's easier tone, also unsettled the market.

Trading remained fairly active at 41m shares, but profit-taking pulled the Straits Times industrial index down 5.41 to 912.18.

close at a session low of 2,488.15.

The Hong Kong index finney shares edged higher on betished 15.16 down at 1,627.23 in they shares edged higher on better volume amounting to HK\$780m compared with HK\$1.24bn on Monday.

Hongkong Telephone, which will be delisted today and preplaced by Hong Kong Telephone, with Westpac bank up replaced by Hong Kong Telephone with the communications – the result of entry group Lend Lease adding

FT - ACTUARIES WORLD INDICES

Jointly compiled by the Financial Times, Goldman, Sacts & Co., and Wood Mackenzie & Co. Ltd., in conjunction with the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

NATIONAL ANO REGIONAL MARKETS		TUESD	AY JANUARY	19 1988		MOND	YSAUKAL YA	18 1988	DOLLAR INDEX			
Figures In parentheses show number of stocks per grouping	US Dottar Index	Day's Change %	Pound Sterling Index	Local Currency Index	Gross Div. Yield	U5 Dollar Index	Pound Sterting Index	Local Currency Index	1957/88 High	1987/88 Low	Year ago (approx)	
Australia (93) Austria (16) Belgium (48) Canada (127) Denmark (38) Finland (123) France (124) West Germany (94) Mong Kong (46) Ireland (14) Italy (94) Japan (457) Malaysia (36) Mexico (14) Netwerland (37) New Zealand (24) Singapore (26) South Africa (61) Spain (33) Sweden (34) Switzerland (53) United Kingdom (331)	100.77 90.60 103.10 111.85 111.35 110.58 110.58 94.72 111.86 140.89 118.68 101.58 105.23 77.36 105.29 126.40 96.79 78.32 129.74	+0.5 -0.3 -0.1 +0.2 -1.2 -0.9 +0.1 -0.7 -1.0 -1.0 -1.0 -1.0 -0.7 -0.9	84.01 75.52 85.75 93.24 94.50 92.18 65.94 58.96 93.24 61.7.45 98.93 84.47 79.38 64.49 87.77 105.37 105.35 62.35 60.15	94.51 79.18 89.50 104.16 99.06 94.91 70.10 61.63 94.75 99.38 114.48 116.84 62.39 92.95 99.06 87.73 116.95 88.11 66.30 108.15	4.79 2.85 5.99 2.99 1.56 4.22 3.05 4.56 2.61 3.19 5.59 2.44 4.86 2.51 2.44 4.86 2.51 4.34 4.34 4.34 4.34	100.24 90.83 102.99 111.97 113.15 110.34 80.03 72.01 95.55 111.80 75.28 139.89 119.83 74.24 108.10 106.95 127.46 178.87 1887 1190.96	83.75 75.89 86.05 93.55 94.53 92.19 66.86 60.17 79.83 100.12 75.25 81.74 62.03 90.31 89.35 104.13 105.12 75.25 81.74 65.90 113.74	94.10 79.49 89.53 104.31 99.37 94.83 71.21 62.92 95.62 99.79 115.00 117.87 228.13 84.30 60.05 84.45 100.59 88.46 117.83 67.74 67.01	180.81 102.87 134.89 151.78 124.83 152.83 152.84 152.84 160.22 112.11 161.28 193.64 122.59 131.41 136.91 174.28 198.09 158.81 136.64 111.162.87	85.36 85.53 94.63 98.15 98.18 98.18 77.39 93.50 100.00 93.76 90.07 73.39 93.76 90.07 73.39 93.76 90.07 73.39 93.76 90.07 73.39 93.76	103.95 99.24 104.78 107.61 118.95 107.62 94.89 111.50 102.21 110.66 111.37 116.42 93.38 107.89 117.89	
USA 1588)	100.52 137.52 122.75 102.37 62.42 96.89 122.41 112.94 114.35 101.76	-0.9 +0.7 +0.1 -0.9 -1.2 +0.2 +0.2 -0.3 -0.9	84.89 83.80 114.64 102.33 85.34 68.71 80.77 102.04 94.15 95.32	101.84 86.18 112.79 102.13 101.99 72.32 91.78 102.16 101.37 102.09	3.64 3.93 0.84 1.85 3.60 3.57 4.90 1.93 2.31 2.50 3.78	102.78 101.62 136.58 122.64 103.27 83.45 96.71 122.31 113.14 114.64 102.68	85.87 84.90 114.11 102.46 86.28 69.72 80.81 102.19 94.53 95.78 85.79	102.78 87.35 113.26 102.88 102.88 73.44 91.69 102.89 102.12 102.89	137.42 130.02 158.77 143.65 137.55 111.97 164.03 143.38 138.82 139.47 134.22	91.21 92.25 100.00 106.00 91.56 76.89 82.92 100.00 100.00 100.00 92.96	111.13 105.22 109.92 108.05 98.63 100.35 110.94 108.14 109.32 109.36 109.67	

102.01 2.51 114.72 95.85 102.81 139.73 100.00 109.32 The World Index (2445) ... -0.3 95.39 Sase values: Dec 31, 1986 = 100; Fintant: Dec 31, 1987 = 115.037 (US \$ hodes), 90.79]; (Pound Starling) and 94.94 (Local), Copyright, The Financial Times, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Wood Machantale & Co. Ltd.1987

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